

# 01.1

# Logo lock-up

## Index

01	The logo lock-up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Logo - build</li><li>• Logo - spacing</li><li>• Logo - the exclusion zone</li></ul>
02	Sizing	
03	Primary use of logo	
04	Animation	
05	Logo misuse	
06	Registered logo	

# 01.

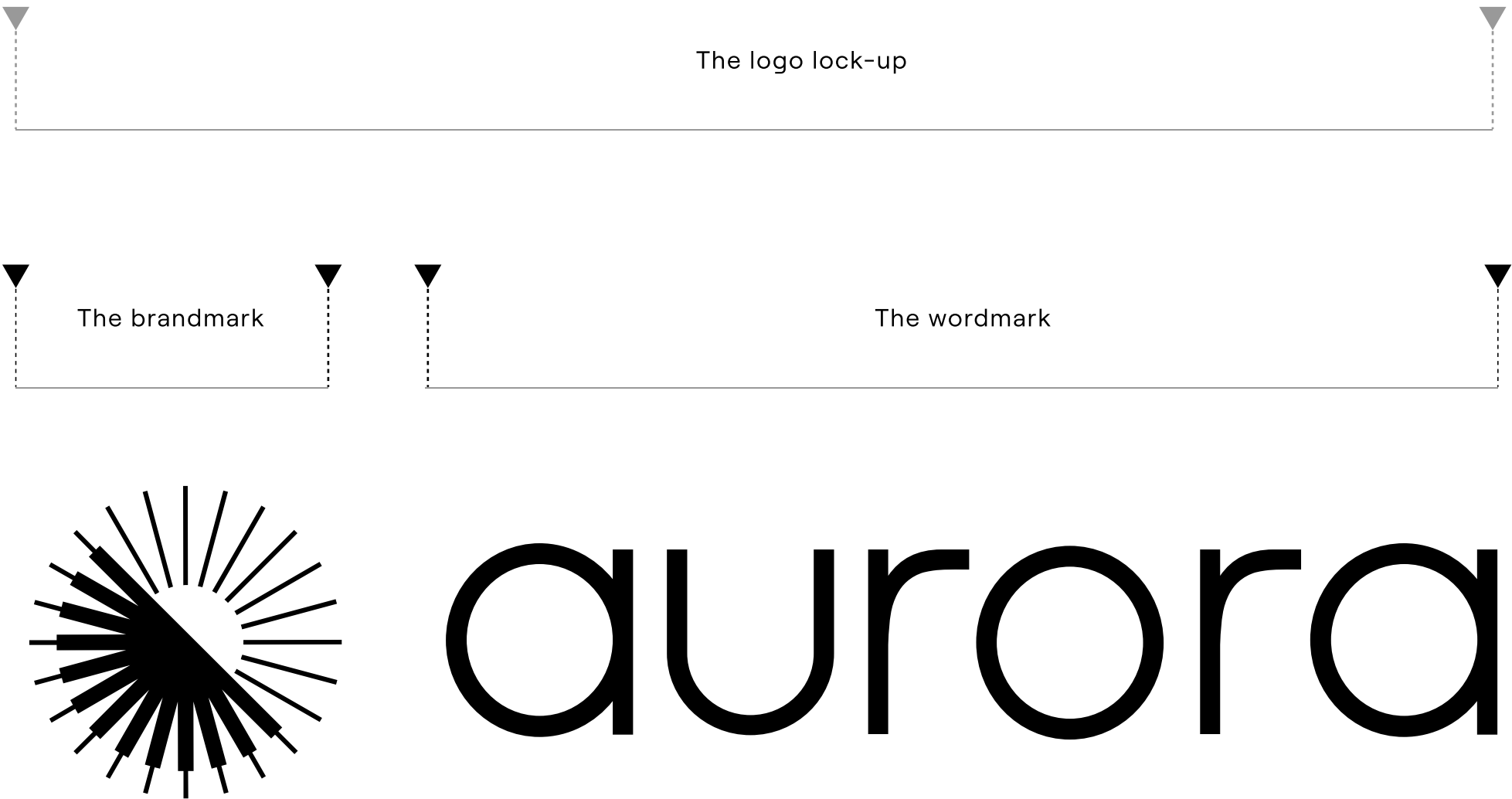
## The logo lock-up

Aurora Solar’s logo is the focal point of our brand identity — an instantly recognizable symbol of the Aurora brand. That’s why it’s important to use the logo exactly as specified in these guidelines.

Our logo lock-up is the combination of a simple and modern wordmark with the brandmark. The brandmark represents a lot of things that are core to our brand — there’s the sun, of course, shown in combination with a roof, and the pattern also represents connectivity as well as Aurora’s end-to-end offerings.

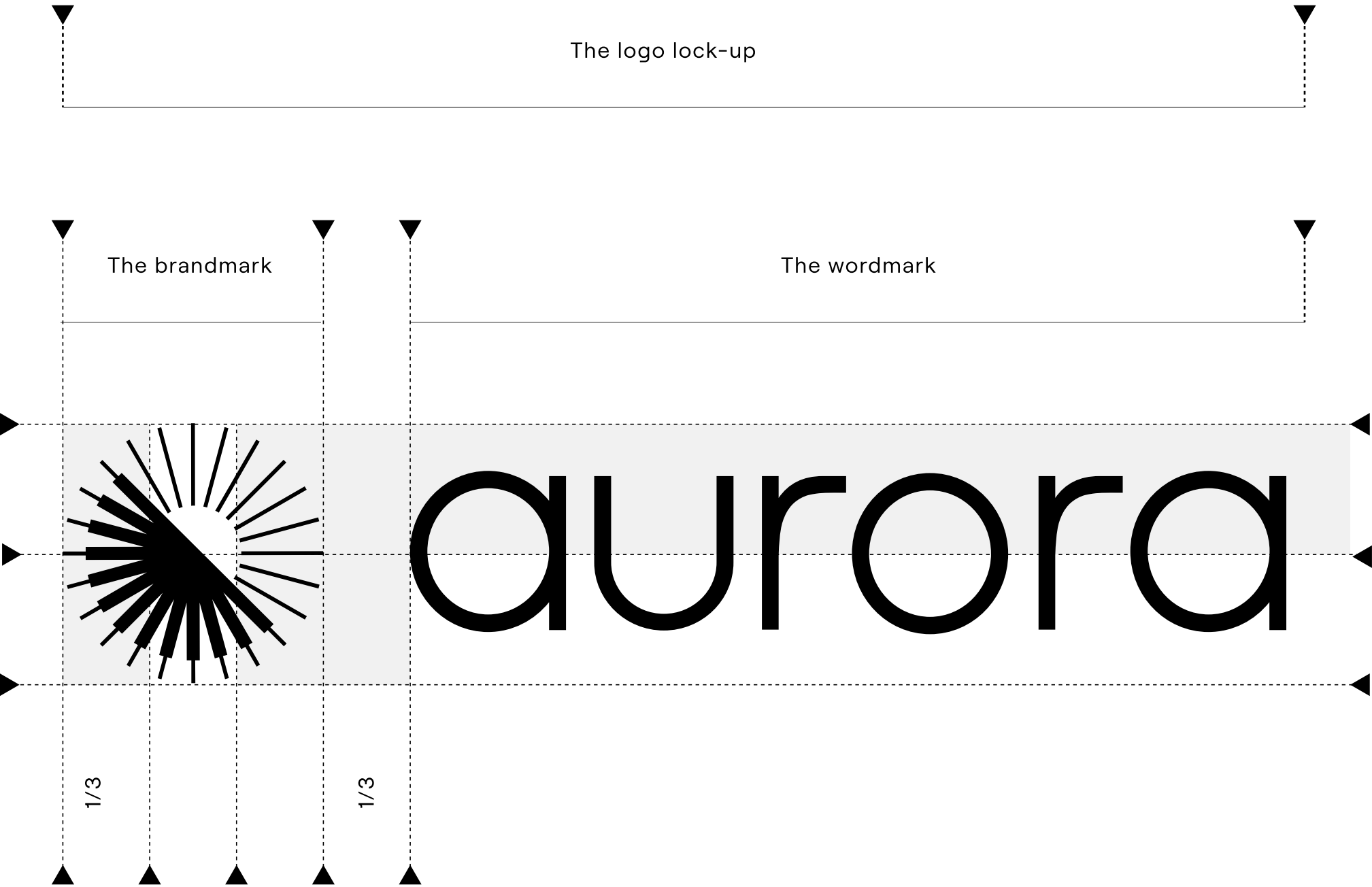
We are very proud of our logo lock-up and request that you always follow these guidelines to ensure it always looks its best.

**Use**  
The full logo lock-up should be used when it's appearing alone and/or there’s no other context to the Aurora brand. Eg. Ads, posters



The logo  
- spacing

The space between the brandmark and the wordmark is equal to the 1/3 size of the brandmark.



The logo:  
– the exclusion zone

The exclusion zone ensures the legibility and impact of the logo by isolating it from competing visual elements such as text and supporting graphics.

This zone represents the absolute minimum safe distance between the logo lock-up and other content elements (in most cases the logo lock-up should be given even more room to breathe).

The exclusion zone is equal to the height of the brandmark (marked as x in the diagram).





The logo:  
– the exclusion zone examples

These visuals show examples of how to place content around the logo and how not to place it.



✔ YES Both the Aurora logo lock-up and the New York Times logo have enough room that they do not compete with each other.



✔ YES The copy has just enough room. Remember the Exclusion Zone is the minimum space given to the logo lock-up.



✘ NO! In the example New York Times logo is too close to the Aurora logo lock-up.



✘ NO! The headline is too close to the logo lock-up.

# 02.

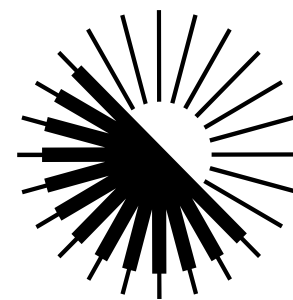
## The logo – sizing

The Aurora Solar brandmark comes in two different sizes. The original version (version 1) and a reduced version (version 2) used for only smaller sizes.

Version 1 is the primary logo used for branding and should be used for all touchpoints where the logo is bigger than 200 px. Version 2 is created to ensure legibility and should be used for all touchpoints below 200 px. (eg favicon). It is additionally always displayed without the frame.

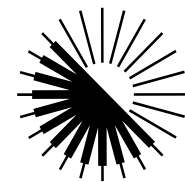
It's important from a legibility standpoint to always use the secondary version for smaller sizes.

Version 1 < 200 px



aurora

500 px



aurora

300 px



aurora

200 px

Version 2 > 200 px



aurora

150 px



aurora

100 px

The logo:  
– minimum size

Establishing a minimum size ensures that the impact and legibility of the logo is not compromised in application. Due to the higher resolution available in print vs. screen based media (300dpi vs 72dpi respectively), we are able to reproduce the logo at a fractionally smaller size in print without any graphic deterioration.

**Digital**

To ensure legibility and impact, the Aurora logo should never be reproduced smaller than 100px in any digital communication.

**Print**

To ensure legibility and impact, the Aurora logo should never be reproduced smaller than 30mm in any print communication.



**Print:** 30 mm



**Digital** 100px

Color misuse

Aurora Solar’s logo lock-up is the focal point of the brand and that’s why it’s important to use the logo and colors exactly as specified in these guidelines.

When creating color combinations we should always think about contrast. Choose colors from the primary palette. No attempt should be made to alter the logo in any way.

The following section shows some of the more likely mistakes.



**NO!**

Never use a white logo on any of the lighter colors. Including yellow, purple and orange.



**NO!**

Never use any of the digital colors for any logos or other printed materials



**NO!**

Do not use any non Aurora Solar colors



**NO!**

Always think about contrast when choosing colors. Eg yellow and white don’t go well together

# 04.

## Brand mark - animation

The brandmark animation is inspired by the precision and accuracy.

The logo animation is ideal for preloaders for the website and product, pre-rolls on videos, etc.

It can either loop or be played just once.

(if the animation does not display here, reference the drive fold for brand logos)

# 05.

## Logo misuse

It is important that the appearance of the logo lock-up remains consistent. The logo lock-up should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

No attempt should be made to alter the logo lock-up in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document — there are no exceptions.

To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown in this section.



✗ NO!  
Do not stack the logo lock-up, or in any way manipulate the relationship between the landmark and the wordmark



✗ NO!  
Do not apply a gradient to the logo lock-up



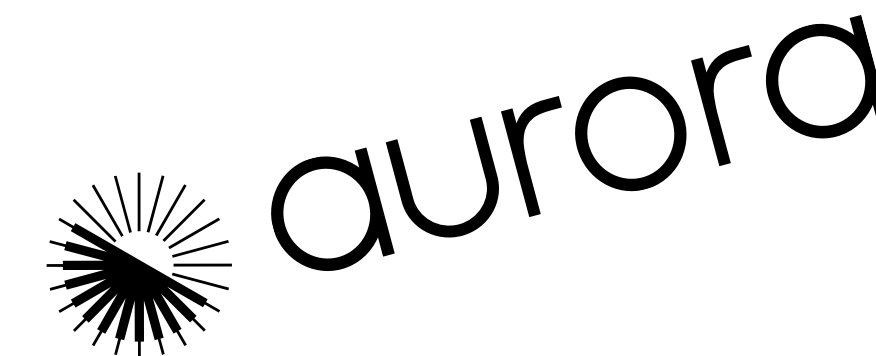
✗ NO!  
Do not resolve the logo lock-up in two different colors



✗ NO!  
Do not outline the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not change the color or tone outside those colors specified in the color section



✗ NO!  
Do not rotate the logo lock-up

Logo misuse

It is important that the appearance of the logo lock-up remains consistent. The logo lock-up should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

No attempt should be made to alter the logo lock-up in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document — there are no exceptions.

To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown in this section.



✗ NO!  
Do not distort or wrap the logo lock-up in any way



✗ NO!  
Do not rotate the landmark



✗ NO!  
Do not use any type of shadow on the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not change the typeface or otherwise recreate the logo lock-up. Use only the provided files



✗ NO!  
Do not crop photos or patterns through the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not manipulate or draw your own logo

Logo misuse

It is important that the appearance of the logo lock-up remains consistent. The logo lock-up should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

No attempt should be made to alter the logo lock-up in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document – there are no exceptions.

To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown in this section.



✗ NO!  
Do not stack the logo lock-up, or in any way manipulate the relationship between the brandmark and the wordmark



✗ NO!  
Do not apply a gradient to the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not resolve the logo lock-up in two different colors



✗ NO!  
Do not distort or wrap the logo lock-up in any way



✗ NO!  
Do not rotate the brandmark



✗ NO!  
Do not use any type of shadow on the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not outline the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not change the color or tone outside those colors specified in the color section



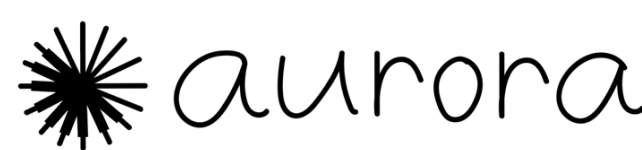
✗ NO!  
Do not rotate the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not change the typeface or otherwise recreate the logo lock-up. Use only the provided files



✗ NO!  
Do not crop photos or patterns through the logo lock-up



✗ NO!  
Do not manipulate or draw your own logo

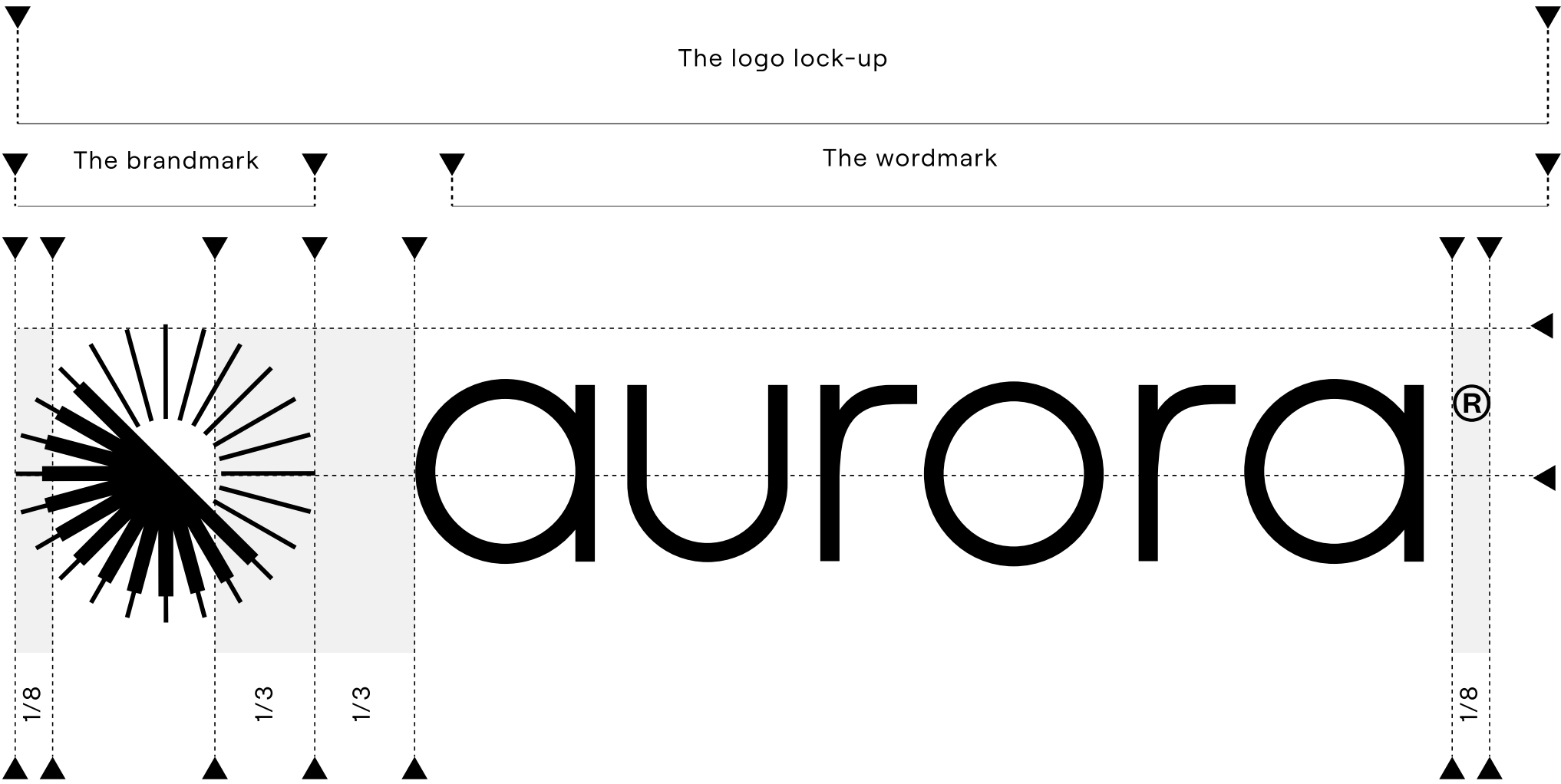


# 06.

## Registered logo

In case of future logo registration, this section is illustrating how the ® symbol should be placed.

The size of the ® should be 15px corresponding to 1/8 of the brandmark size.



# 03.

## Primary use of logo lock-up

Aurora Solar’s Logo Lock-up can be used in multiple different color combinations. The primary branding however consists of 6 combinations:

- Black lock-up on White background
- White lock-up on Black backgroud
- Warm Sunrise lock-up on Warm Light background
- Warm Sunrise lock-up on Cool Sunset background
- Cool Sunset lock-up on Warm Sunrise background
- Warm Light lock-up on Warm Sunrise background

Please refer to the color section for futher direction on colors.

⬇ [Download logo package](#)



Black lock-up on white background



Black lock-up on white background



Warm Sunrise lock-up on Warm Light background



Warm Sunrise lock-up on Cool Sunset background



Warm Light lock-up on Warm Sunrise background

# 01.2

# Wordmark

## Index

01	The wordmark	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Wordmark – build</li><li>• Wordmark – the exclusion zone</li></ul>
02	Sizing	
03	Primary use of wordmark	
04	Animation	
05	Wordmark misuse	
06	Registered wordmark	

# 01.

## The wordmark

Aurora Solar’s wordmark is one of the key components in the Aurora branding. That’s why it’s important to use the wordmark exactly as specified in these guidelines.

Our wordmark is simple, geometric, and modern. We are very proud of our wordmark and request that you always follow these guidelines to ensure it always looks its best.

**Use**  
The wordmark should only be used when it is in the context of the Aurora brand e.g on the website, product, social media etc. This is permissible because in these situations users already have enough context of the brand.



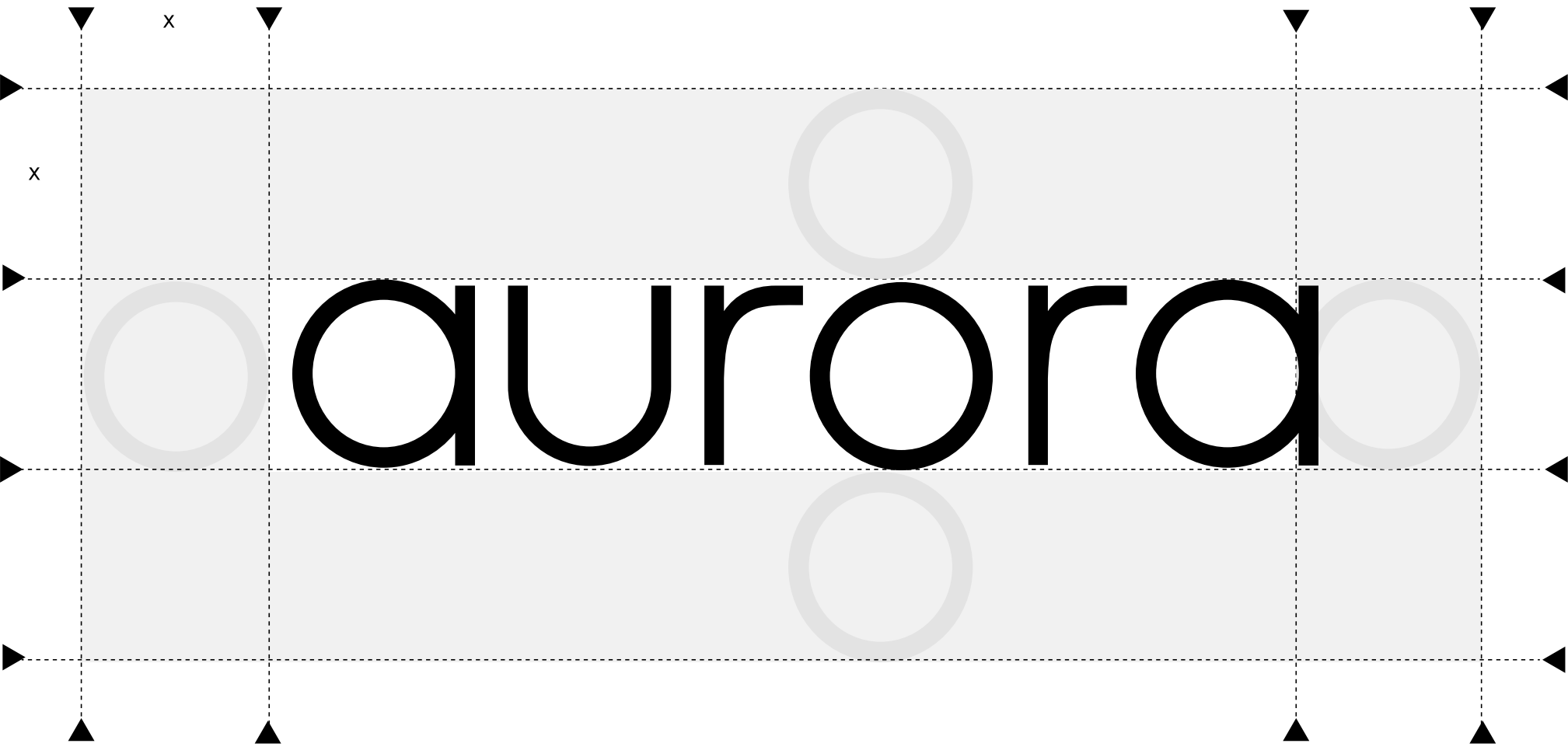
aurora

The wordmark:  
– the exclusion zone

The exclusion zone ensures the legibility and impact of the wordmark by isolating it from competing visual elements such as text and supporting graphics.

This zone represents the absolute minimum safe distance between the wordmark and other content elements (in most cases the Wordmark should be given even more room to breathe).

The exclusion zone is equal to the height of the 'o' in Aurora (marked as x in the diagram).



The wordmark:  
– the exclusion zone examples

These visuals show examples of how to place content around the wordmark and how not to.



✓ YES Both the Aurora Solar wordmark and the New York Times logo have enough room, ensuring that they do not compete with each other.



✓ YES The copy has just enough room. Remember the exclusion zone is the minimum space given to the wordmark.



✗ NO! In the example New York Times logo is too close to the Aurora wordmark.



✗ NO! The headline is too close to the wordmark.

# 02.

## The wordmark: – minimum size

Establishing a minimum size ensures that the impact and legibility of the wordmark is not compromised in application. Due to the higher resolution available in print vs. that of screen based media (300dpi vs 72dpi respectively), we are able to reproduce the wordmark at a fractionally smaller size in print without any graphic deterioration.

### Digital

To ensure legibility and impact, the Aurora wordmark should never be reproduced smaller than 80px in any digital communication.

### Print

To ensure legibility and impact, the Aurora wordmark should never be reproduced smaller than 25mm in any print communication.



aurora

**Print:** 25mm



aurora

**Digital** 80px

# 05.

## Wordmark misuse

It is important that the appearance of the wordmark remains consistent. The wordmark should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

No attempt should be made to alter the wordmark in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document — there are no exceptions.

To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown on this page.

aurora

✗ NO!  
Do not apply a gradient to wordmark

aurora

✗ NO!  
Do not resolve the wordmark in two different colors

aurora

✗ NO!  
Do not distort or wrap the wordmark in any way

aurora

✗ NO!  
Do not outline the wordmark

aurora

✗ NO!  
Do not change the wordmark color or tone outside those colors specified in the color section

aurora

✗ NO!  
Do not rotate the wordmark



Wordmark misuse

It is important that the appearance of the wordmark remains consistent. The wordmark should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

No attempt should be made to alter the wordmark in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document — there are no exceptions.

To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown on this page.

aurora

NO!  
Do not use any type of shadow on the wordmark

aurora

NO!  
Do not manipulate or draw your own wordmark

aurora

NO!  
Do not change the typeface. Use only the provided files

aurora

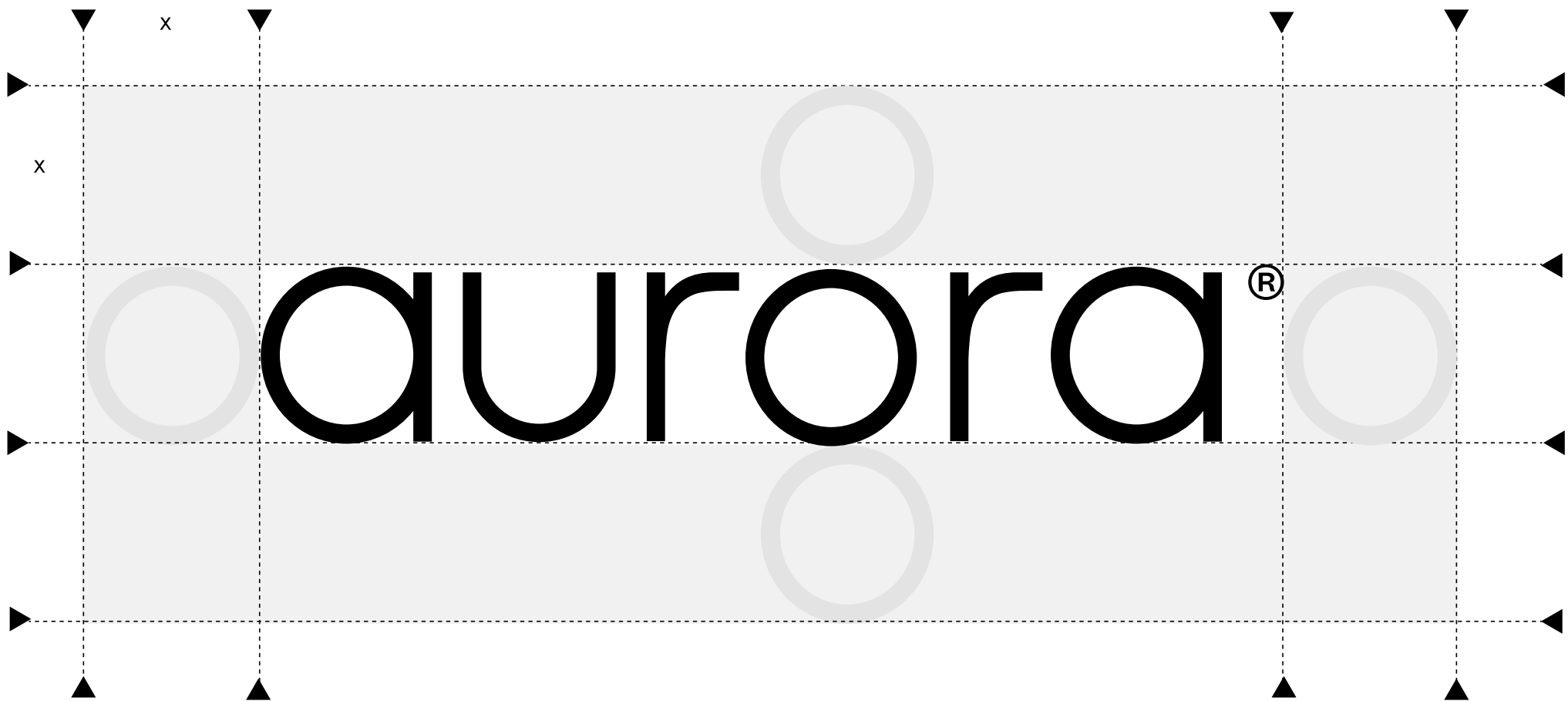
NO!  
Do not crop photos or patterns through the wordmark

# 06.

## Registered wordmark

In case of future wordmark registration, this section is illustrating how the ® symbol should be places.

The size of the ® should be 15px corresponding to 1/8 of the brandmark size.



# 03.

## Primary use of wordmark

Aurora Solar’s wordmark is used in multiple different color combinations. The primary branding however consists of 6 combinations:

- Black wordmark on White background
- White wordmark on Black backgroud
- Warm Sunrise wordmark on Warm Light background
- Warm Sunrise wordmark on Cool Sunset background
- Cool Sunset wordmark on Warm Sunrise background
- Warm Light wordmark on Warm Sunrise background

Please refer to the color section for futher direction on colors.

⬇ [Download logo package](#)

aurora

Black wordmark on white background

aurora

Black wordmark on white background

aurora

Warm Sunrise wordmark on Warm Light background

aurora

Warm Sunrise wordmark on Cool Sunset background

aurora

Warm Light wordmark on Warm Sunrise background

Colors misuse

Aurora Solar’s wordmark is the focal point of the brand and that’s why it’s important to use the wordmark and colors exactly as specified in these guidelines.

When creating color combinations we should always think about the contrast. Choose colors from the primary palette. No attempt should be made to alter the wordmark in any way.

The following section list some of the more likely mistakes.



# 01.3

# Brandmark

## Index

01	Brandmark	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Brand mark – build</li><li>• Brand mark – the exclusion zone</li></ul>
02	Brandmark sizing	
03	Brandmark use	
04	Brandmark misuse	

# 01.

## The brandmark

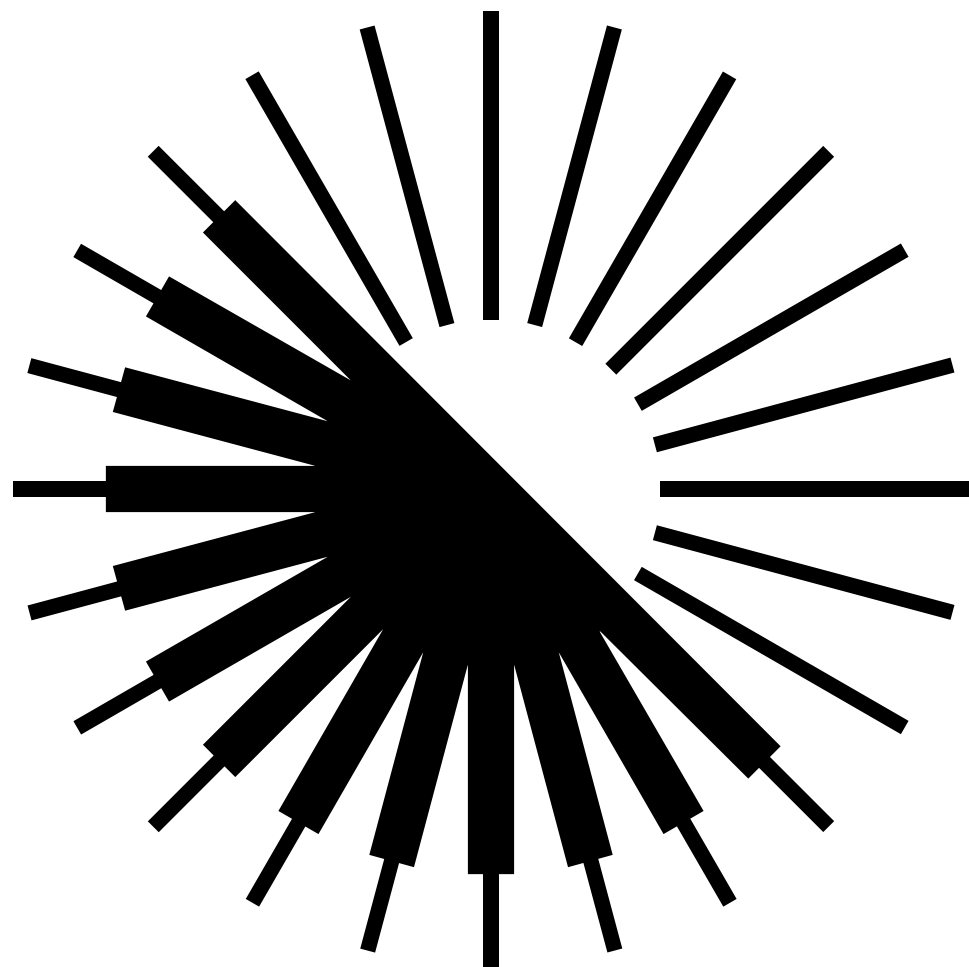
Aurora Solar’s brandmark is the focal point of the brand identity — an instantly recognizable symbol of the brand. That’s why it’s important to use the brandmark exactly as specified in these guidelines.

The brandmark represents a lot of things that are core to our brand — there’s the sun, of course, shown in combination with a roof, and the pattern also represents connectivity as well as Aurora’s end-to-end offerings.

We are very proud of our brandmark and request that you always follow these guidelines to ensure it always looks its best.

### Use

The brandmark should only be used when it is in context of the Aurora brand e.g. on the website, product, social media etc. This is permissible because in these situations users already have enough context of the brand.

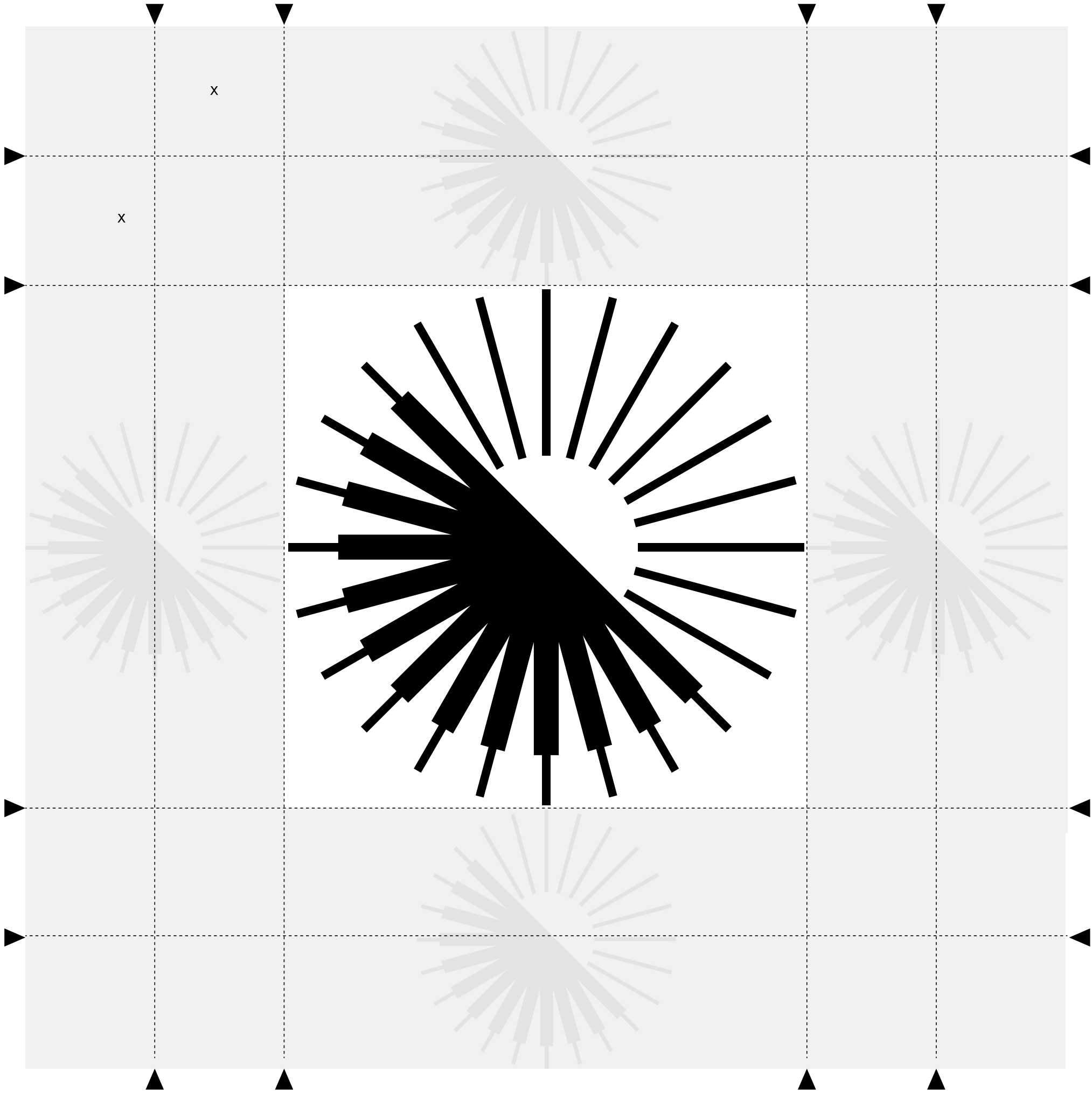


The brandmark:  
– the exclusion zone

The exclusion zone ensures the legibility and impact of the logo by isolating it from competing visual elements such as text and supporting graphics.

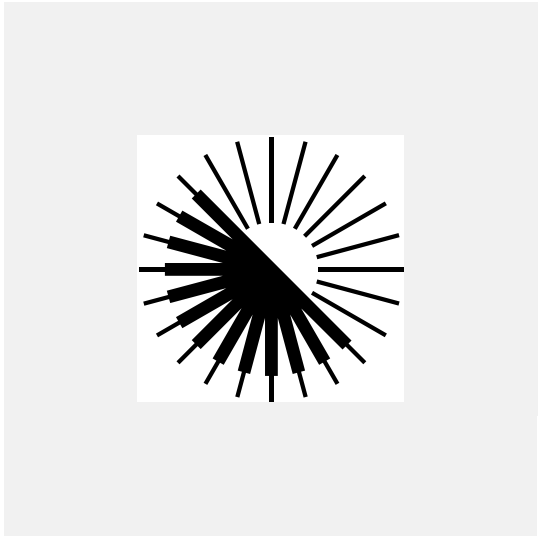
This zone represents the absolute minimum safe distance between the brandmark and other content elements (in most cases the brandmark should be given even more room to breathe).

The exclusion zone is equal to the 1/2 the scale of the brandmark (marked as x in the diagram).



Brandmark:  
– the exclusion zone examples

These visuals show examples of how to place content around the brandmark and how not to.

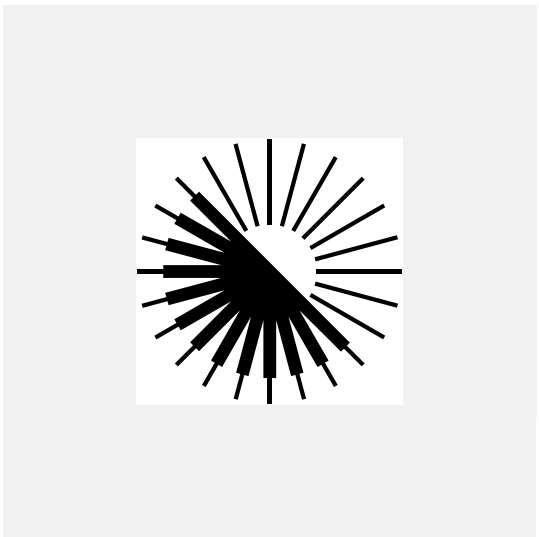


**The New York Times**



YES

Both the Aurora brandmark and the New York Times logo have enough room that they do not compete with each other.

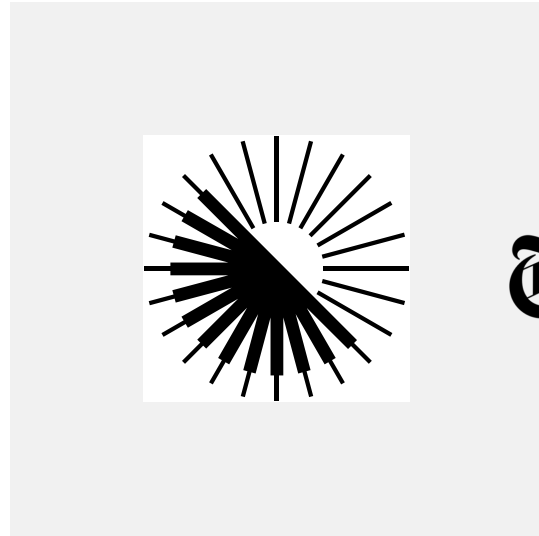


**Future forward  
Solar forward.**



YES

The copy has just enough room. Remember the exclusion zone is the minimum space given to the brandmark.



**The New York Times**



NO!

In the example New York Times logo is too close to the Aurora brandmark.



**Future forward  
Solar forward.**



NO!

The headline is too close to the brandmark.



# 02.

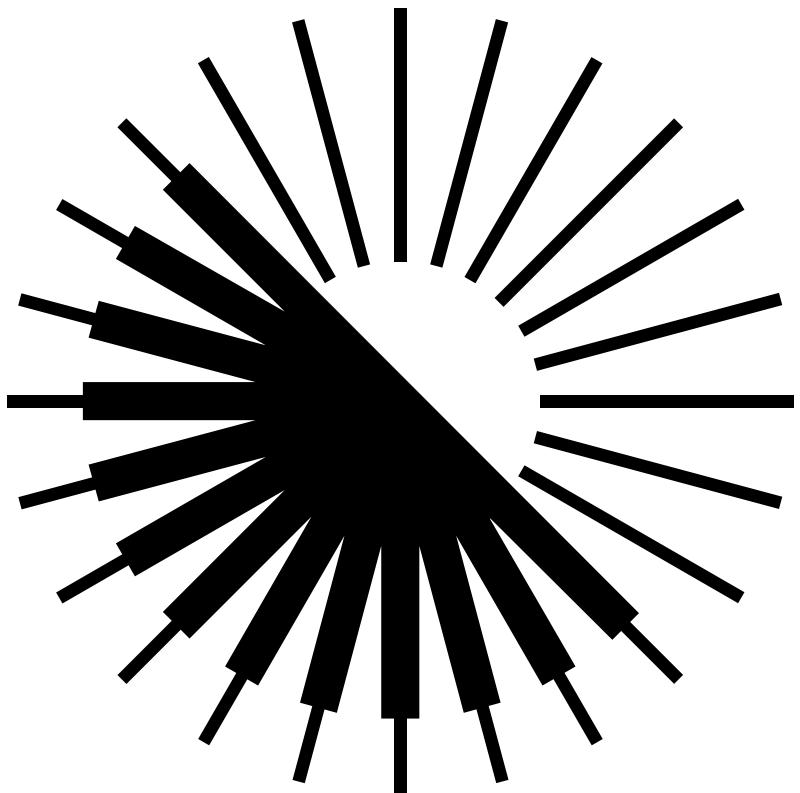
## Brand mark – sizing

The Aurora Solar brandmark comes in two different sizes. The original version (version 1) and a reduced version (version 2) used for only smaller sizes.

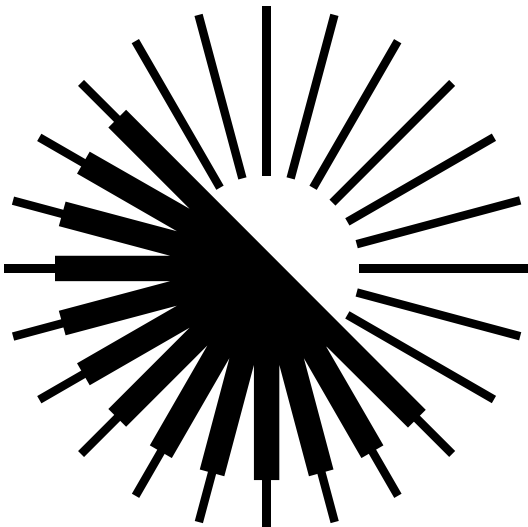
Version 1 is the primary brandmark used for branding and should be used for all touchpoints where the logo is bigger that 200 px. Version 2 is created to ensure legibility and should be used for all touchpoints below 200 px. (eg favicon). It is additionally always displayed without the frame.

It’s important from a legibility standpoint to alway use the the secondary version for smaller sizes.

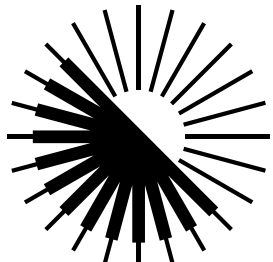
Version 1 < 100 px



300 px



200 px



100 px

Version 2 - Simplified  
> 100 px



40 px



30 px



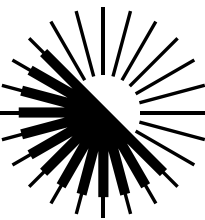
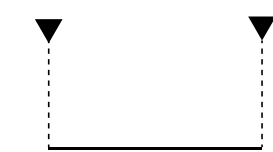
20 px

Brandmark:  
– Minimum size

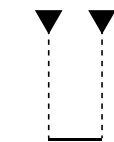
Establishing a minimum size ensures that the impact and legibility of the brandmark is not compromised in application. Due to the higher resolution available in print vs. screen based media (300dpi vs 72dpi), we are able to reproduce the brandmark at a fractionally smaller size in print without any graphic deterioration.

**Digital**  
To ensure legibility and impact, the brandmark should never be reproduced smaller than 20 in any digital communication.

**Print**  
To ensure legibility and impact, the brandmark should never be reproduced smaller than 80 in any print communication.



**Print:** 80mm



**Digital** 20px

# 03.

## Primary use of brandmark

Aurora Solar’s brandmark is used in multiple different color combinations. The primary branding however consists of 6 combinations:

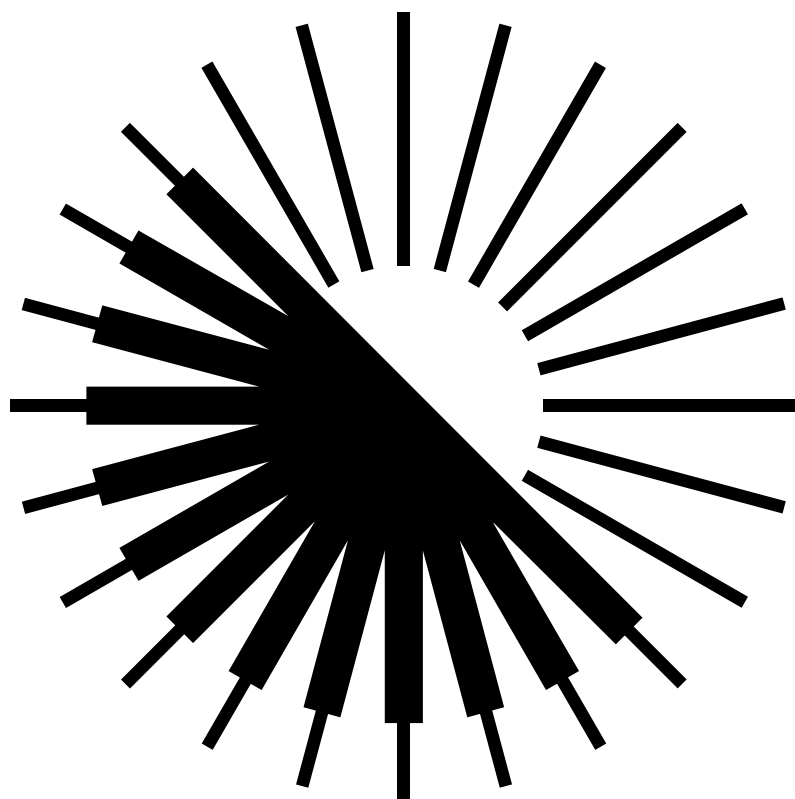
- Black brandmark on White background
- White brandmark on Black backgroud
- Warm Sunrise brandmark on Warm Light background
- Warm Sunrise brandmark on Cool Sunset background
- Cool Sunset brandmark on Warm Sunrise background
- Warm Light brandmark on Warm Sunrise background

Please refer to the color section for futher direction on colors.

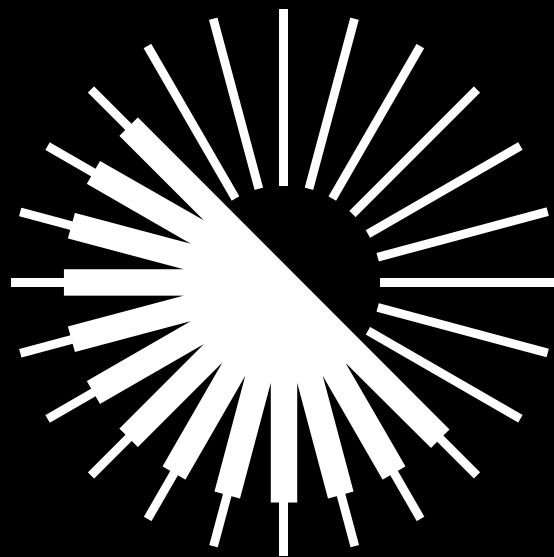
⬇ [Download logo package](#)

<https://contrast-ratio.com/#%23560535-on-%23FEC351>

<https://contrast-ratio.com/#%23C394FD-on-%23560535>



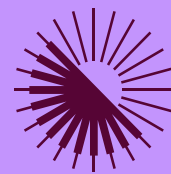
Black brandmark on white background



Black brandmark on white background



Warm Sunrise brandmark on Warm Light background



Warm Sunrise brandmark on Cool Sunset background




Warm Light brandmark on Warm Sunrise background


Color misuse

Aurora Solar’s brandmark is the focal point of the brand and that’s why it’s important to use the brandmark and colors exactly as specified in these guidelines.

When creating color combinations we should always think about the contrast. Choose colors from the primary palette. No attempt should be made to alter the brandmark in any way.

The following section list some of the more likely mistakes.





NO!

Never use a white logo on any of the lighter colors. Including yellow, purple and orange.





NO!

Never use any of the digital colors for any logos or other printed materials





NO!

Do not use any non Aurora Solar colors





NO!

Always think about contrast when choosing colors. Eg yellow and white don't go well together

# 04.

## Brandmark misuse

It is important that the appearance of the brandmark remains consistent. The brandmark should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

No attempt should be made to alter the brandmark in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document — there are no exceptions.

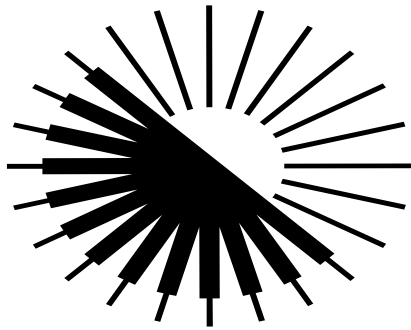
To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown in this section.



NO!  
Do not apply a gradient to brandmark



NO!  
Do not resolve the brandmark in two different colors



NO!  
Do not distort or wrap the brandmark in any way



NO!  
Do not rotate the brandmark



NO!  
Do not change the brandmark color or tone outside those colors specified in the color section



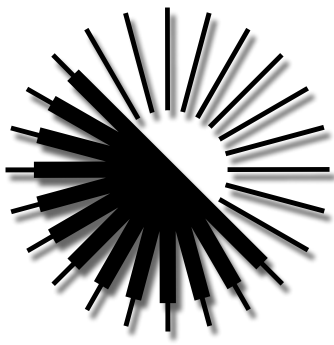
NO!  
Do not crop photos or patterns through the brandmark

## Brandmark misuse

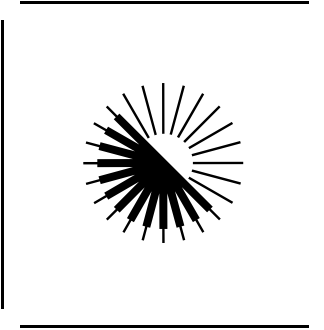
It is important that the appearance of the brandmark remains consistent. The brandmark should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

No attempt should be made to alter the brandmark in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document — there are no exceptions.

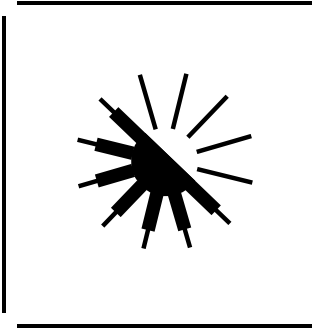
To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown in this section.



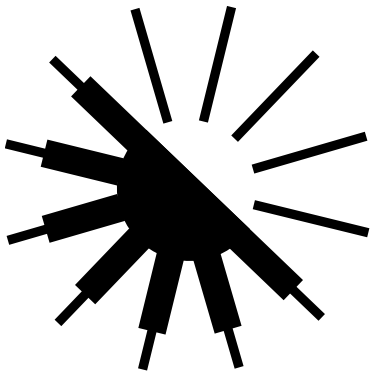
✗ NO!  
Do not use any type of shadow



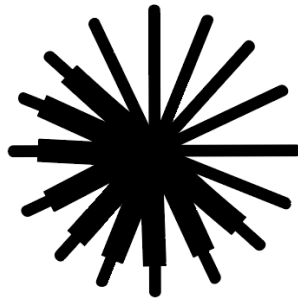
✗ NO!  
Do not use the primary brandmark inside the frame alone



✗ NO!  
Do not use the secondary brandmark inside the frame alone



✗ NO!  
Do not use the secondary brandmark bigger than 40 px.



✗ NO!  
Do not manipulate or draw your own brandmark

# 02.

# Colors

## Index

01	Color palette – hierarchy
02	Color palette – values <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• RGB</li><li>• Pantone</li><li>• CMYK</li></ul>
03	Color palette – digital
04	Color use
05	Color misuse

# 01.

## Color palette – hierarchy

Aurora Solar has a simple, sleek, yet natural graphic style with a diverse and rich visual expression. The colors are inspired by sunsets and sunrise.

We want our people to recognize our colors and associate them with the sun, precision and reliability. The more we adhere to a consistent and balanced use of color, the better we are able to strengthen our association with these attributes.

These blocks of color give you a sense of their order of importance within our visual identity.

The identity is mainly light, but can also be dominated by dark backgrounds.

#FFFFFF

White -Priumary

#010916

Black - Primary

#FEC351

Yellow 200 - Primary

#710645

Maroon 800 - Primary

#C294FD

Purple 300 - Primary

#24AACF

Cyan 300 - Primary

#19202B

Grey 900

#343A45

Grey 800

#99A1A6

Grey 500

#DBDCDD

Grey 300

#EFEFEF

Grey 200



# 02.

## Color palette – the palette values

Because of the different color reproduction technologies available, you may notice some colors in the palette will change slightly from RGB to Pantone and CMYK. This is because, due to technical reasons, that particular color is not achievable in those colour systems.

To compensate for this, colors have been selected that spiritually match the RGB values, but are achievable with Pantone and CMYK technologies.

To ensure color in communications looks its very best, make sure you are using the correct colors for your medium (RGB for screen vs Pantone or CMYK for print).

### Primary

White



RGB	255, 255, 255
HEX	FFFFFF
PMS C	-
PMS U	-
CMYK	0, 0, 0, 0

Black



RGB	1, 9, 22
HEX	010916
PMS C	-
PMS U	-
CMYK	81, 72, 60, 80

Maroon 800



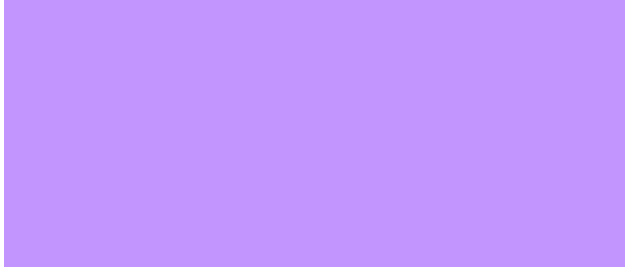
RGB	113, 6, 69
HEX	710645
PMS C	676
PMS U	-
CMYK	44, 100, 45, 34

Yellow 200



RGB	254, 195, 81
HEX	FEC351
PMS C	135
PMS U	-
CMYK	0, 25, 78, 0

Purple 300



RGB	194, 148, 253
HEX	C294FD
PMS C	2572
PMS U	-
CMYK	31, 43, 0, 0

# 03.

## Color palette – digital

UI colors are not to be seen as brand colors and should not dominate any layouts. Their only purpose is to provide clarity and hierachy in user interfaces.

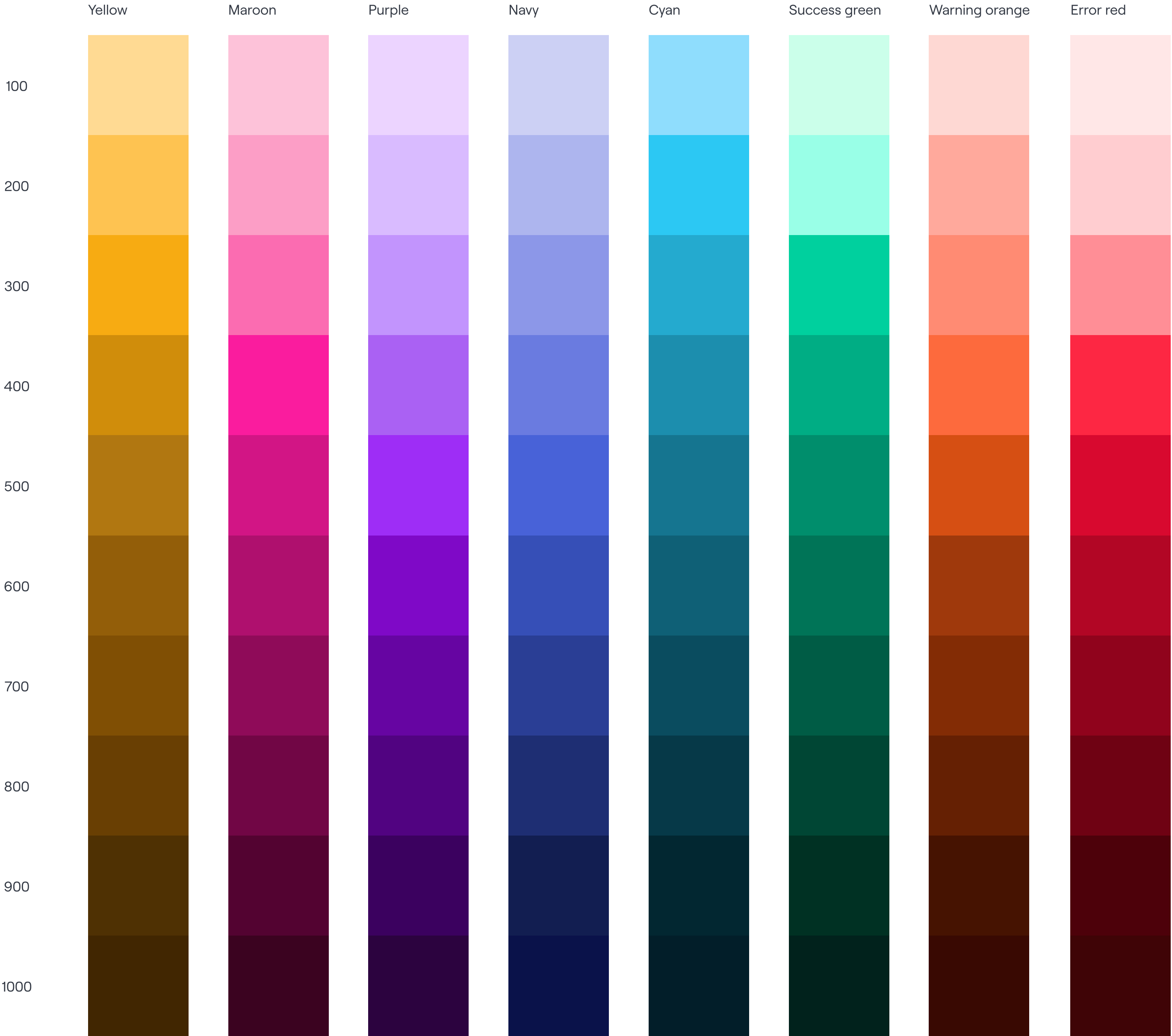
Please refer to the [Borealis Design System](#) for futher clarification and definition.

<div>#010916</div> <div>uiHeading Copy</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#FFFFFF</div> <div>uiHeading Copy</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#FFFFFF</div> <div>uiBg</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Base layer default mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#010916</div> <div>uiBg</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Base layer dark mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#343A45</div> <div>uiBody Copy</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#EFEFEF</div> <div>uiBody Copy</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#4C5562</div> <div>uiHelper Copy</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#DBDCDD</div> <div>uiHelper Copy</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode</li></ul></div>
<div>#DBDCDD</div> <div>uiDivider</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#4C5562</div> <div>uiDivider</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#C2C6C8</div> <div>uiDisabled</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#707681</div> <div>uiDisabled</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#FEC351</div> <div>Yellow 200</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Brand color</li><li>• Post solar</li><li>• Sunpath</li><li>• Edit mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#C294FD</div> <div>uiLoading</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 3DMS status</li><li>• Lidar</li><li>• EEP, Positive</li><li>• Progress loaders</li><li>• Focus states</li></ul></div>		
<div>#1C8EAE</div> <div>uiLink</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default link</li></ul></div>	<div>#24AACF</div> <div>uiLink</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode link</li></ul></div>	<div>#FD6A3D</div> <div>uiWarning</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Warning states</li><li>• Post solar</li><li>• Grid, negative, heat, costs, waste</li><li>• Irradiance</li></ul></div>	<div>#FF8B73</div> <div>uiWarning</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode warning</li><li>• Permits status</li><li>• Irradiance refresh</li><li>• Grid</li></ul></div>	<div>#D8092F</div> <div>uiError</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Error states only</li><li>• Destructive CTAs</li><li>• Negative currency</li></ul></div>	<div>#FD2743</div> <div>uiError</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode</li></ul></div>	<div>#008E6C</div> <div>uiSuccess</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Success alerts</li><li>• Confirmation</li><li>• Positive currency</li></ul></div>	<div>#24AACF</div> <div>uiSuccess</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dark mode</li></ul></div>

Color palette  
– HEX (product only)

The HEX color value should be used to ensure the colors in digital application are the same colors specified to match the primary color palette.

This extended color palette should mostly be used for our product UI.



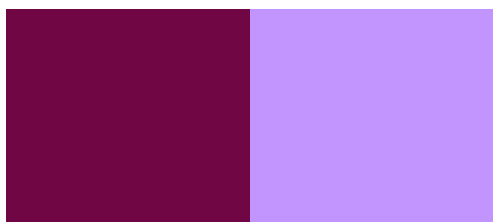
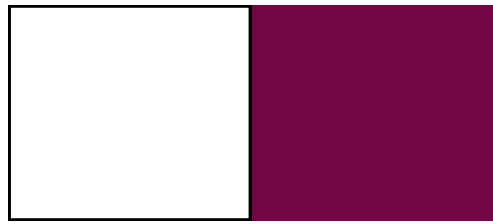
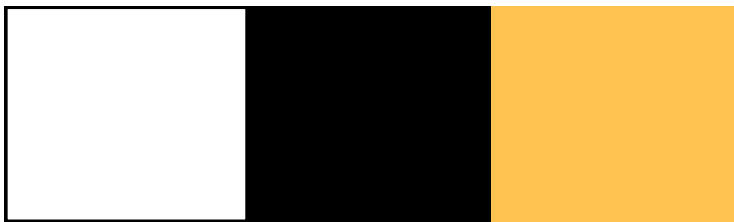
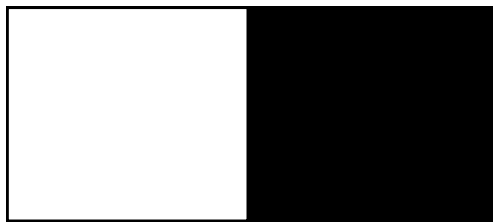
# 04.

## Color — good combinations

Color is an important part of our visual identity — it drives recognition and creates associations to the brand.

The Aurora Solar color system is dynamic and can be used in many different ways. The primary colors are yellow, black and white, but we also recommend using the secondary colors to help communicate the full Aurora brand story.

The rule is that we always use a light and a dark color together when only using two colors.

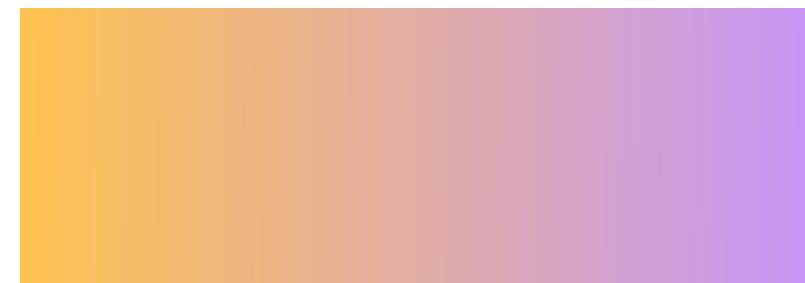


# 05.

## Color misuse

It is important that the appearance of the colors remains consistent. The colors should not be misinterpreted, modified, or added to.

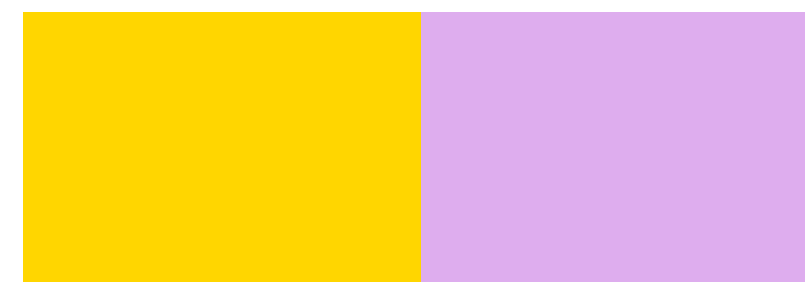
To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown in this section



✗ NO!  
Do not apply a gradient



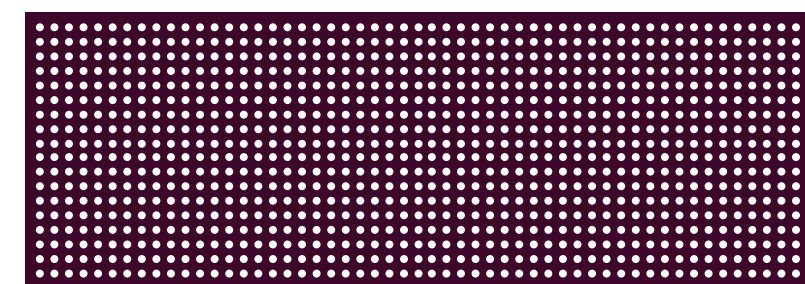
✗ NO!  
Do not mix too many bright colors



✗ NO!  
Do not match a bright color with bright colorful image



✗ NO!  
Do not change color tints



✗ NO!  
Do not use patterns



✗ NO!  
Do not use CMYK and Pantone colors in digital space



✗ NO!  
Do match two colors with low contrast



✗ NO!  
Do not match two bright colors



✗ NO!  
Do not use secondary colors as primary colors.

# 03.

# Typography

## Index

01	Typeface	
02	Typeface – weights	
03	Typeface – glyph set	
04	Typeface – hierarchy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Headline</li><li>• Subheadline</li><li>• Body</li><li>• Highlighting and other text styling</li></ul>
05	Setting typeface	
06	Setting typeface – examples	
07	Typeface misuse	

Hello!  
Meet  
Roobert.

# 01.

## Typeface

Nearly all applications will require typography in some form, and this requires careful attention and precision to maintain consistency across all branding. In addition to using the correct typeface, the amount of space between letters, words, and lines also needs adjustment.

The primary typeface used for all Aurora Solar typography is Roobert, designed and released in 2017.

---

Weight – Bold/ Regular  
Size – 70 pt  
Line height – 75 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

**Roobert typeface** is a dynamic, elegant, geometric, clean, timeless, typography with some simple recognisable elements.



# 02.

## Typography – weights

Our primary typeface used is Roobert light and should be used for headlines, subheadlines and potentially also for smaller copy sections. Additionally the typefamily consists of Roobert Regular and Roobert Bold. The use of italics should be limited and only used when necessary.

See next section for examples.

---

Light. *Light Italic.*  
Regular. *Regular Italic.*  
**Bold.**



# 04.

## Typography – hierarchy

**Headlines:**  
Roobert Light is the primary headline typefaces for all Aurora’s brand communications and should be used for headline copy (2 to 10 words) and larger text. This copy will often be set on top of or in combination with photos and other graphics. As such, their settings should be a bit tighter overall for a more graphic look.

**Subheadlines:**  
Roobert Light should be used for subheadlines. Subheadlines are usually a bit longer than headlines (10 – 30 words).

For the full type ladder see our [DSP Borealis Marketing Typography – Source file](#)

- Headline 1**
- font-size: 120px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 132px;
  - letter-spacing: -0.01em;

- Headline 2**
- font-size: 96px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 110px;
  - letter-spacing: -0.01em;

- Headline 3**
- font-size: 72px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 90px;

- Headline 4**
- font-size: 56px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 70px;

- Headline 5**
- font-size: 44px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 51px;

- Headline 6**
- font-size: 32px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 44px;

- Headline 7**
- font-size: 24px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 32px;

Lorem ipsum

Lorem ipsum

Lorem ipsum

Lorem ipsum

Lorem ipsum

Lorem ipsum

Lorem ipsum

- Subheadline Body 12**
- font-size: 12px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 16px;
- Subheadline

- Subheadline Body 9**
- font-size: 9px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 12px;
  - letter-spacing: 0.03em;
- Subheadline

# Typography – hierarchy

## Body Copy:

Use Roobert Light and Regular for longer copy (10 words and above) and smaller text sizes. The spacing and kerning of these fonts should be adjusted for legibility.

## Hightlight:

For hightlights we reccomend using Roobert Bold or Roobert Regular in.

## Body 20

- font-size: 20px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 30px;

## Body 16

- font-size: 16px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 24px;
- color: 800;

## Body 14

- font-size: 14px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 20px;
- color: 800;

## Body 12

- font-size: 12px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 16px;

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer's day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer's day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer's day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer's day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

### **Type tips:**

Make sure to adjust the line height leaving plenty of room between lines, especially when doing longer lines of text to ensure legibility. The exact line height should be determined individually.

# 05.

## Setting type – examples

Roobert has 3 weights to ensure that the type performs optimally across the wide variety of touchpoints where the typeface will be used.

These are:  
Roobert Light  
Roobert Regular  
Roobert Bold

While no typeface is perfect for every situation, a lot of work has gone into ensuring that this typeface comes as close as possible. When used correctly it will lift much of the designer’s burden.

**Light:**  
Roobert Light should be used for headline copy and larger text. It will often be set on top of colors, photos and other moderately complex graphics and therefore their settings are, overall, tighter and more graphic. Roobert Light can also be used for subheadlines and smaller copy pieces.

**Regular:**  
You should use Roobert Regular for longer copy and smaller text sizes because the spacing and kerning of this weight have been adjusted towards legibility

**Bold:**  
Roobert Bold should be used for highlights and smaller labels.

The following examples to the right show good use of the typography, especially what weights to use when. Additionally it’s shows examples of sizes, hight and spacing. These are however for inspirational purposes only.

Example 01 - Headline and bodycopy

Continuously creating innovative solar solutions you can trust to move you forward. Aurora brings the future closer.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aliquam blandit urna quis dolor elementum, vitae suscipit lectus aliquet. Sed euismod eros nisi, quis ultricies nunc vehicula sit amet. Phasellus ultrices turpis a ligula tristique, auctor porttitor justo imperdiet. Curabitur sit amet est commodo, dapibus erat bibendum, semper augue. Cras viverra sit amet dui quis semper. Aenean fermentum ac libero sit amet consequat. Maecenas sed leo sed ante consequat auctor.

Curabitur sit amet est commodo, dapibus erat bibendum, semper augue. Aenean fermentum ac libero sit amet consequat. Maecenas sed leo sed ante consequat auctor.

Example 02 - Headline, subheadline and bodycopy

# Powerful Software for Solar Design and Sales

Create a complete engineering  
design and sales proposal with just  
an address and an electric bill.

Curabitur sit amet est commodo, dapibus erat  
bibendum, semper augue. Aenean fermentum ac  
libero sit amet consequat. Maecenas sed leo sed  
ante consequat auctor.

Example 03 - List and CTA example

Save 15% and get 1-on 1 training with an annual subscription.

- Residential design
- 3D visualizations
- Sales proposals
- Financial analysis
- Annual shade values
- Automatic system design
- Split-screen street view integration
- Access to 3D modeling service (on-demand)

Button CTA

Example 04 - highlights

Weight – Light / Bold  
Size – 50 pt  
Line height – 50 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

Basic  
\$ 135

We light the way

Weight – Bold / Light  
Size – 10 pt  
Line height – 15 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

**Users / Mont**  
Billed annually –  
Save \$288 per year



# 06.

## Setting type – headline & text examples

It is important that the appearance of the typeface remains consistent. The following examples illustrate how we believe the typeface should be used vs how we wouldn't recommend using it.

Typografi - doe's

Weight – Light  
Size – 50 pt  
Line height – 55 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

This copy is set in  
Roobert Light.

✓ YES

Weight – Light  
Size – 25 pt  
Line height – 30 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

This copy is set in Roobert Light.  
Donec efficitur elit sit amet neque  
pellentesque cursus.

✓ YES

Weight – Light  
Size – 12 pt  
Line height – 17 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

This copy is set in Roobert Light. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aliquam blandit urna quis dolor elementum, vitae suscipit lectus aliquet. Sed euismod eros nisi, quis ultricies nunc vehicula sit amet. Phasellus ultrices turpis a ligula tristique, auctor porttitor justo imperdiet. Curabitur sit amet est commodo, dapibus erat bibendum, semper augue.

✓ YES

Typografi - dont's

Weight – Bold  
Size – 50 pt  
Line height – 55 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

This copy is set in  
Roobert Bold.

✗ NO!

Weight – Regular  
Size – 25 pt  
Line height – 30 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

This copy is set in Roobert Regular.  
Donec efficitur elit sit amet neque  
pellentesque cursus.

✗ NO!

Weight – Light Italic  
Size – 12 pt  
Line height – 17 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

*This copy is set in Roobert Light. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aliquam blandit urna quis dolor elementum, vitae suscipit lectus aliquet. Sed euismod eros nisi, quis ultricies nunc vehicula sit amet. Phasellus ultrices turpis a ligula tristique, auctor porttitor justo imperdiet. Curabitur sit amet est commodo, dapibus erat bibendum, semper augue.*

✗ NO!

# 07.

## Setting type – misuse

It is important that the appearance of the typeface remains consistent. Roobert should not in any way be misinterpreted or modified.

Its orientation, appearance and color should remain as indicated in this document – there are no exceptions.

To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown in this section.

WE LIGHT  
THE WAY

✗ NO!  
Don't use uppercase letters for headlines

*We light the way*

✗ NO!  
Don't use expressive fonts, including display, handwritten, and script styles for copy.

**We light  
the way**

✗ NO!  
The brand should always feel light and breathable and therefore we should never use bold for headlines.

We light  
the way

✗ NO!  
Do not use any type of shadow or other effects on text

*We light  
the way*

✗ NO!  
Don't use italic for headlines, subheadlines or bodycopy.

We light  
the way

✗ NO!  
Do not use any colors outside the Aurora Brand colors specified in the color section

We light  
the way

✗ NO!  
Always think about legibility when choosing the color for text

# 03.1

# Typography

# for G-suite

## Index

01	Typeface	
02	Typeface - weights	
03	Typeface - glyph set	
04	Typeface – hierarchy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Headline</li><li>• Subheadline</li><li>• Body</li><li>• Highlighting and other text styling</li></ul>

Hello!  
Meet  
**Darker**  
**Grotesque.**

# 01.

## Typeface

Nearly all applications will require typography in some form, and this requires careful attention and precision to maintain consistency across all branding. In addition to using the correct typeface, the amount of space between letters, words, and lines also needs adjustment.

The primary typeface used for all Aurora Solar typography is Roobert, designed and released in 2017.

---

Weight – Bold/ Regular  
Size – 70 pt  
Line height – 75 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

**Darker Grotesque** is a dynamic, elegant, humanist, clean, timeless, typeface that pairs with Roobert well.

# 02.

## Typography – weights

Our primary typeface used is Roobert light and should be used for headlines, subheadlines and potentially also for smaller copy sections. Additionally the typefamily consists of Roobert Regular and Roobert Bold. The use of italics should be limited and only used when necessary.

See next section for examples.

---

Regular.  
Medium.  
**Extra Bold.**

## Roobert

– glyph set

## Glyph set - Primary

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

 $\frac{1}{2}$     **$\frac{1}{3}$**     **$\frac{2}{3}$**     $\frac{1}{4}$     $\frac{3}{4}$     $\frac{1}{8}$     $\frac{3}{8}$     $\frac{5}{8}$     $\frac{7}{8}$ 

! ¢ £ ¥

## Glyph set - Secondary

ū Ů ů Ű ű Ų ų Ŵ ŵ Ŷ ŷ Ÿ Ź ź Ż ż Ž ž Ž ž

# 04.

## Typography – hierarchy

**Headlines:**  
Darker Grotesque regular is the primary headline typefaces for all Aurora’s brand communications and should be used for headline copy (2 to 10 words) and larger text. This copy will often be set on top of or in combination with photos and other graphics. As such, their settings should be a bit tighter overall for a more graphic look.

**Subheadlines:**  
Darker Grotesque medium should be used for subheadlines. Subheadlines are usually a bit longer than headlines (10 – 30 words).

- Headline 1**
- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
  - font-size: 120px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 108px;
  - letter-spacing: -0.01em;

- Headline 2**
- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
  - font-size: 96px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 86px;
  - letter-spacing: -0.01em;

- Headline 3**
- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
  - font-size: 72px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 65px;

- Headline 4**
- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
  - font-size: 56px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 50px;

- Headline 5**
- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
  - font-size: 44px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 40px;

- Headline 6**
- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
  - font-size: 32px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 29px;

- Headline 7**
- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
  - font-size: 24px;
  - font-weight: 400;
  - line-height: 22px;

Alternate font

Alternate font

Alernate font

Alternate font

Alternate font

Alternate font

Alternate font

**Subheadline Body 12**

- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
- font-size: 12px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 15px;

Subheadline



# Typography – hierarchy

## Body Copy:

Darker Grotesque regular and medium for longer copy (10 words and above) and smaller text sizes. The spacing and kerning of these fonts should be adjusted for legibility.

## Hightlight:

For hightlights we reccomend using Darker Grotesque bold and extra bold.

## Body 20

- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
- font-size: 20px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 25px;

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer’s day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

## Body 16

- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
- font-size: 16px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 20px;

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer’s day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

## Body 14

- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
- font-size: 14px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 18px;

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer’s day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

## Body 12

- font-family: Darker Grotesque;
- font-size: 12px;
- font-weight: 400;
- line-height: 15px;

Starry, starry night. Paint your palette blue and gray. Look out on a summer’s day. With eyes that know the darkness in my soul. Shadows on the hills. Sketch the trees and the daffodils. Catch the breeze and the winter chills. In colors on the snowy, linen land

### **Type tips:**

Darker Grotesque renders smaller and thinner than Roobert. When setting with Darker Grotesque and trying to match a design in Roobert, consider going one type style darker (light to regular) and increasing the type size until the cap and x heights are similar.

# 04.

# Frame



Note: All Images in this guide is placeholder and for inspirational purposes only. These should be replaced before use in any public or commercial context.

## Index

01	Frame	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Frame – function</li><li>• Frame – build</li><li>• Frame – sizing</li></ul>
02	Frame + typography	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Sizing</li></ul>
03	Solar cell inspired grid	
04	Examples – typography	
05	Colors in use	
06	Frame in use	
07	Frame misuse	

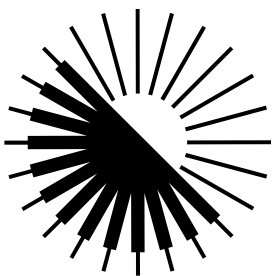
# 01.

## Aurora’s frame — function

The frame is the unique feature of Aurora’s brand and should therefore be used carefully.

The frame is used as a dynamic visual element, bringing the idea of the grid system into the brand story. The idea of the grid is blended with inspiration from nature’s elements and the way solar panels are constructed.

The frame is a celebration of community, the solar industry, and precision.

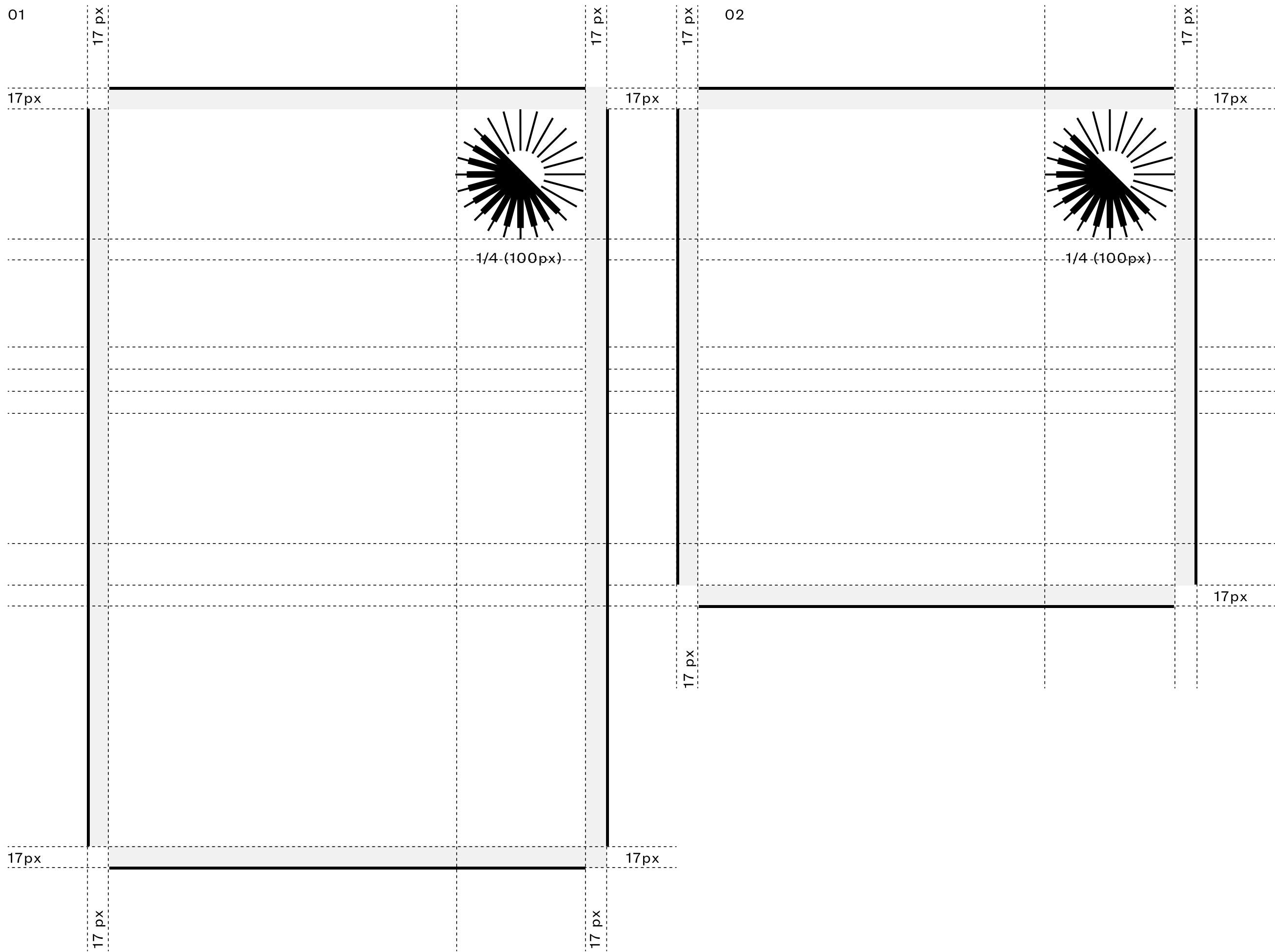


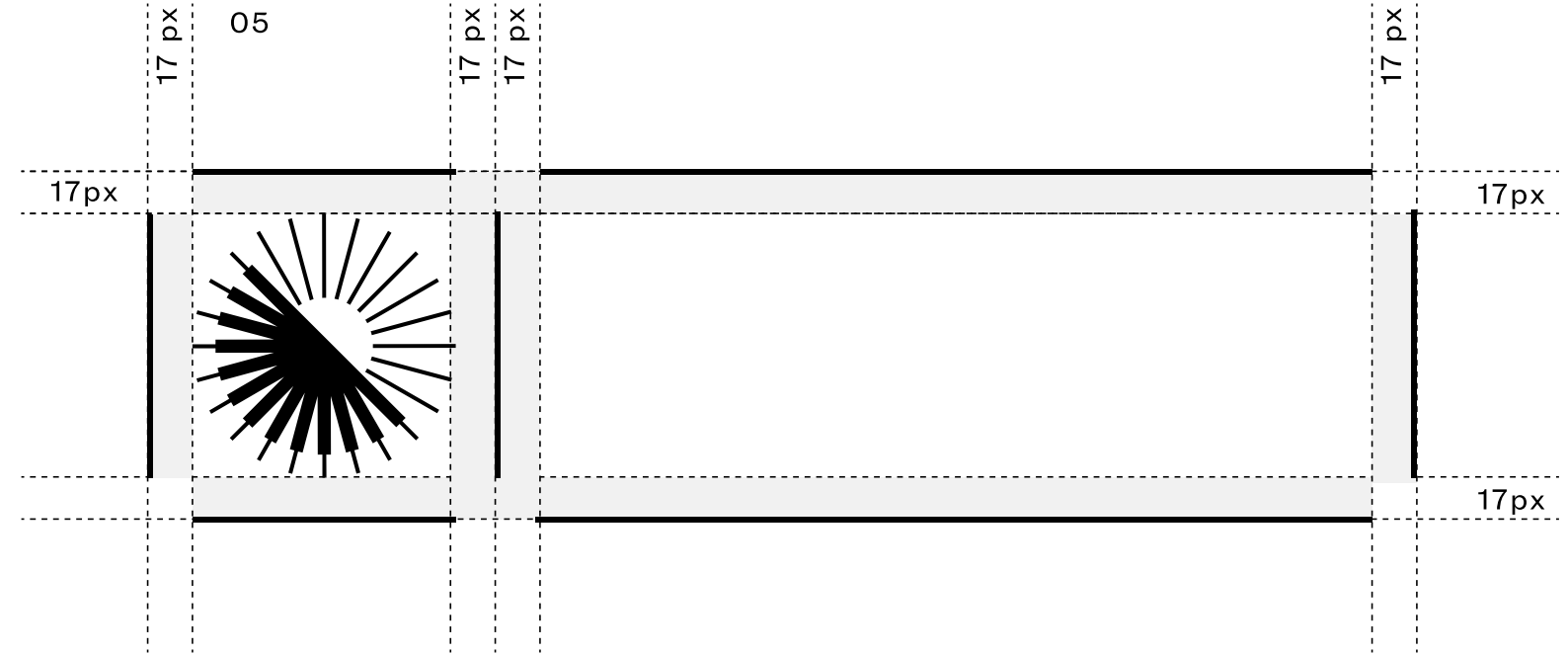
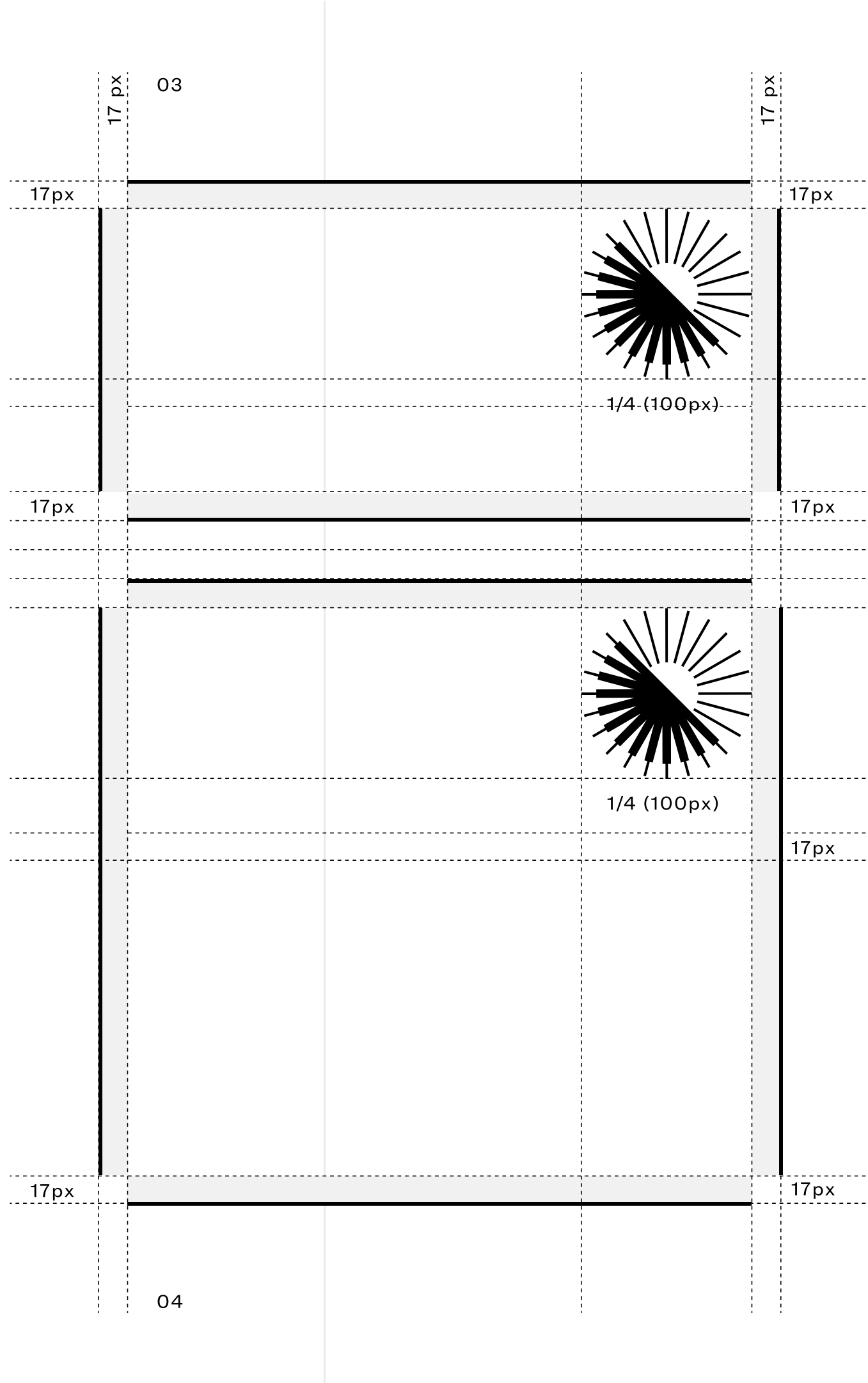
# Aurora's frame — build

To build the frame you should be using this simple guide:

- 1. Choose the format of your frame: square, horizontal or vertical rectangle
- 2. Divide the width by 4 - defining the size of the brandmark that will be placed in the top right corner.
- 3. Add a 17px square to all corners, this will be the safe space and end of the lines which essentially build the frame.

When creating horizontal frame (fig.5):  
1. Use full size of the brandmark that will be placed on the left.





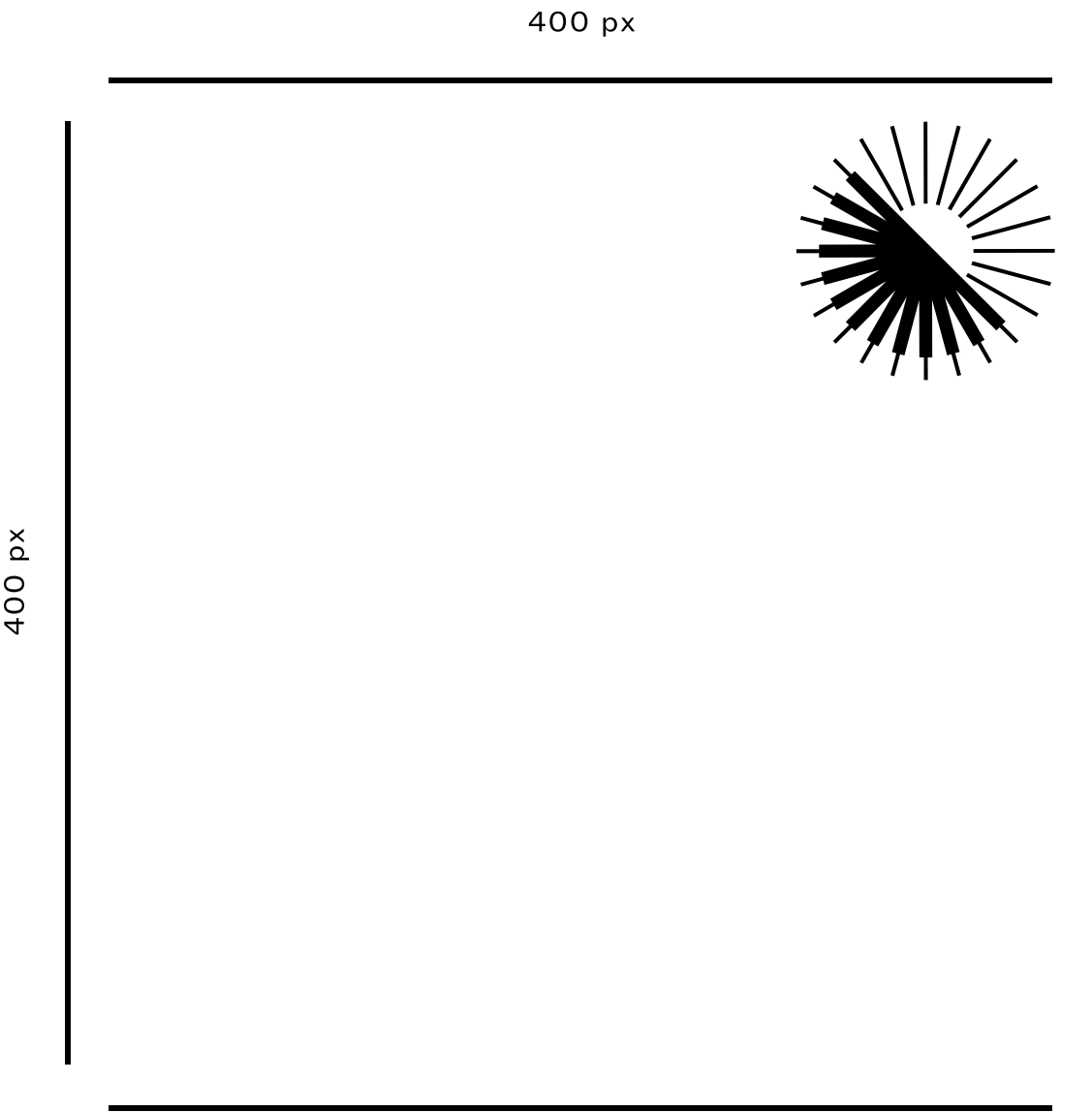
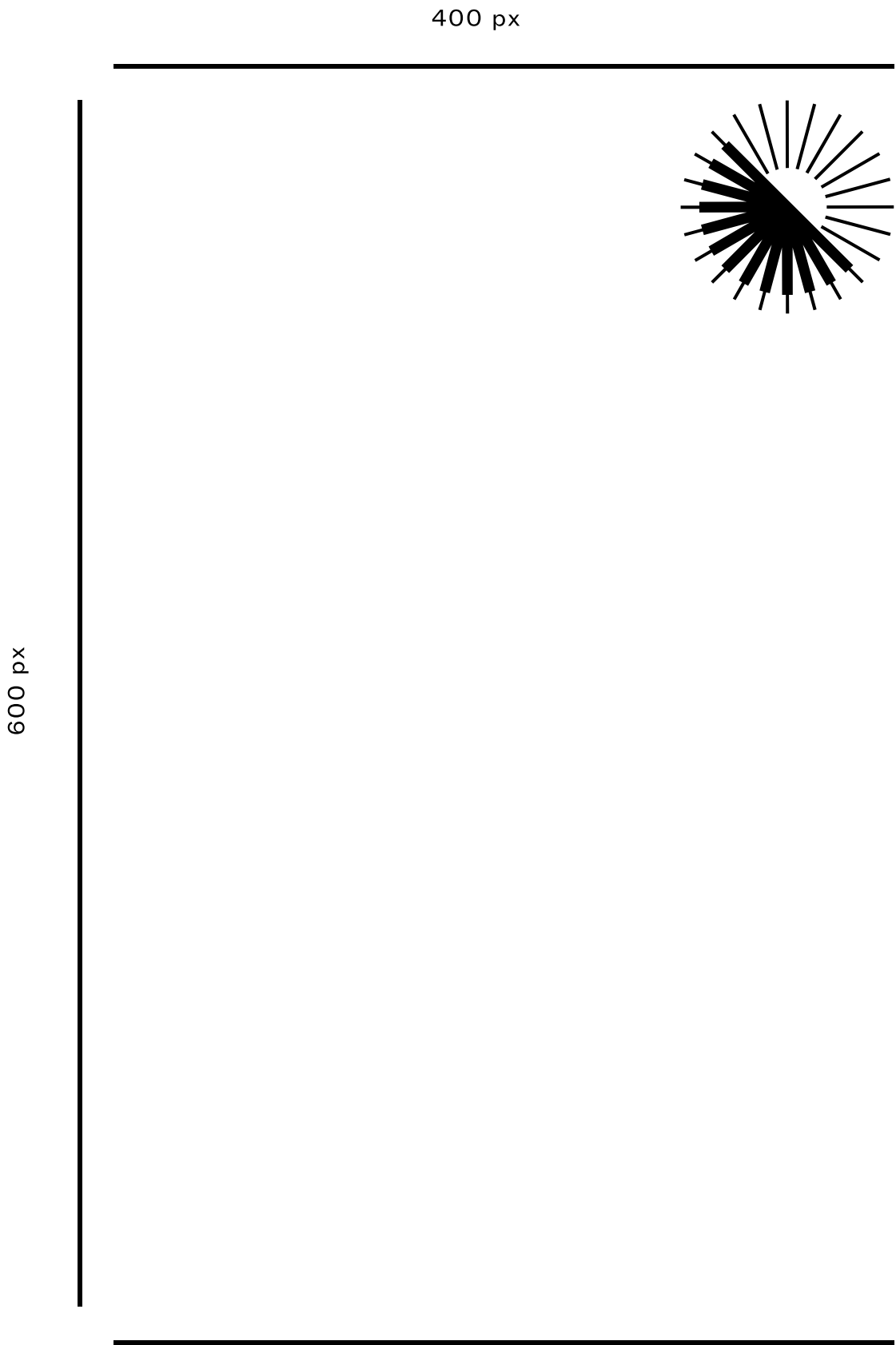
# Aurora’s frame — sizing

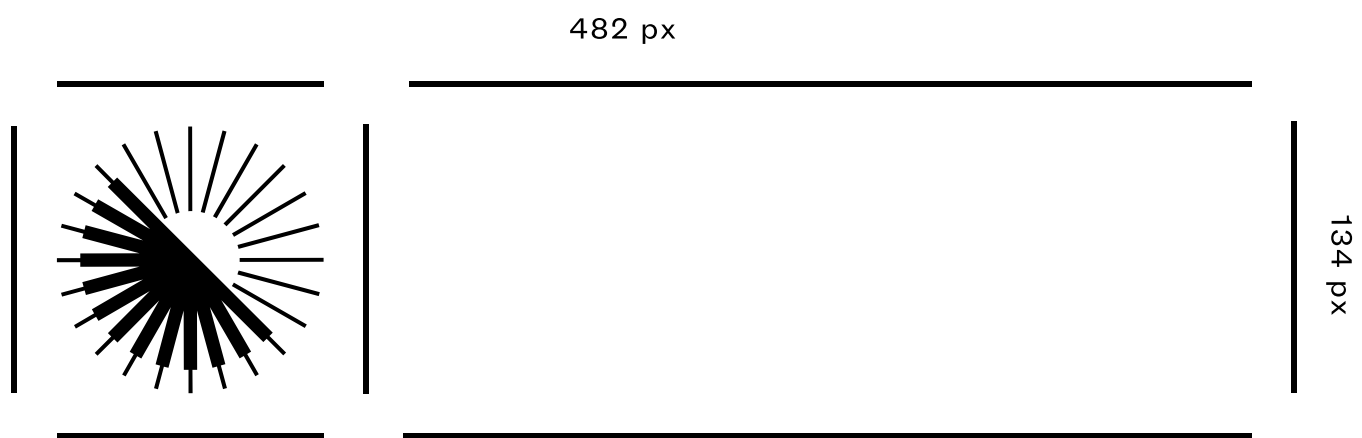
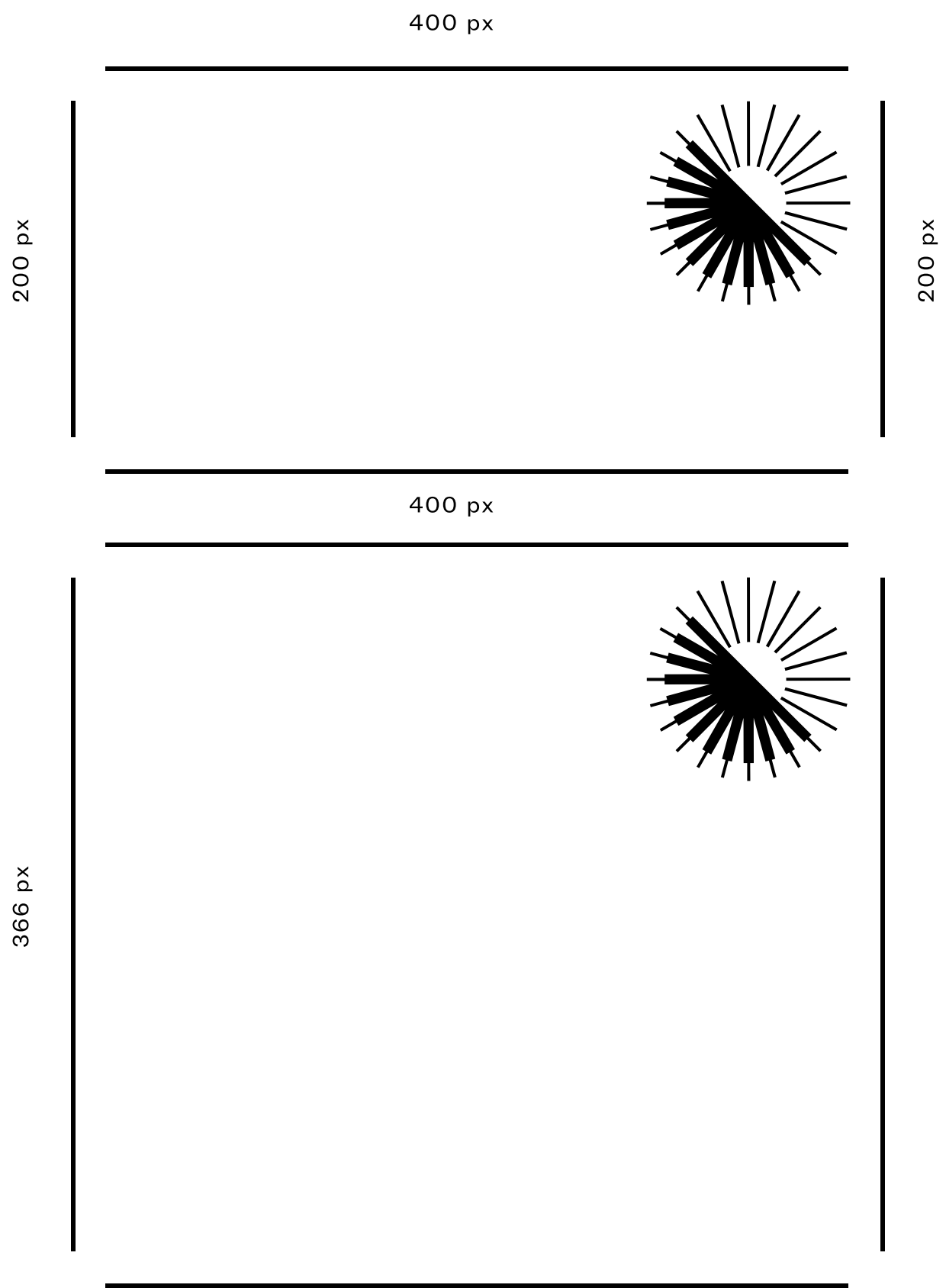
When setting the right size, make sure to use full numbers, in this case, we used ratio 400x600 px and 400x400 px for the square option.

When building the frame without typography, use ratio (height:width):

- 1. For vertical rectangle: 1:2
- 2. For horizontal rectangle: 2:1
- 3. For square: 1:1

When using typography within the frame, the height of the frame will be determined by the amount of text that will be used. You can find more information on this in the next section of this brand guide.







# 02

## Frame + typography

The frame is flexible — it can be used on top of images or the 3D element (see 3D elements section), and it can also be used to frame content in other instances. The frame can be used with and without text. The concept is very dynamic. The vertical line should be moved upward if more text is added. We however recommend only adding a maximum of 3 lines per headline, and 4 lines for additional copy showed in example 3.

For additional information about the typography setting please refer to the typography section.

## Sizing

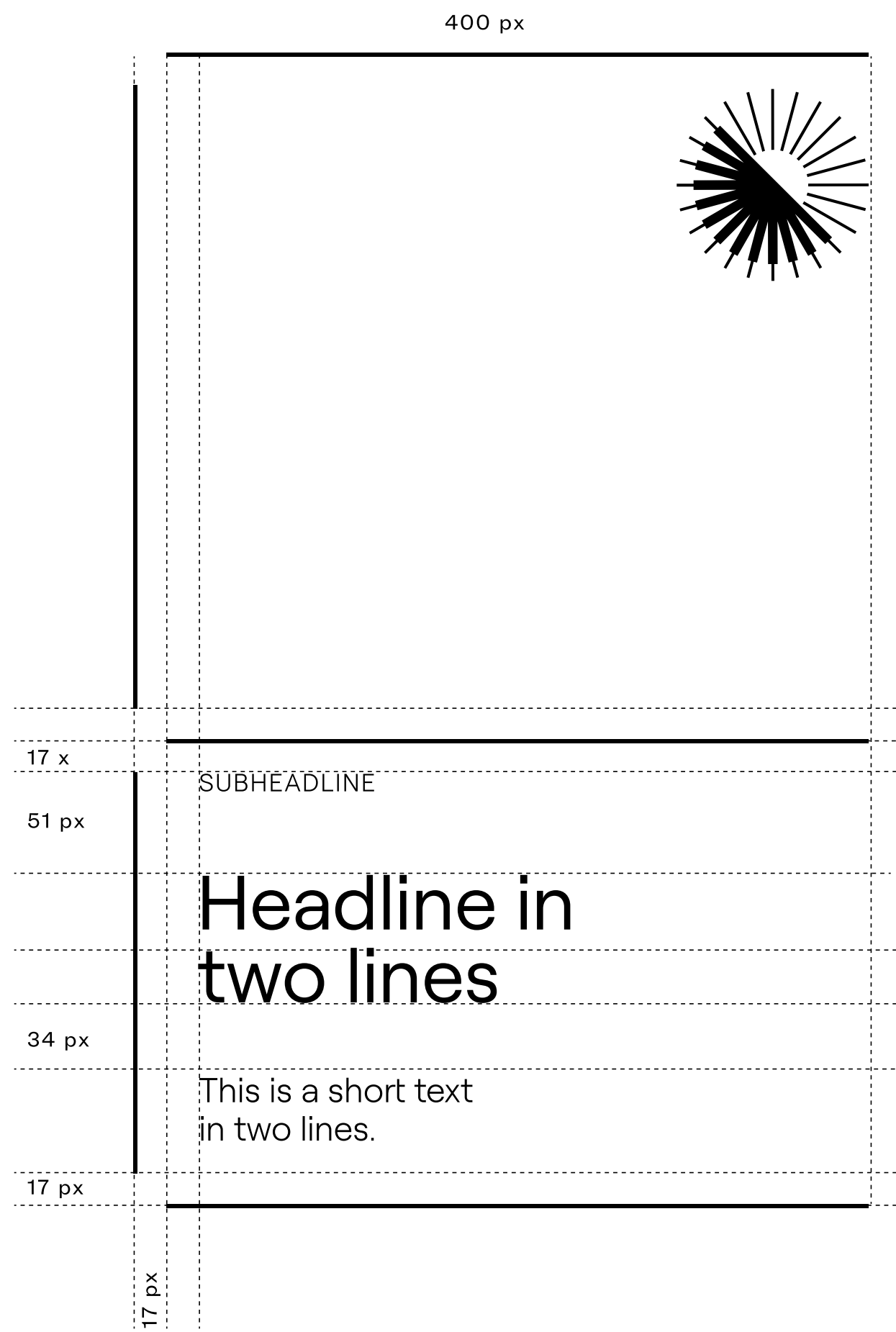
The following section shows how to apply typography in the frame.

### Headline + short text.

1. Start with placing a 1px stroke line in 1/3 of the height.
2. Add 17x safe space below the line.
3. Place ‘SUBHEADLINE’ underneath the safe space.
4. Add extra safe space: 3 x 17px= 51px
5. Place ‘Headline’
6. Add safe space 2 x 17px= 34px
7. Place ‘body text’
8. Add safe space 17px.

Following the above rules, lift all typographic elements to the point where the last body text will reach the bottom safe space of the frame.





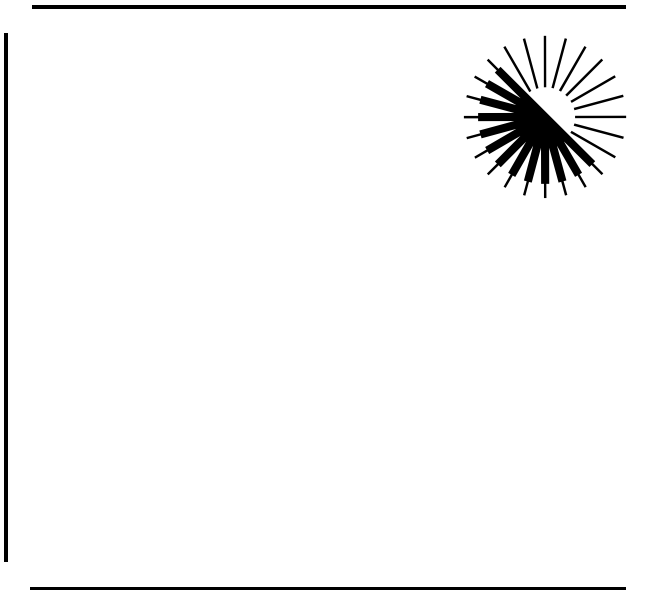
# 03.

## Solar cell inspired grid

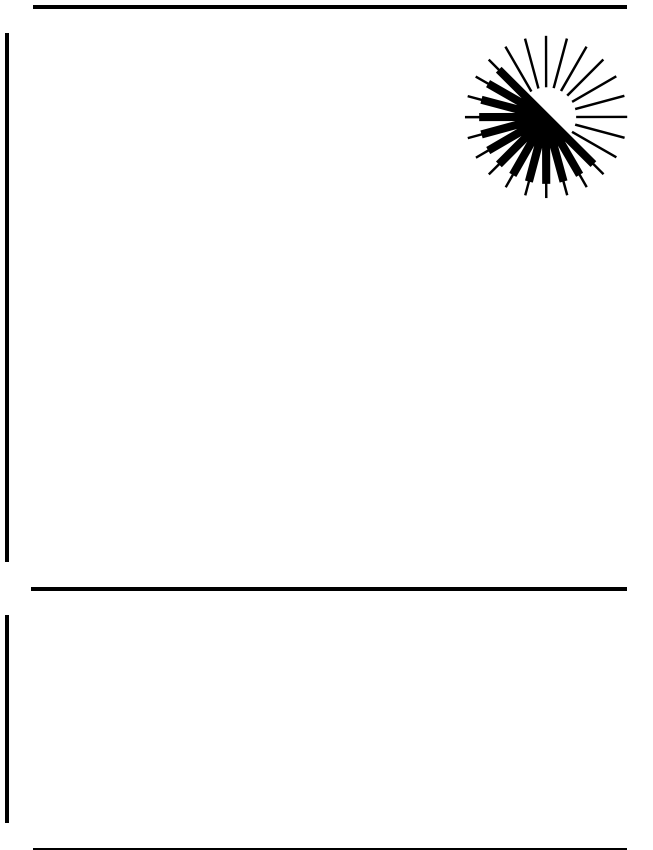
The concept of the frame is very dynamic. It's inspired by solar cells and similar to these cells, the frame can be combined and hold more information. Additional frames or "cells" can be applied horizontally or vertically, but never diagonally.

Horizontally:  
For consistency reasons, it's important that we don't manipulate the order of information in the cells. The Aurora brandmark should always be placed on the top. Secondly, the subheadline and headline. And lastly the smaller text using the same weight as a subheadline.

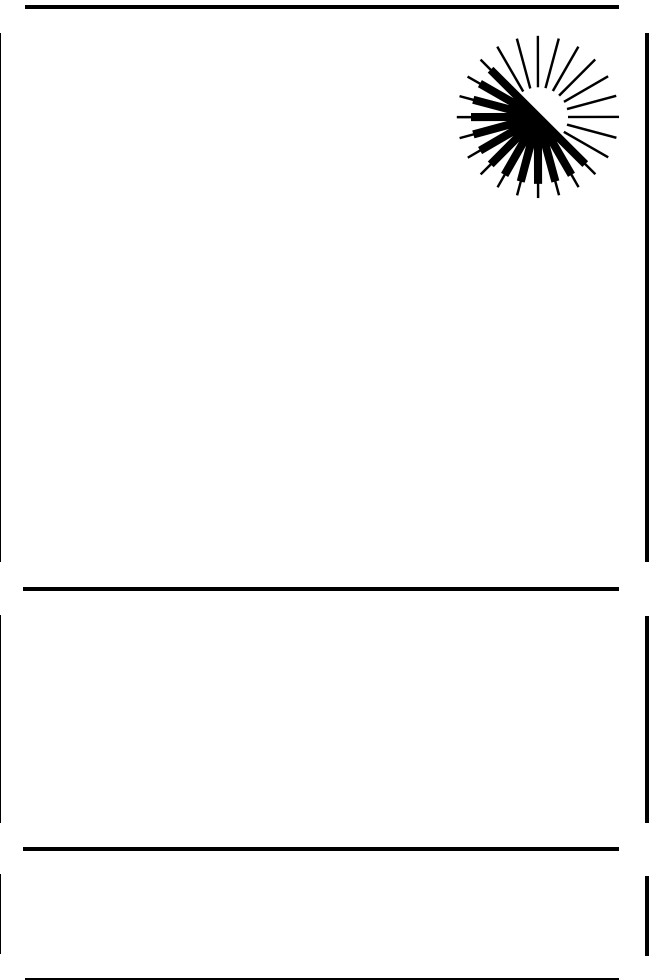
Vertical:  
When using the vertical option the brandmark should always be placed to the left. When choosing this option, it is only possible to add more frames vertically.



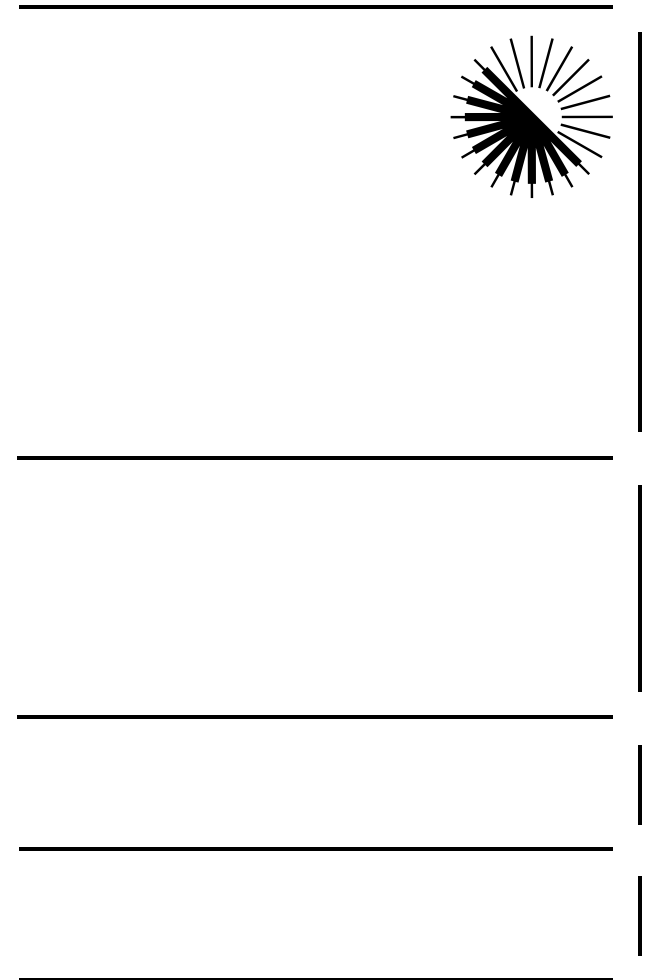
Single default frame - Vertical



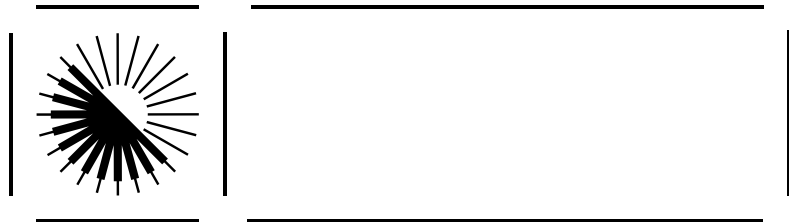
Frame. 2 cells - Vertical  
(the height and width of each cell is dynamic)



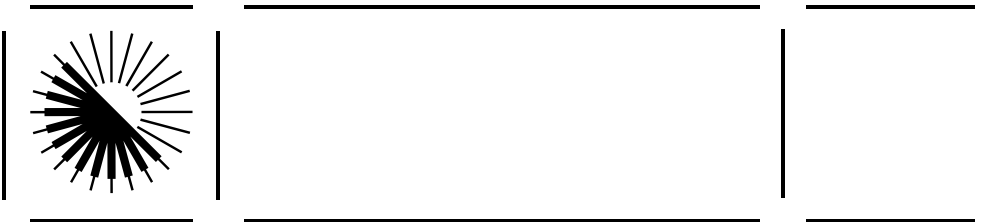
Frame. 3 cells - Vertical  
(the height and width of each cell is dynamic)



Frame. 4 cells - Vertical  
(the height and width of each cell is dynamic)



Frame. 2 cells - Horizontal  
(the height and width of each cell is dynamic)

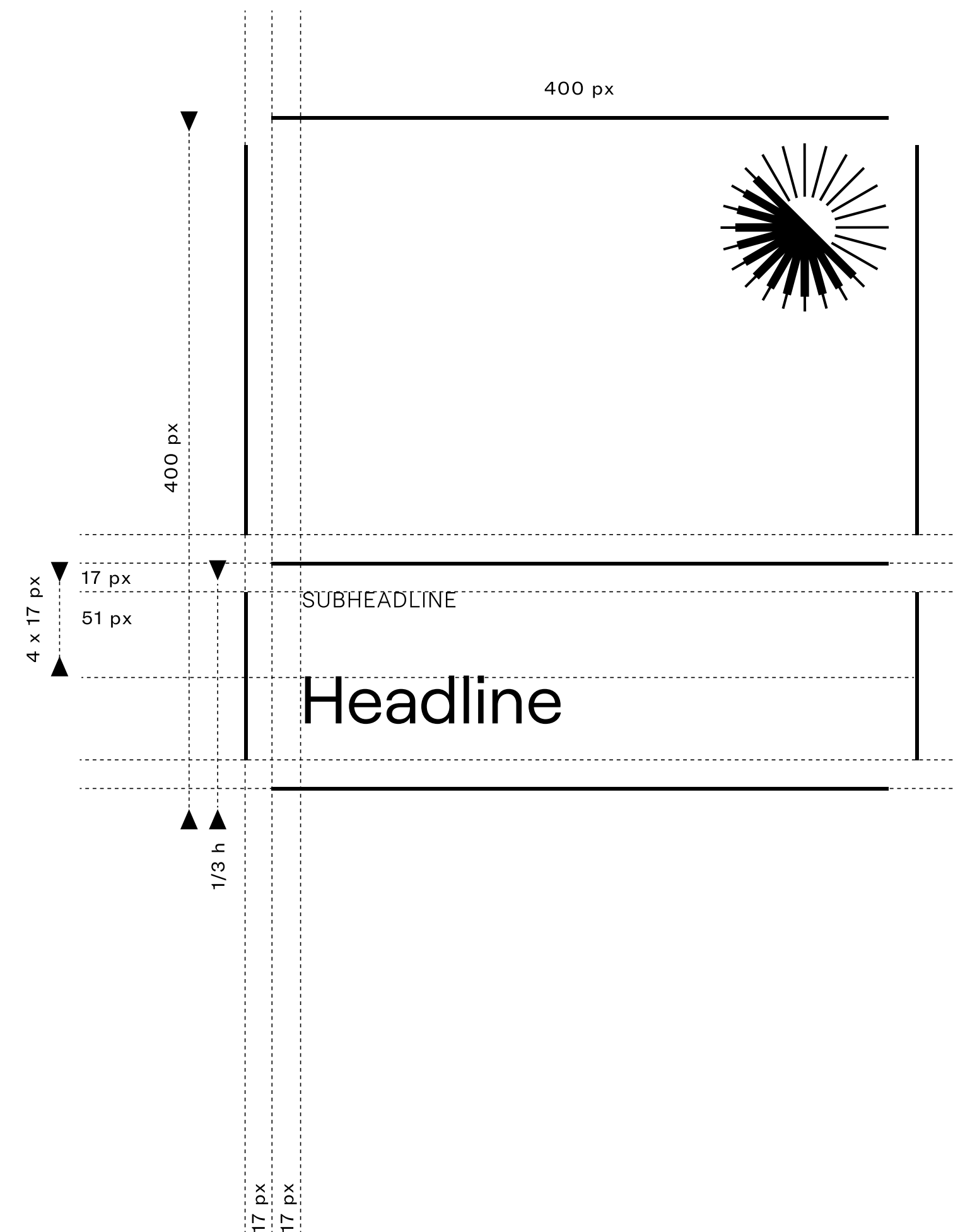
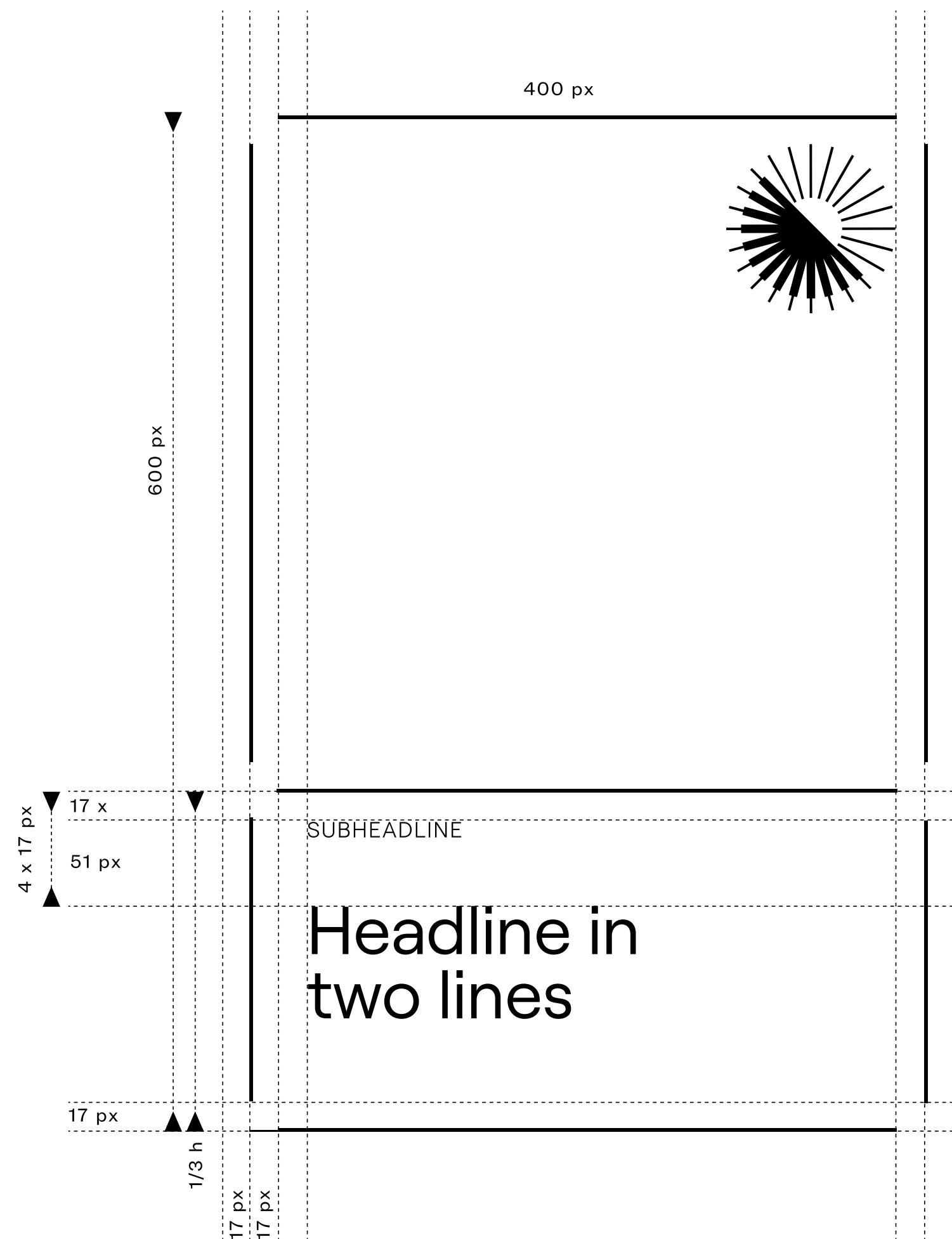


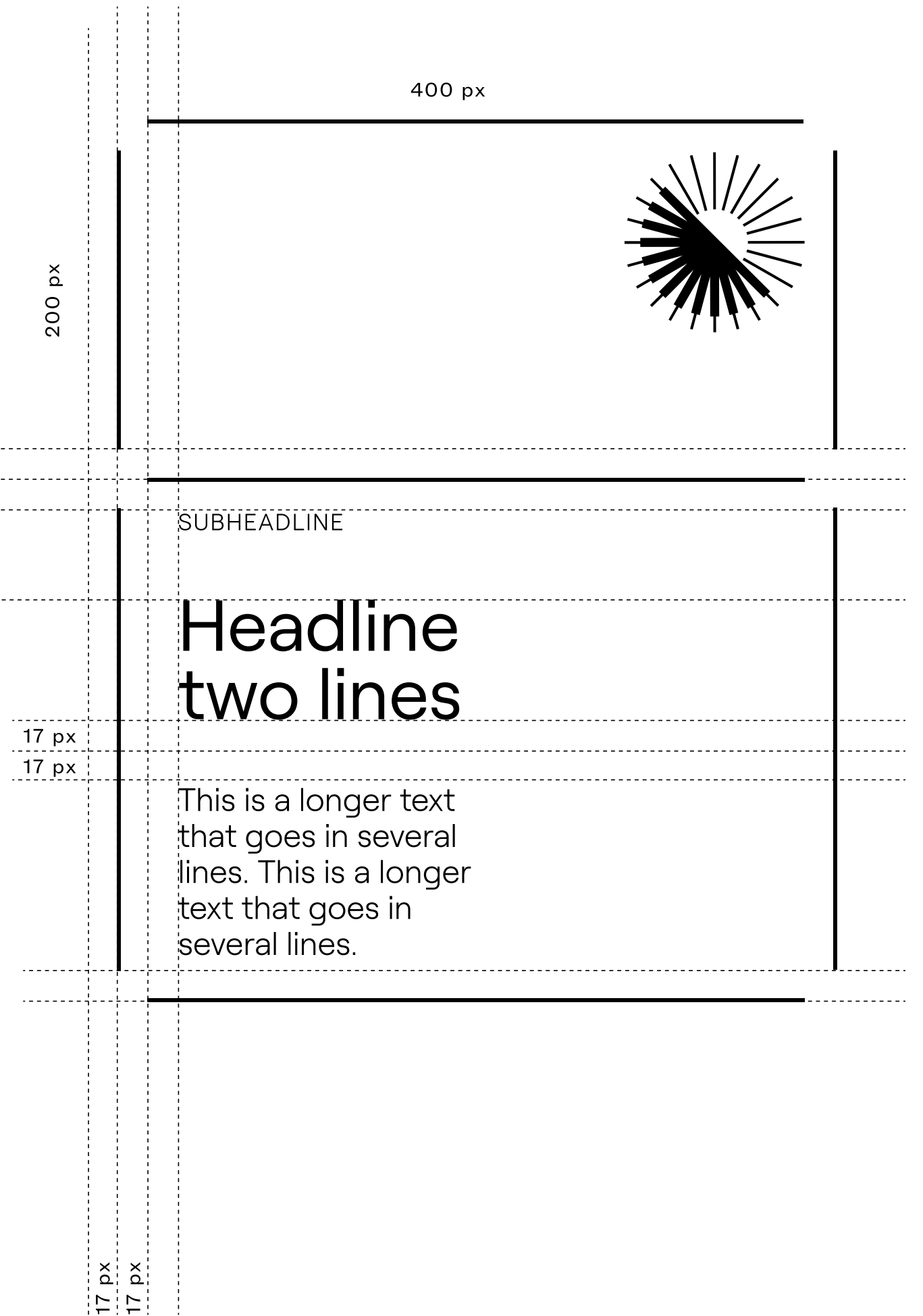
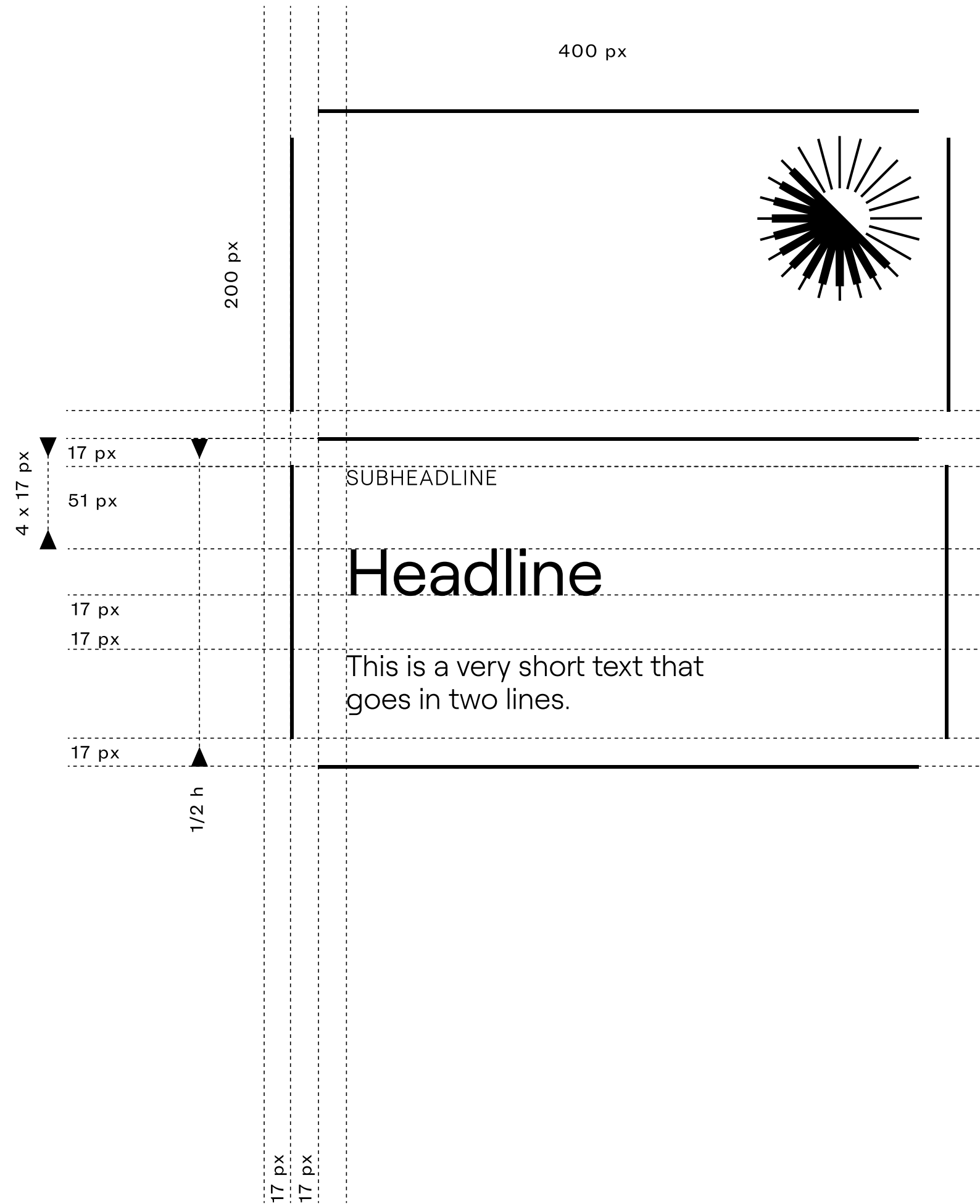
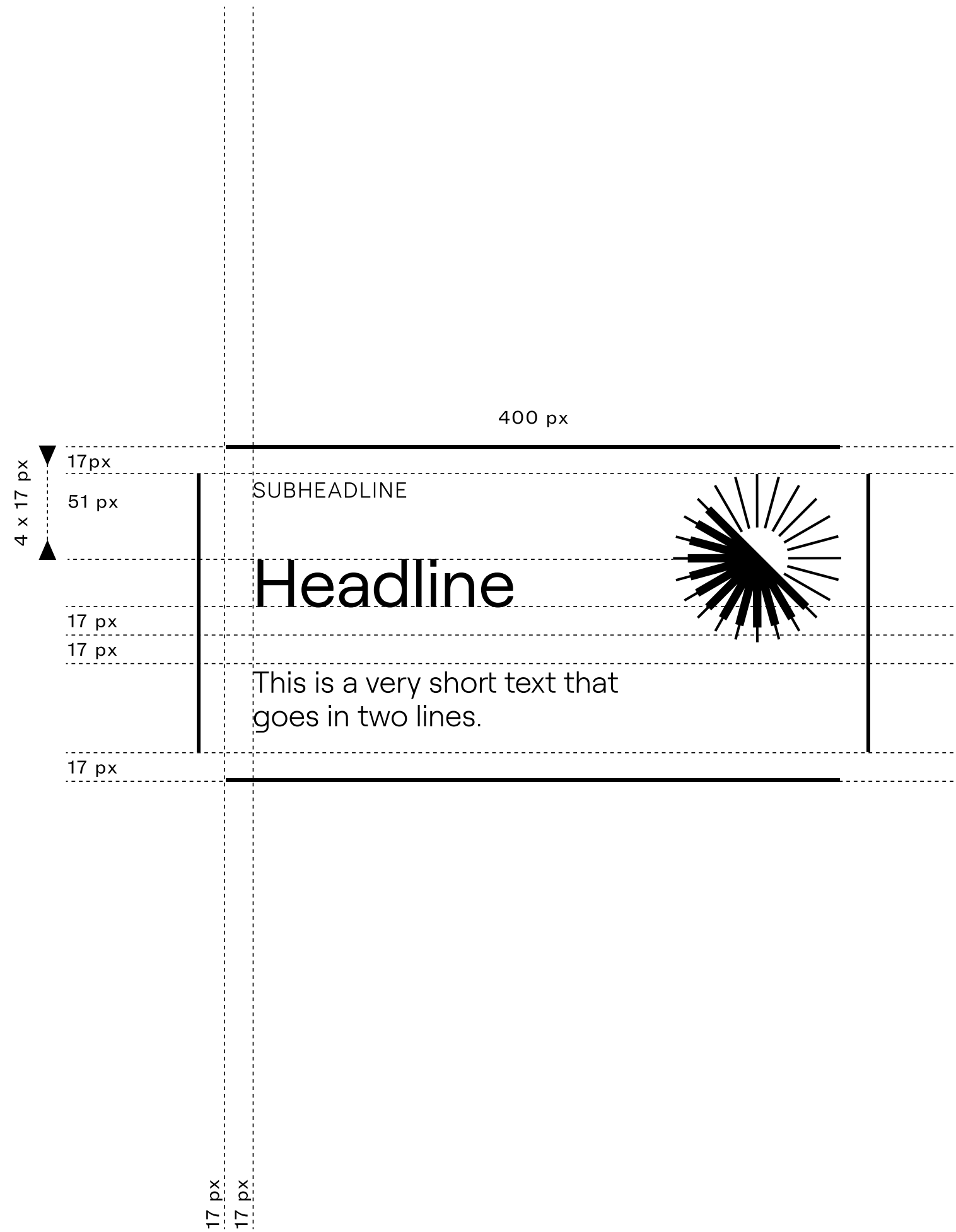
Frame. 3 cells - Horizontal  
(the height and width of each cell is dynamic)

# 04.

## Examples - typography

The following section shows a few examples of typography use within the frame. The use is dynamic and is therefore not limited to these 5 examples.

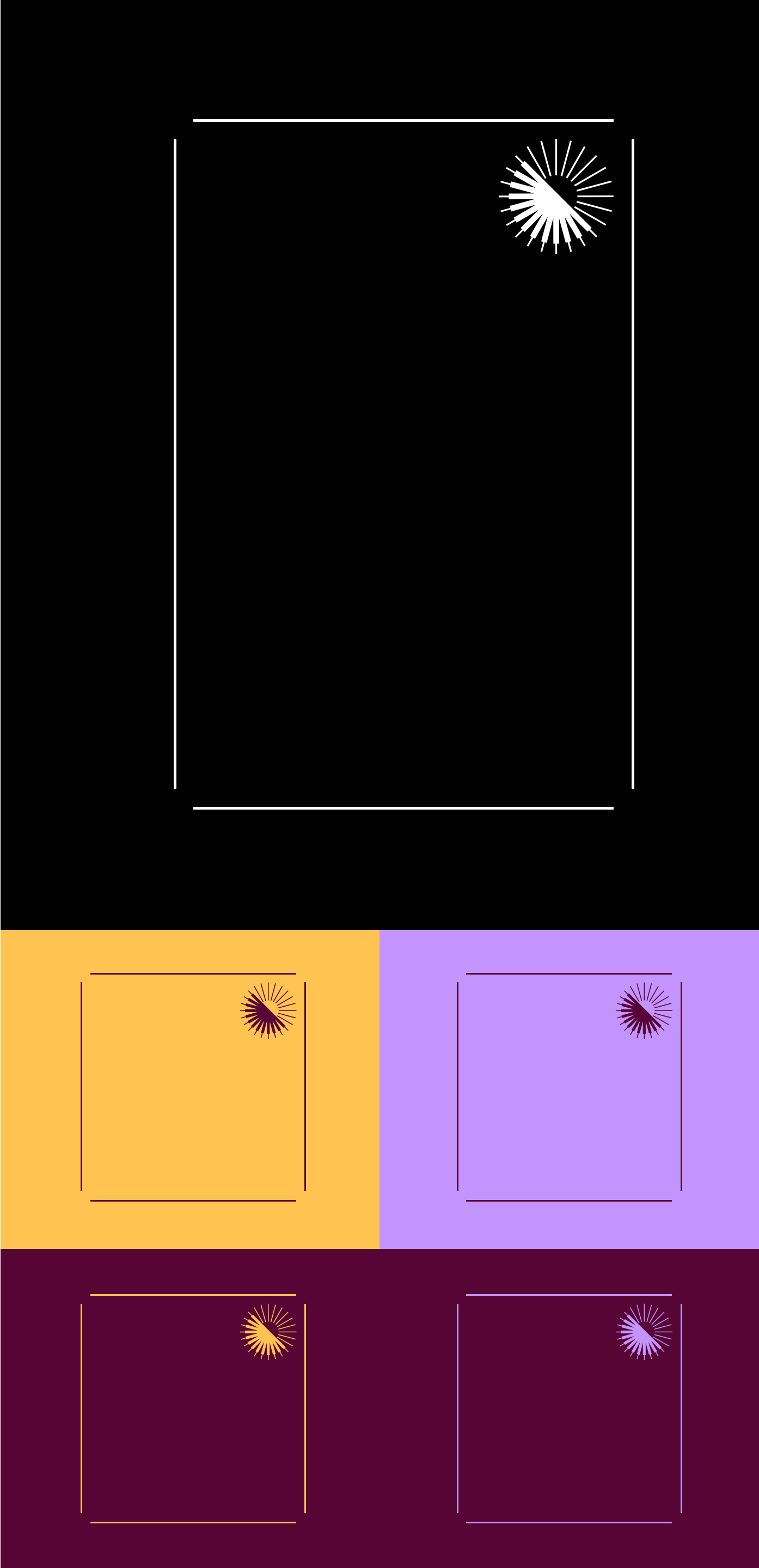
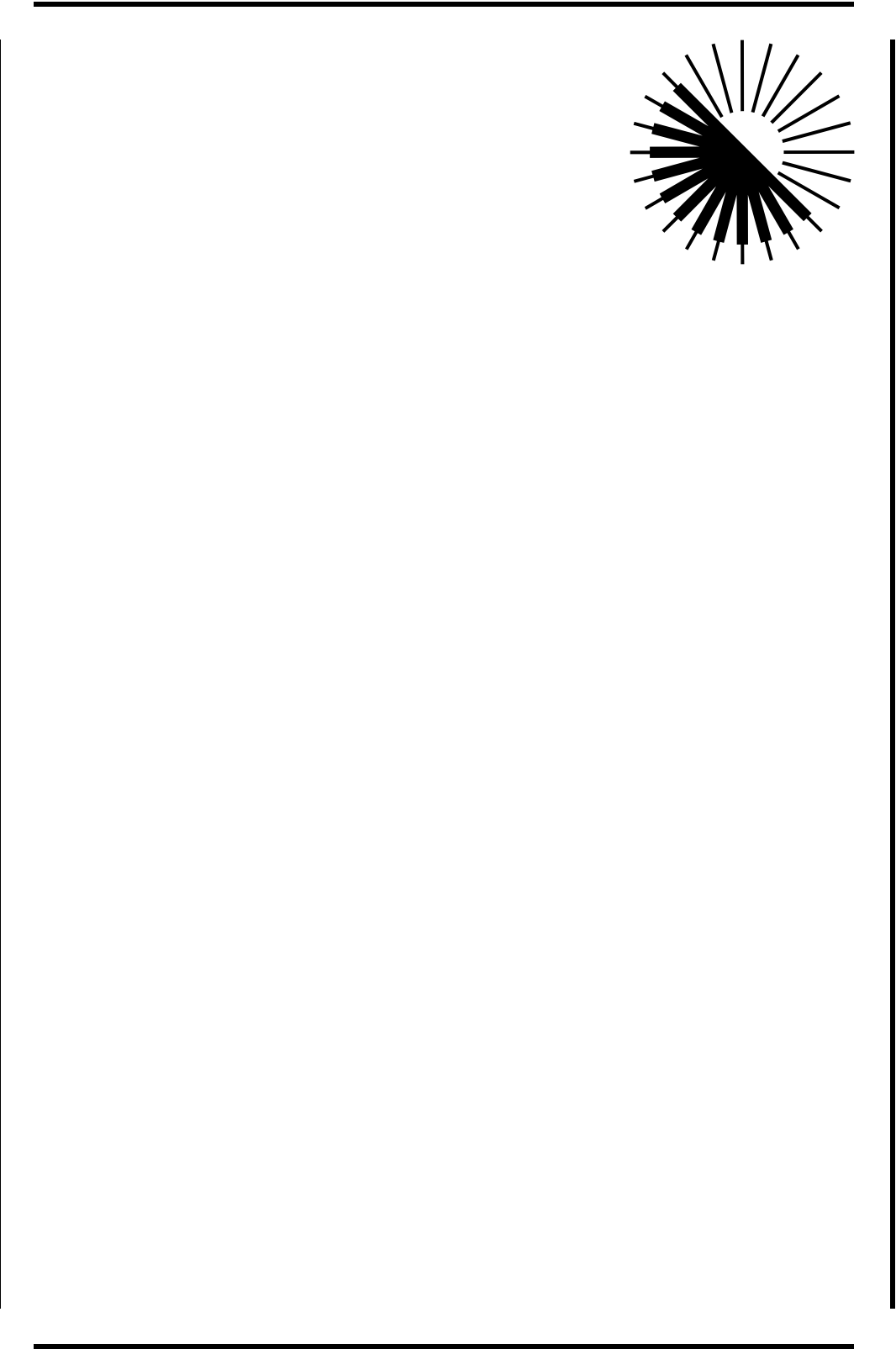




# 05.

## Colors in use

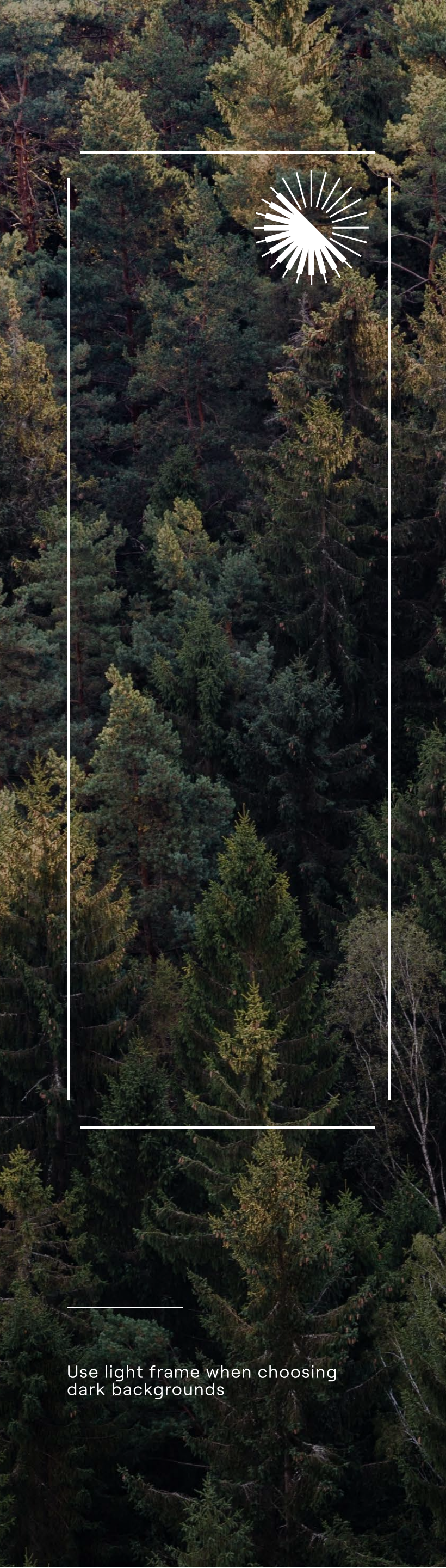
Only use a black or white frame when placed on bold colors. At the end of this section, you will find some examples of how to use a frame on images and 3D elements.





# Frame + Photography

NOTE: It is only possible to use the yellow frame on dark images and 3D elements. Always make sure the contrast is visible enough.



Use light frame when choosing dark backgrounds



Use light frame when choosing dark backgrounds



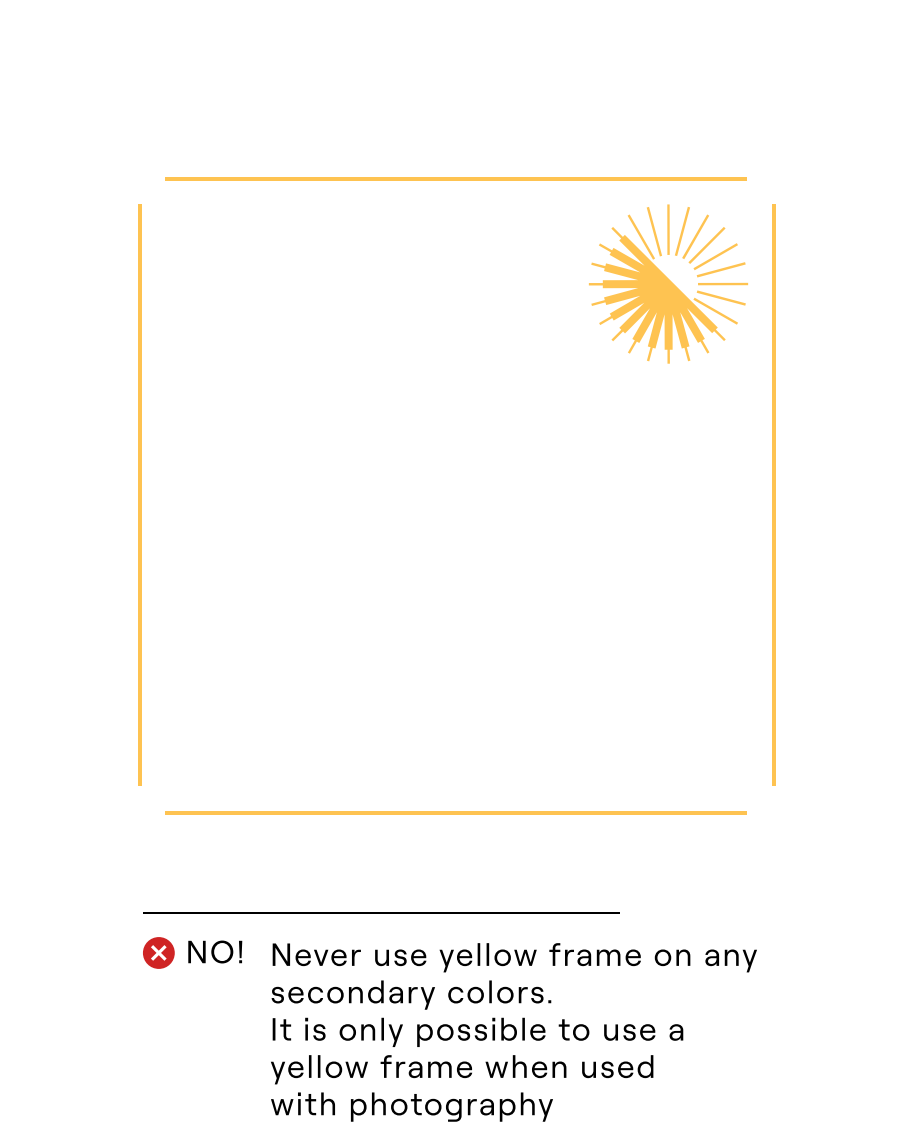
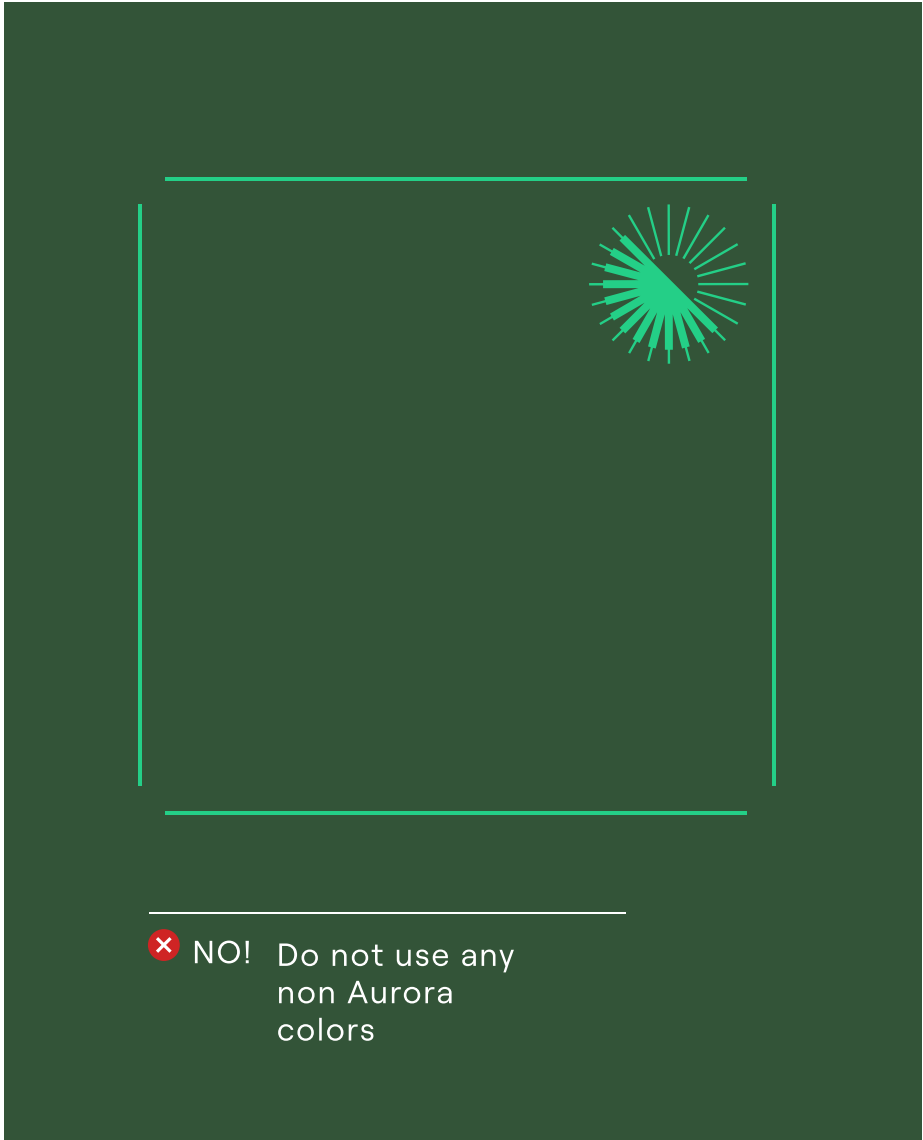
Use dark frame when choosing light backgrounds



### Color misuse

When creating color combinations you should always think about contrast. Choose colors from the primary palette. No attempt should be made to alter the frame or landmark in any way.

The following section list some of the more likely mistakes.





Frame + Photography  
construction

When using the frame over top of an image  
using this layered construction to insure  
that brand a

Frame

Overlay

Image



# 06.

## Frame in use

Here are some examples of frames in use across different touchpoints. Next to the frame, you will find typographic dimensions:

- 1. Typeface weight
- 2. Typeface size
- 3. Line height
- 4. Letter spacing

UPPERCASE  
Weight – Light  
Size – 13 pt  
Line height – 18 pt  
Letter spacing – 7%

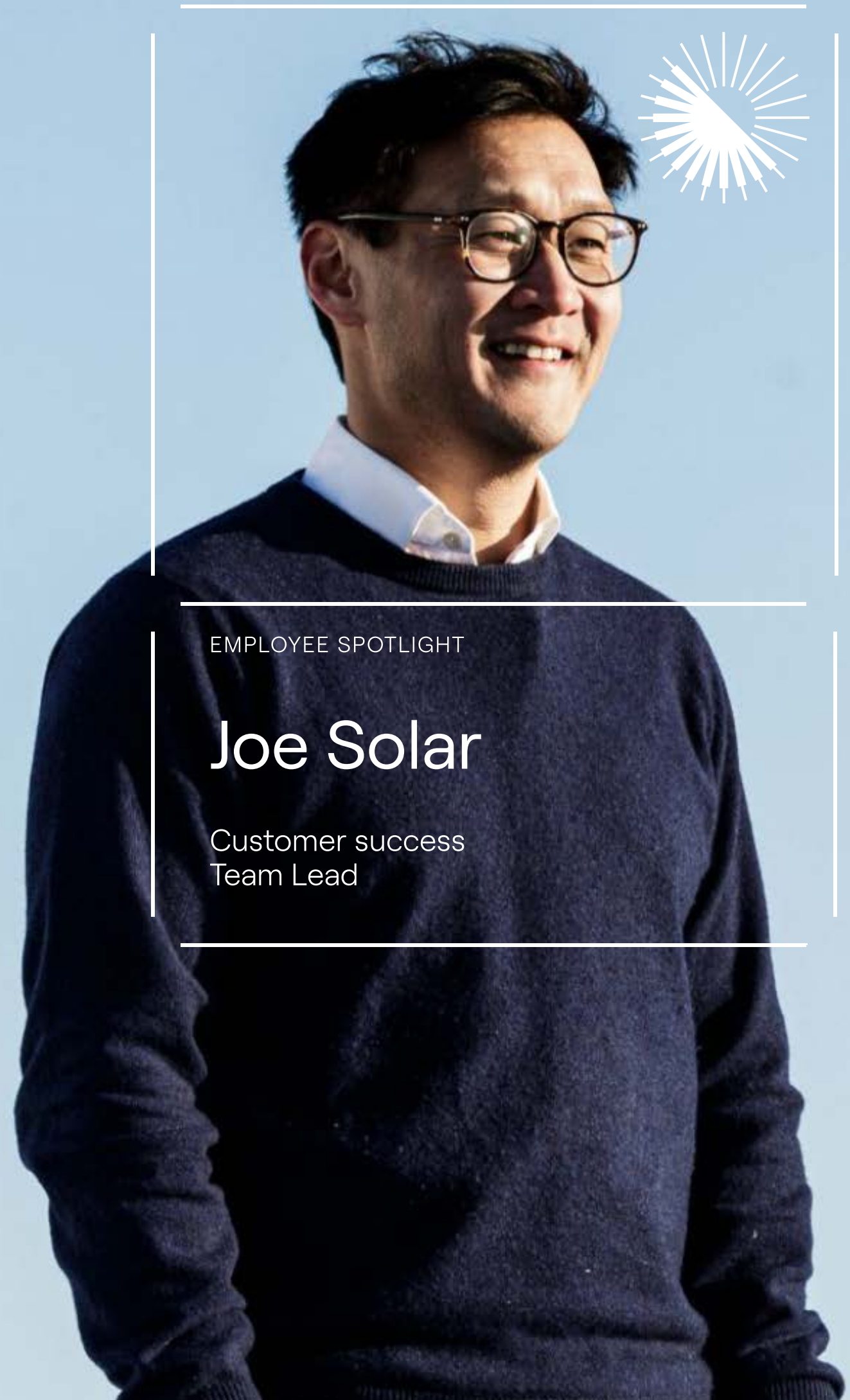
Weight – Regular  
Size – 40 pt  
Line height – 38 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%



AURORASOLAR.COM

The future of  
solar, today.





EMPLOYEE SPOTLIGHT

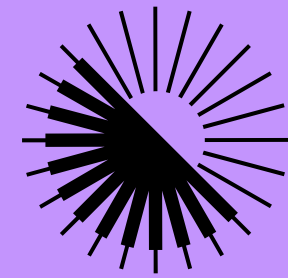
Joe Solar

Customer success  
Team Lead

UPPERCASE  
Weight – Light  
Size – 13 pt  
Line height – 18 pt  
Letter spacing – 7%

Weight – Regular  
Size – 40 pt  
Line height – 38 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%

Weight – Light  
Size – 18 pt  
Line height – 20 pt  
Letter spacing – 0%



SUBHEADLINE

The future of  
solar, today.

This is a longer text  
that goes in several  
lines. This is a longer  
text that goes in  
several lines.

# 07.

## Frame misuse

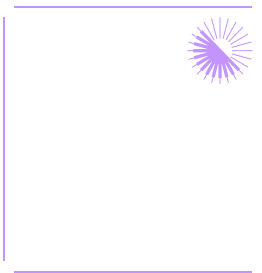
It is important that the appearance of the frame remains consistent. The frame should not be misinterpreted or modified.

No attempt should be made to alter frame in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document – there are no exceptions.

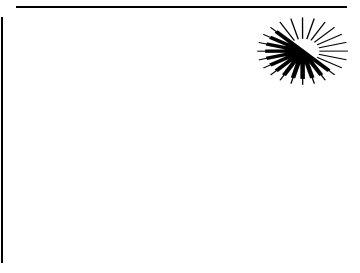
To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown on this page.



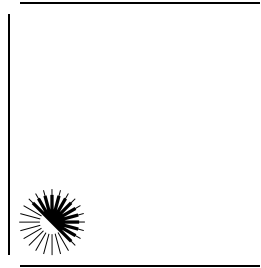
✗ NO!  
Do not apply a gradient to to the frame



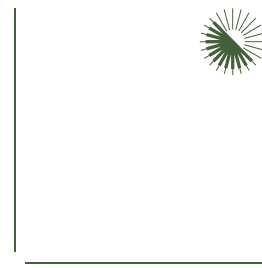
✗ NO!  
Do not resolve the frame or landmark in different colors. Use only primary colors.



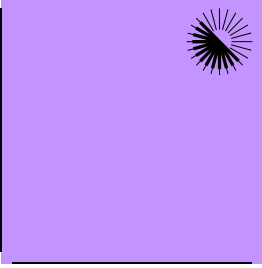
✗ NO!  
Do not distort or wrap the frame in any way



✗ NO!  
Do not rotate the landmark



✗ NO!  
Do not change the frame color or tone outside those colors specified in the color section



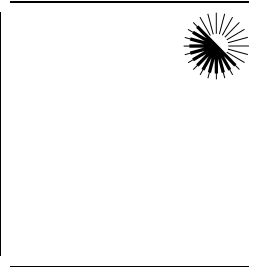
✗ NO!  
Do not use solid backgrounds within the frame

Frame misuse

It is important that the appearance of the frame remains consistent. The frame should not be misinterpreted or modified.

No attempt should be made to alter frame in any way. Its orientation, color and composition should remain as indicated in this document – there are no exceptions.

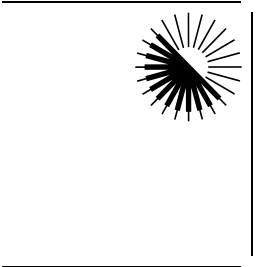
To illustrate this point, some of the more likely mistakes are shown on this page.



NO!  
Do not use any type of shadow on the frame



NO!  
Don't use the wordmark inside the frame



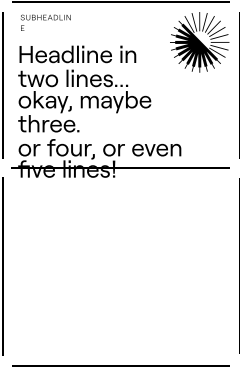
NO!  
Don't not scale the brandmark inside the frame. The size of the brandmark should be 1/4 of the frame size.



NO!  
Do use the frame without the brandmark (unless used as grid)



NO!  
Don't use more than 3 lines of text in the headline.



NO!  
Don't place typography in the upper section

# 05. Iconography

## Index

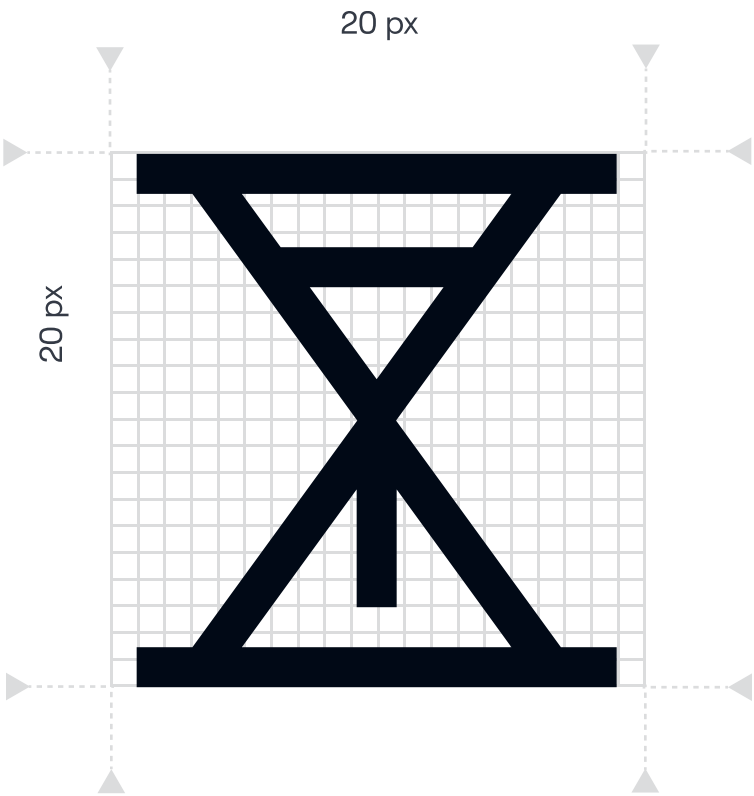
01	Iconography – system
02	Iconography – set
03	Iconography – sizing functional UI
04	Iconography – examples

# 01.

## Iconography - system

Icons are made with 1.5 px stroke and are constructed on a 20x20px grid. They then resize to the other sizes from there.

Please utilize this construction technique if creating new icons.



Each icon is reduced to its minimal form, expressing essential characteristics.



- A main motif is to communicate as clearly as possible by stripping away unnecessary details and appearing simple.
- Keep motifs in context of what it should communicate.
- Avoid overly abstract motifs.

# 02.

## Iconography - set

A selection of initial icons has been created to show the system behind it. This selection is meant for inspiration for the futher development of icons.

If none of the icons that have already been developed meet a specific requirement, a graphic designer will need to develop new icons based on the guidelines outlined in the previous section.





# 03.

## Iconography - sizing functional UI

When using an icon from the library, consult the this chart. If you have more questions consult the [Borealis Design System](#).

	DEFAULT	Build at this size	Status & Avatar	Avatar
+	+	+	+	+
12x12px	16x16px	20x20px	24x24px	32x32px



### Functional UI

Functional product UI icons.



### Decorative pictogram

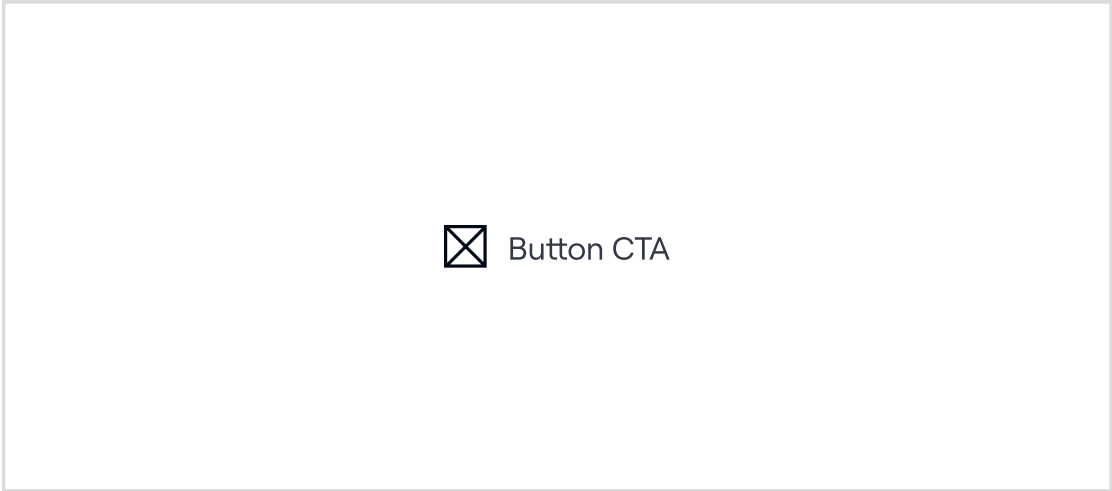
Decorative pictograms are reference to page views and are not functional.



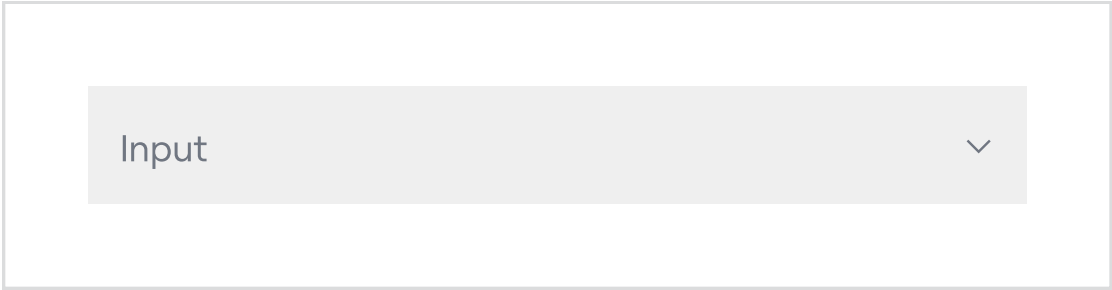
### 12px icon

@Sp-3

Body 12



### XS Components



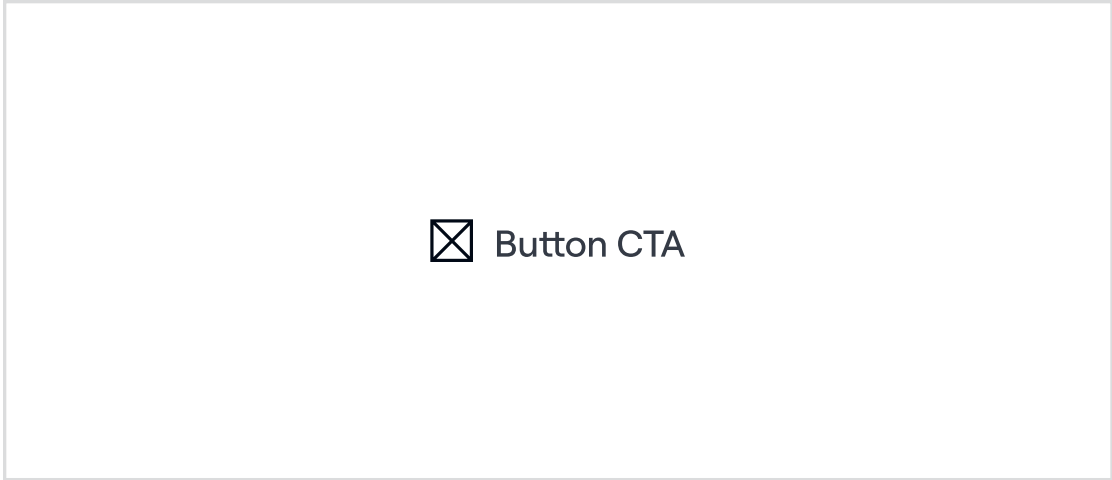
- 32px size components
- Basic & standard UI controls such as close icon dropdow ui, breadcrumb trails, and simple non obtrusive uses of larger UI.



### 16px icon

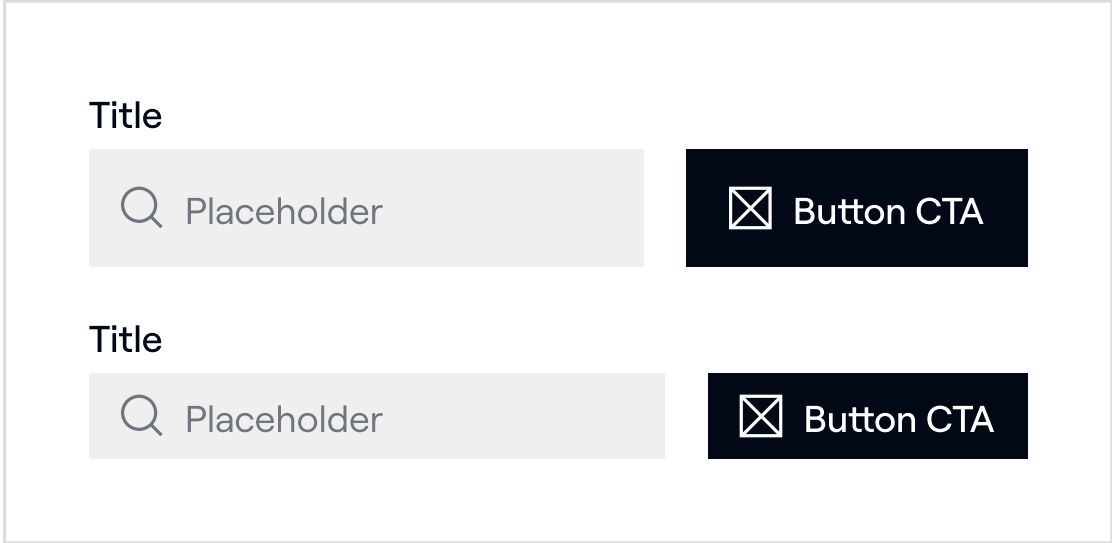
@Sp-4

Body 14



Body 14 always paired with a 16px icon

### SM Components



44px size components always paired with a 16px icon

# 04.

## Iconography – examples

The following example of icons are for inspirational purposes only. Please refer to Borealis Design System. for further clarification.

Button

Button →

Button ▾

Performing action...

Action complete

Action complete Try again

Request Expert Model Support

Get your design modeled by 3D modeling expert.

Button

Edit

Sales

Design 1

Last edited 1 min. ago

Cost

\$33,093

Size

8.3 kWh

Offset

98 %

Draft

Projects

Search

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↓	Updates
<input type="checkbox"/>	Jay Anderson	<div></div> Sent
<input type="checkbox"/>	Penelope Gomez	<div></div> In progress
<input type="checkbox"/>	Waterworks Inc.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		<div></div> Accepted
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mc Donalds, Santa Ana	<div></div> In progress
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mario Pagano	<div></div> Error

1

2

3

4

5

...

→

Showing XX of XXX results.

# 06. Photography



Note: All Images in this guide is placeholder and for inspirational purposes only. These should be replaced before use in any public or commercial context.

## Index

01	Photography – concept
02	Photography – settings: homes
03	Photography – settings: light
04	Photography – settings: people
05	Photography – treatment, don’ts
06	Stock photos – general guidelines
07	Photography – misuse



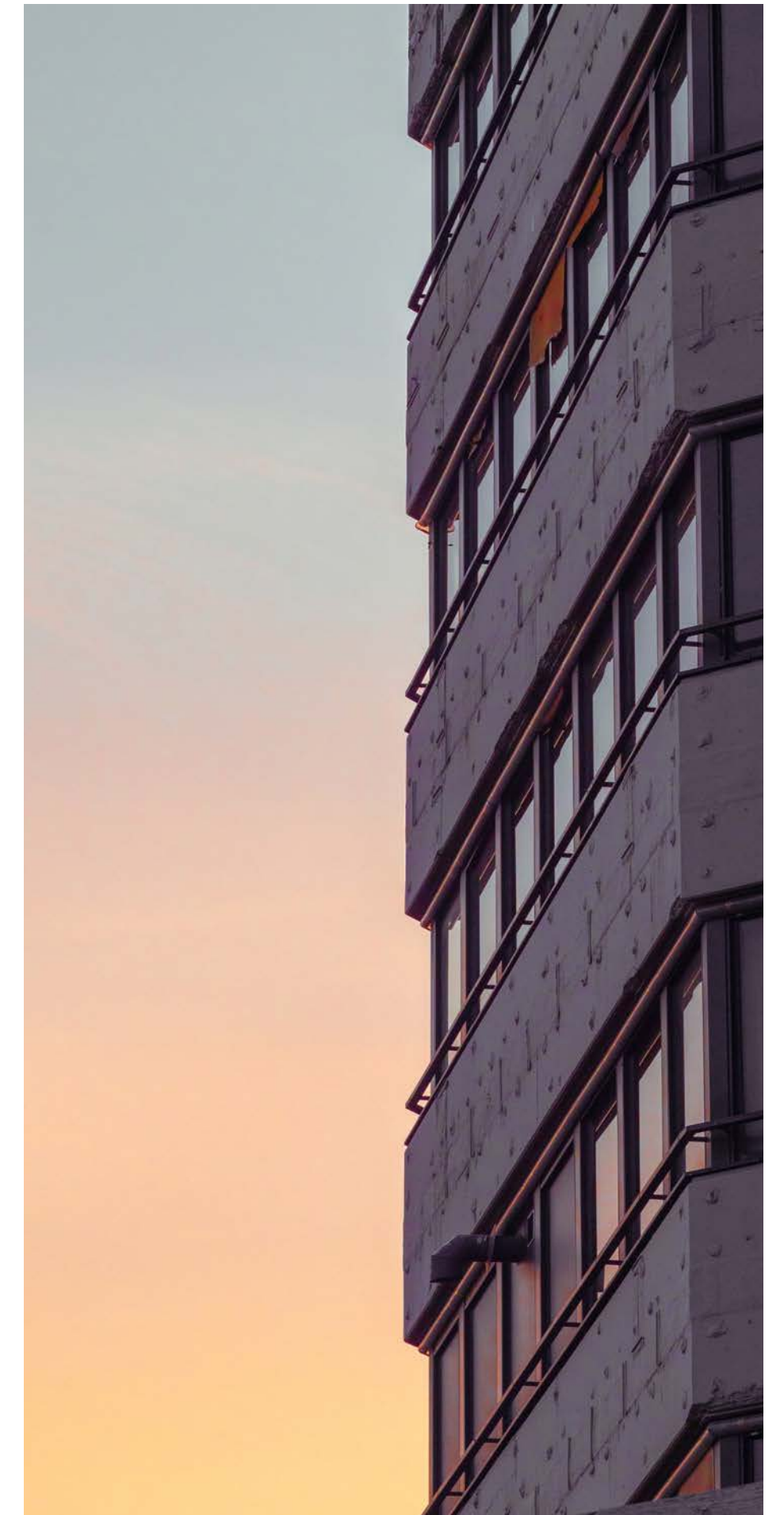
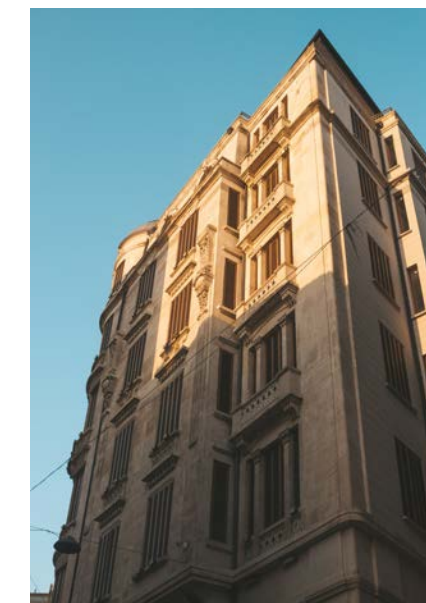
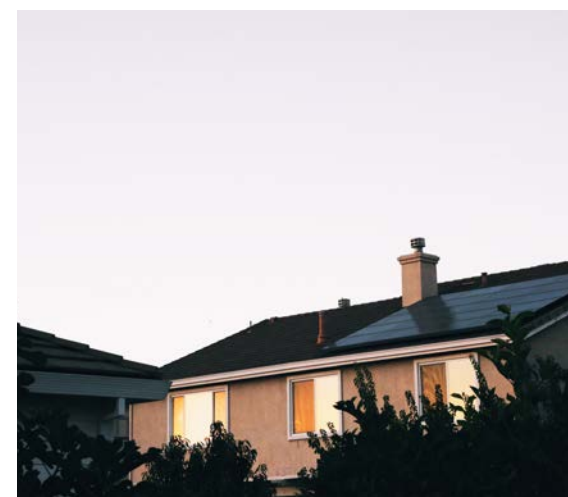
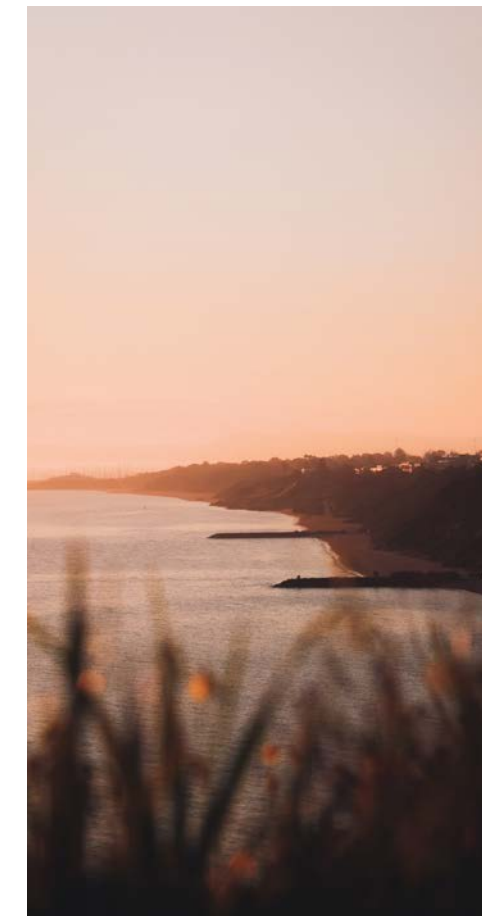
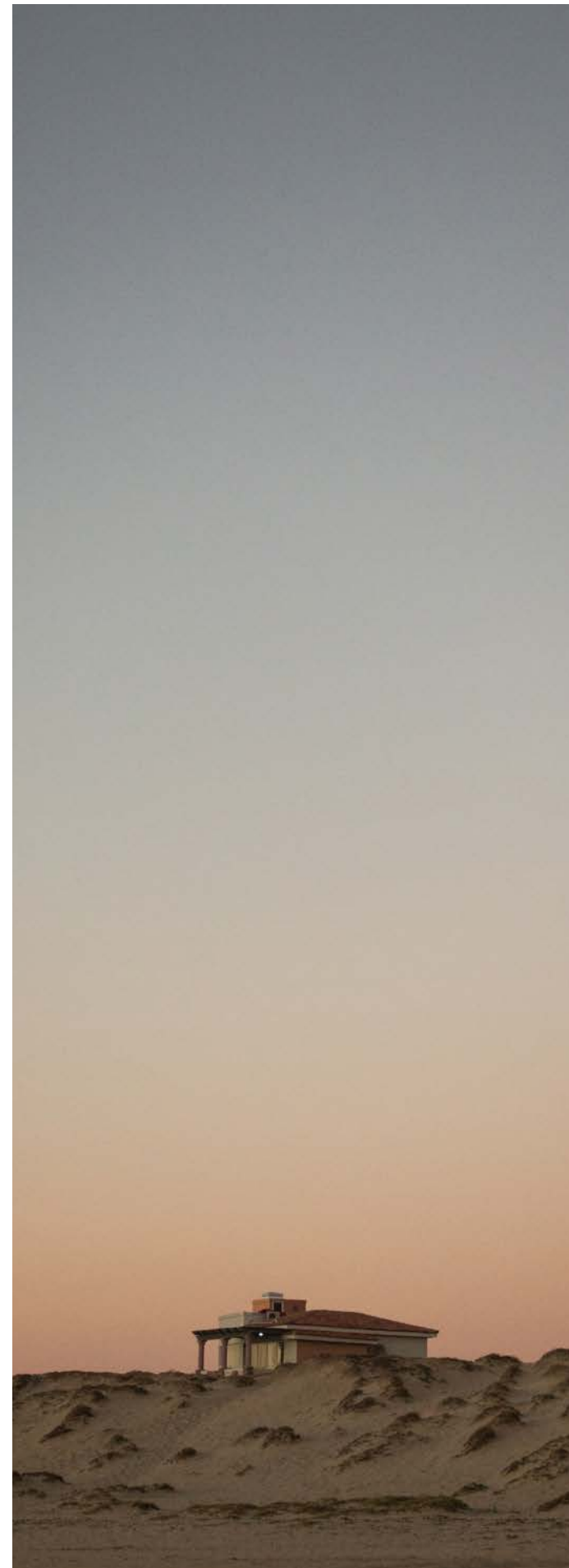
# 01.

## Concept

The photography style is inspired by sunrise and sunset. These times of day are all about the sun — they are literally characterized by it — but they are more distinct and ownable than that full midday sun we see everywhere. Think of scenes washed in warm but softer light, creating almost an ombre effect.

This lower light also helps to create shadows, which only serve to further emphasise the light, and draw the eye to where the sun is breaking through.

Brand images can be found in the [Brand Photos Library](#)



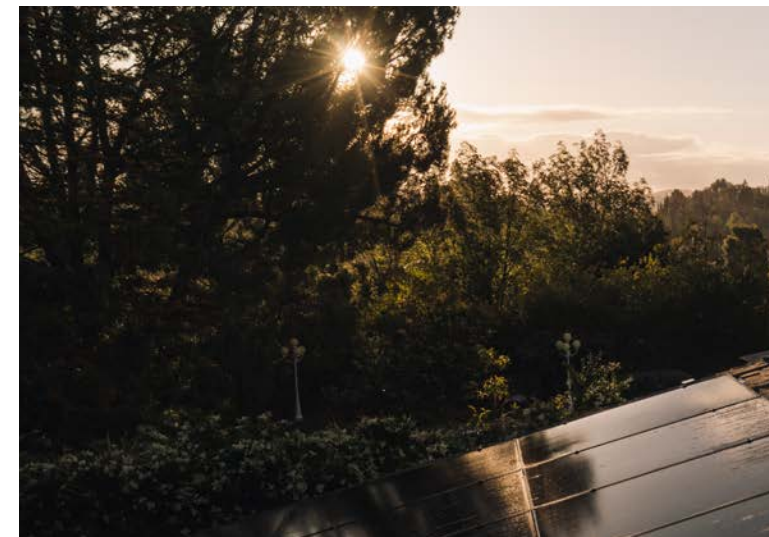
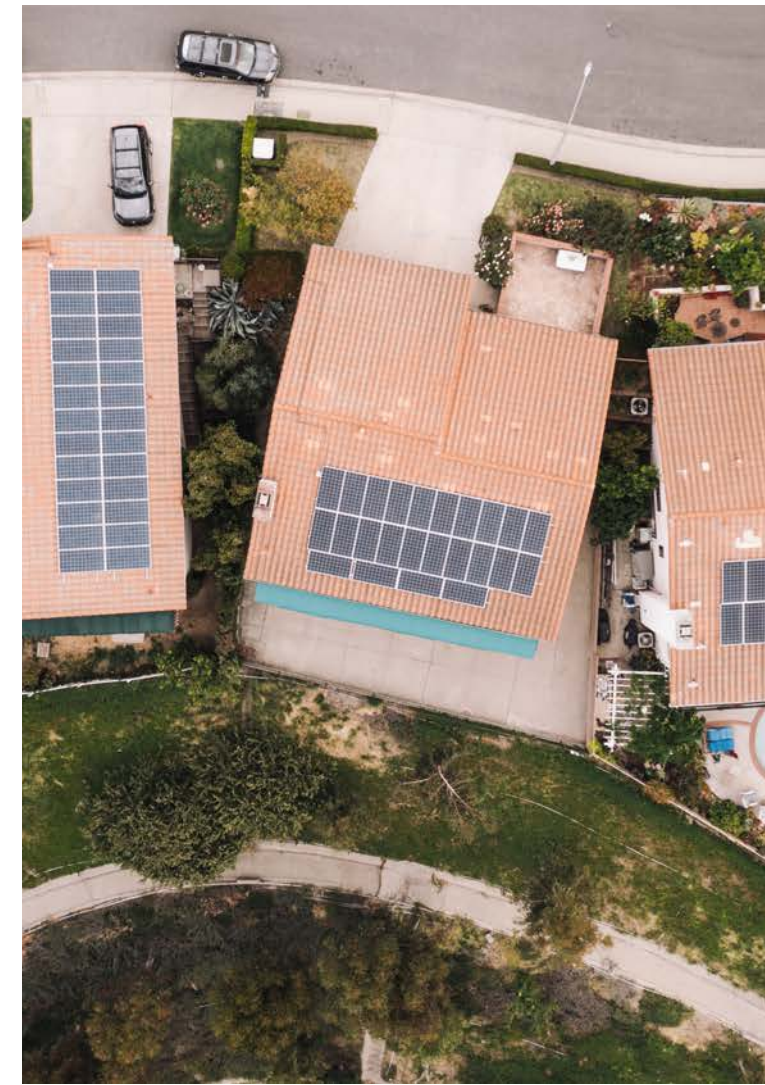
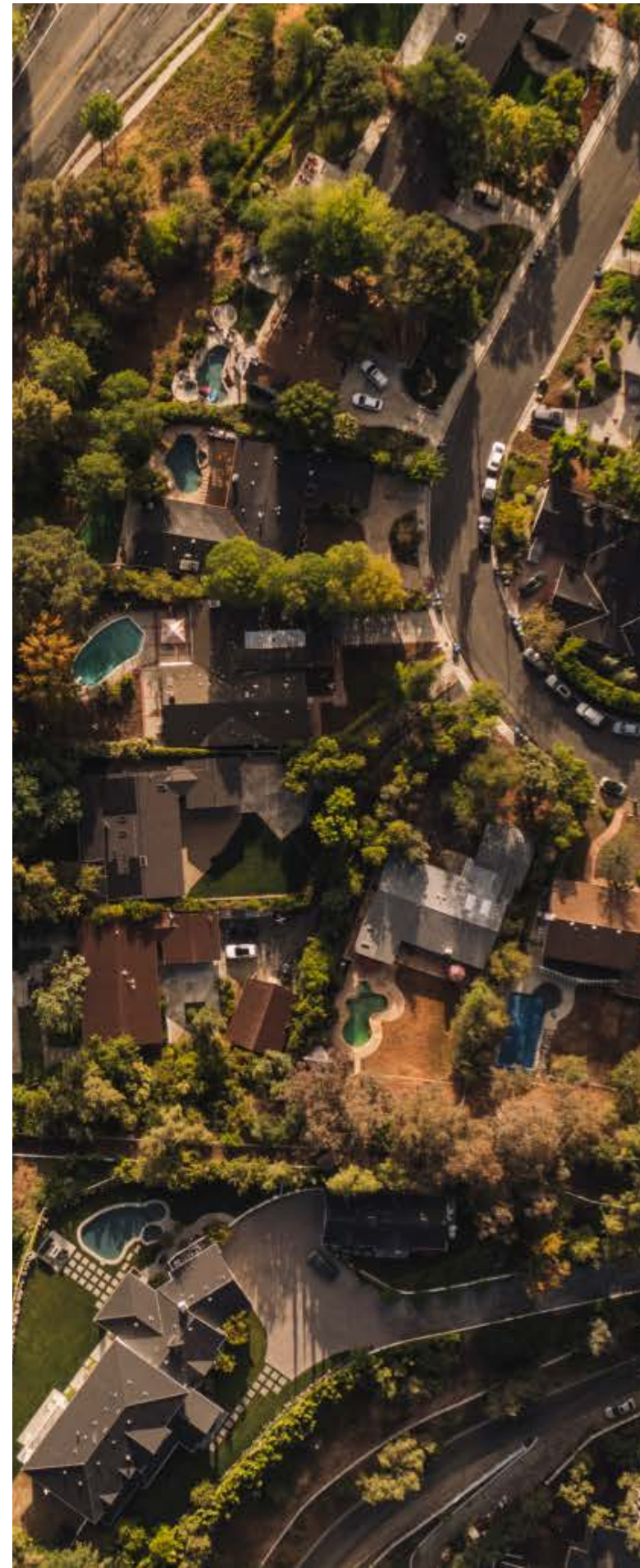


# 02.

## Settings — homes

Showing high-end but “real” and accessible homes.

Images should look clean, and the solar panels should be evidently visible, but not necessarily always front and center.





## Settings -communities

There is an opportunity to show community by zooming out to show multiple homes. This reinforces the idea of several things coming together to accomplish or affect something bigger together.





# 03.

## Settings -light

Photos should use lighting that feels natural and welcoming and adds a little bit of character to the image – without making it seem staged or distanced.

Lighting should reinforce the overarching sun set / sunrise concept. Avoid a full midday type of light.





# 04.

## Settings -People

When photographing people it's important to capture honest moments, so that we can avoid the cheesy stock feeling. We want to show real people in their natural environments, whether this is at work or on site. This can be in the context of the office, sales, installation, etc.

When we do portraits, we are still careful to show people in their natural workplace surroundings. The images should be used to set a scene and create a mood, while reinforcing the core branding parameters: premium, authentic, human, simple. This approach is inspired by our honest and straightforward approach to Solar.

In the future this can evolve to include homeowners, when Aurora Solar grows their B2C offering.

Avoid fashion models and over-styling  
- the goal is to show real people in real contexts.





# 05.

## Image treatment

Imagery is an essential element of our branding and used to communicating the technical and human side of Aurora Solar. As such, we recommend using them generously, while always ensuring they're appropriate for the task at hand.

- Avoid using any objects to mask an image (no circles, no frame). Always use square or rectangular images
- Only use one images at the time. Make sure the imagery is given the required space.
- Be intelligent with any overlaying typography.



# 06.

## Stock photos - general guidelines

Where possible, Aurora’s own photography should be used, to avoid an over-reliance on stock photography.

In cases where stock photography is needed to supplement existing photography assets, make sure browse the Approved Stock Photo Library first for images




When those resources have been exhausted, use one of the apprviwed stock vendros and search for photos with a good color scheme that fit the overarching concept of never using photos taken in 100% daylight. If that is not possibe we reccomend going for photos slightly desaturated.

If using photos of people, make sure they look ‘real’ and natural. No fashion models, no over-styling – only real people.

Avoid generic images of solar farms of solar installation – available stock images for this are often very staged and cheesy.


Make sure the quality of the photo selected is good.

General > Brand Assets > Photography and Videography ▾

Name ↑	Last modified	File size
 Approved Stock Photography	Jun 8, 2022	—
 Aurora Brand Photography	Jun 13, 2022	—
 Aurora Brand Video	Jun 14, 2022	—

### Links

This is a list of good websites to find stock images that follow the general guidelines.

 <https://unsplash.com/>

 <https://stock.adobe.com/>



# 07.

## Photos – misuse

It is important that the appearance of photos remains consistent. Photos should not be taken in 100% daylight, or in dark light. Do not change photos to black and white.

No attempt should be made to present 3D rendered images.

When presenting homes, try to avoid using photos of overly lavish or expensive homes.

Avoid generic images of solar farms and of solar installation — available stock images for this are often very staged and cheesy.

To illustrate these points, some of the more likely mistakes are shown on this page.



NO! Do not use photos in 100% daylight



NO! Do not use photos where it's too dark



NO! Do not use 3D rendered images



NO! Do not use generic images of customers in solar panel context



NO! Do not use black and white images



NO! Do not use photos of expensive homes.



NO! Do not use generic stock images of solar installers in solar panel context



NO! Do not use generic images of solar farms

# 07. Product on the Web



Note: All Images in this guide is placeholder and for inspirational purposes only. These should be replaced before use in any public or commercial context.

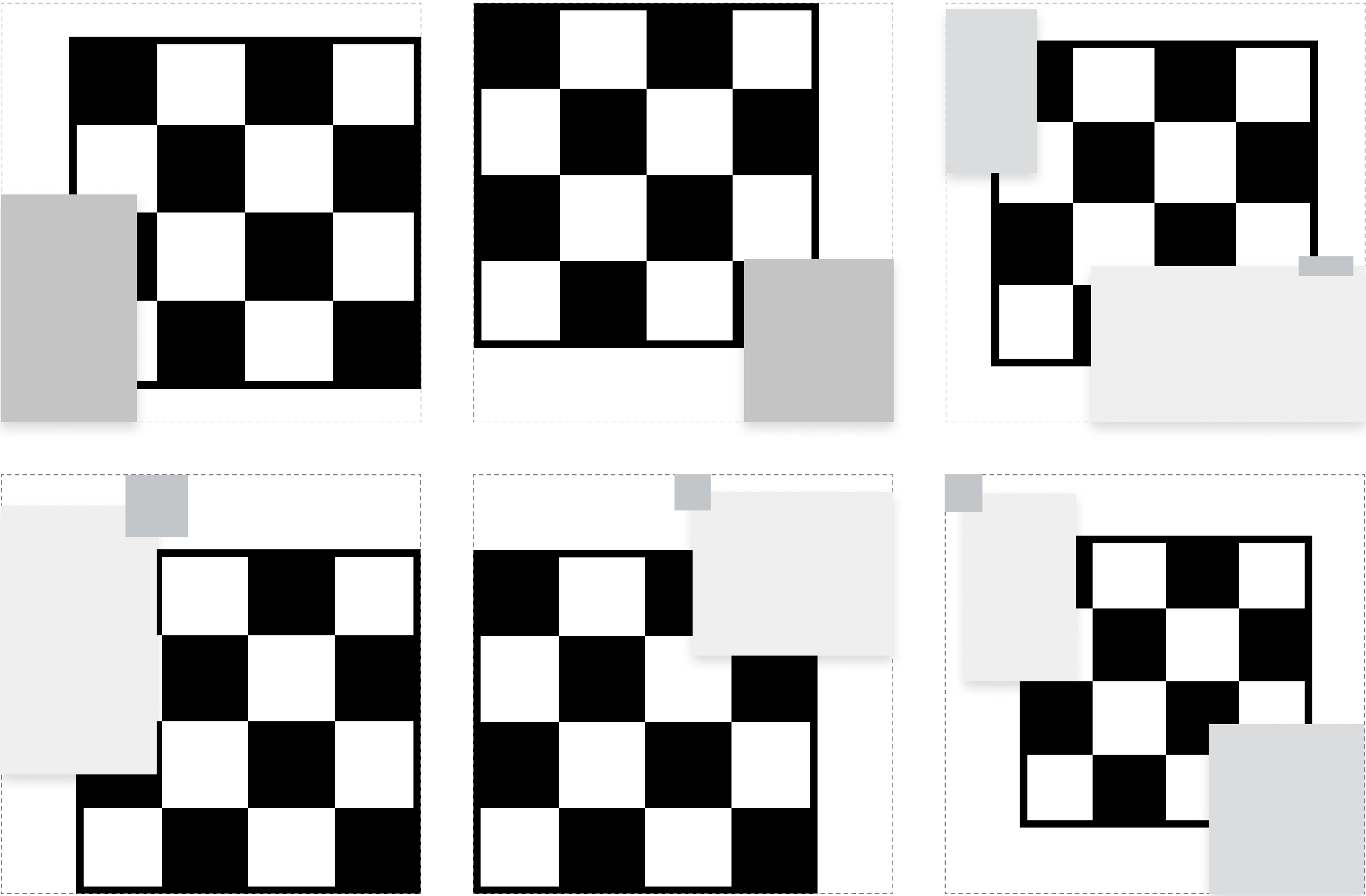
## Index

01	Product on the Web - Ratios
02	Product on the Web - Composition
03	Product on the Web - How to layer images
04	Product on the Web - Examples

# 01.

## Ratios

How we represent our product matters. One goal of this work is to provide the viewer with a clear context for how our product works. The other goal was to provide a storytelling method that can describe specific features, workflows and functions.



1:1

Image or product base

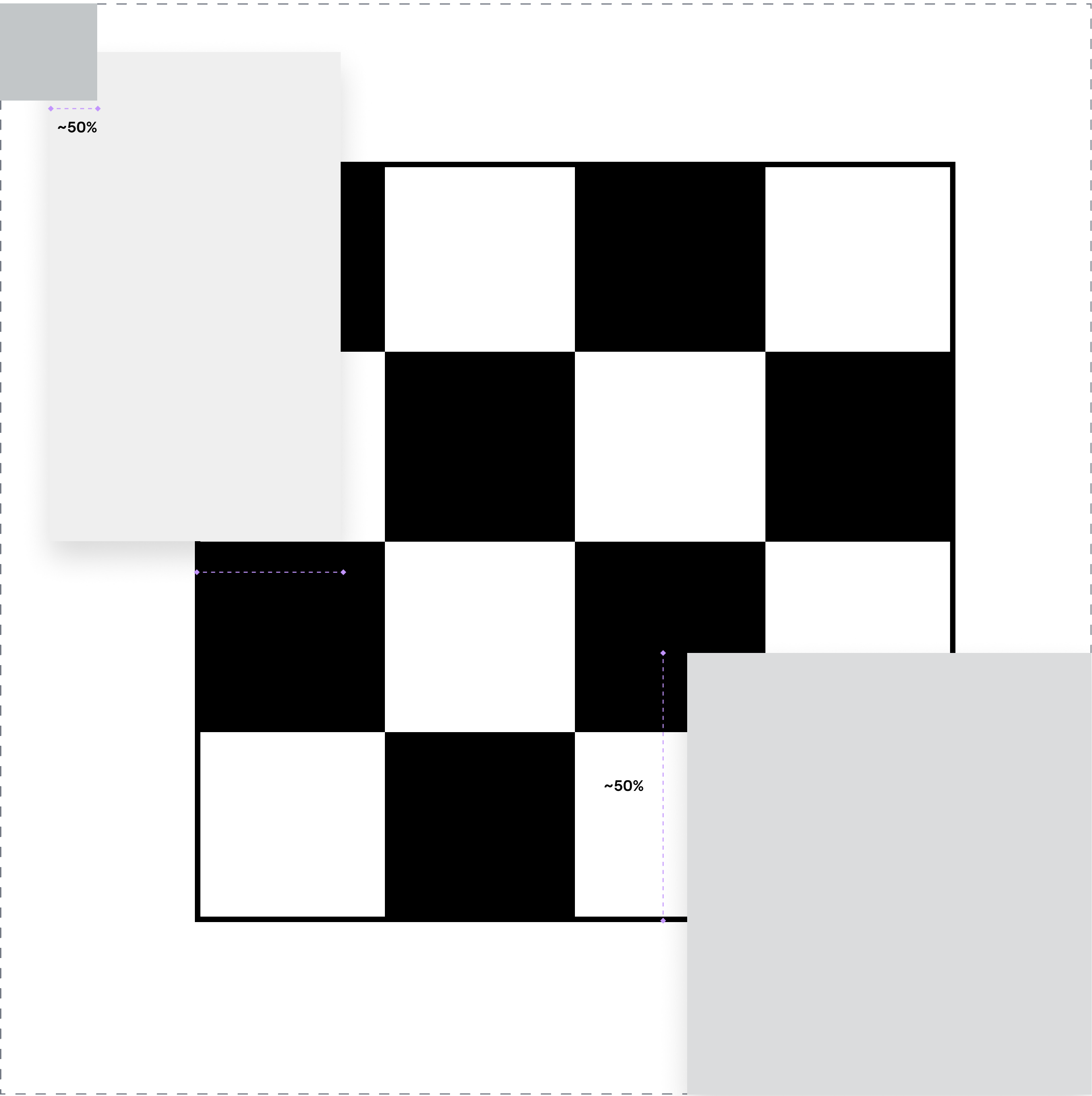


# 02.

## Composition - ~50% overlap rule

Although this is not an absolute rule, the ~50% overlap rule can help to make these collages feel as if they are created by the same hand. When crafting the layout of a product collage follow these composition steps:

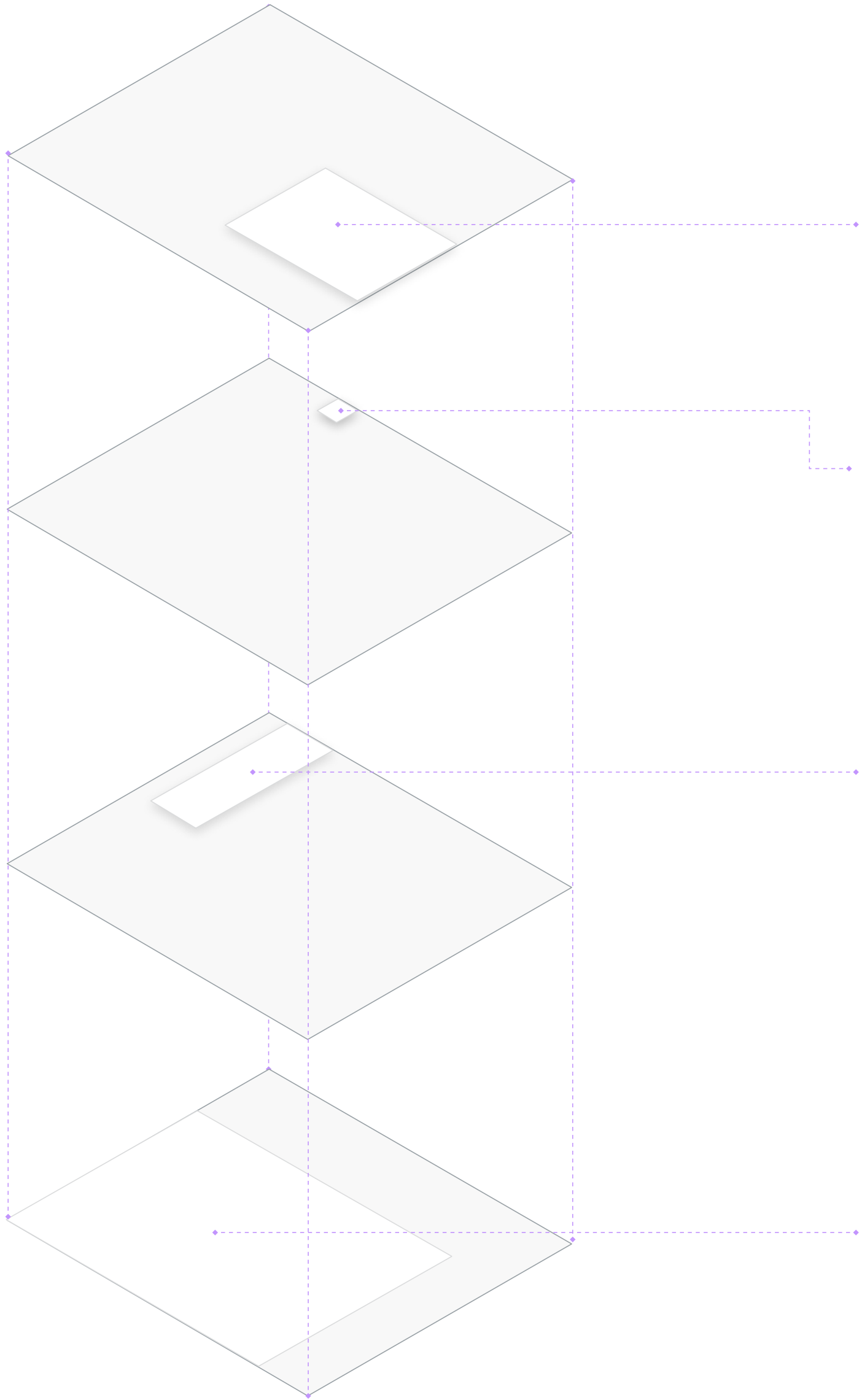
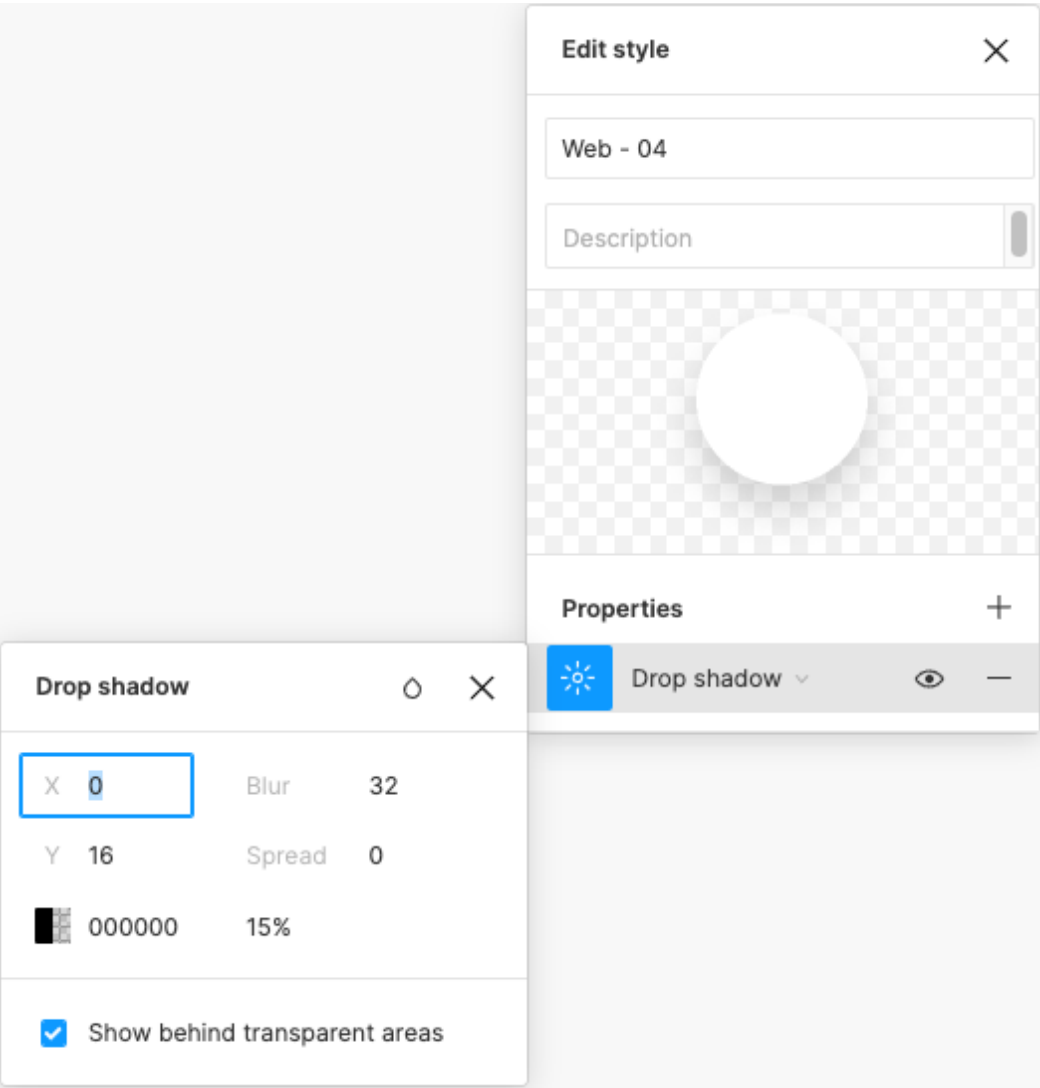
1. Select a base image and an aspect ratio that best fits the image that you have selected (1:1, 4:3, or 16:10). This ratio will become the area of the composition. The Base Layer should be scaled proportionally within the composition area.
2. Add the UI/UX layers and the Ionic layer if applicable within and up against the composition area. Not all of these elements should touch the boundry but they should be composed to use as much space as possible while still looking well balanced and appealing.
3. Resize each element, including the base layer, proportionatly to meet the ~50% overlap rule. This rule is defined by a ~50% overlap of one edge of the UX/UI layers over the base image. The Iconic layer should be ~50% overlaped with its associated UI/UX layer.



# 03.

## How to layer images

When creating layered product collages use this layering guide to inform the drop shadows in the composition. The Web - 04 drop shadow has been optimized for use on the web. It should be applied where appropriate.



### 2nd UI/UX Layer (optional)

This layer is optional. If your visual story telling needs more depth this layer can be applied to provide more context or imply a next step in the workflow.

### Iconic Layer (optional)

This top layer is intended to hold the smallest least information dense part of the UI/workflow. This element can hold items like icons, approvals, buttons etc.

If your collage has one UI/UX layer, this Iconic layer should be lock up with the 1st UI/UX layer and follow the 50% composition rule.

### 1st UI/UX Layer

This layer is required. It is intended to tell the next step in your workflow or draw attention to an element within the base UI/UX screen.

If you find that you are are not going to need a layered collage, considering using just an image or UI/UX screen on a device.

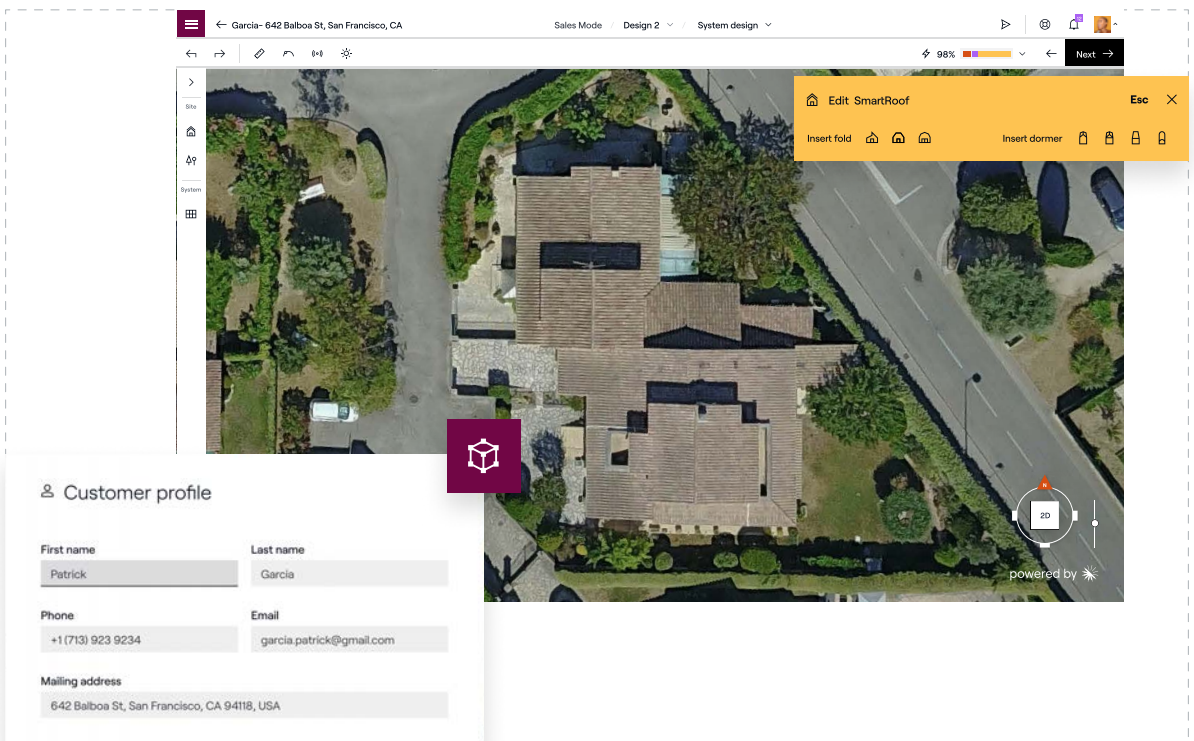
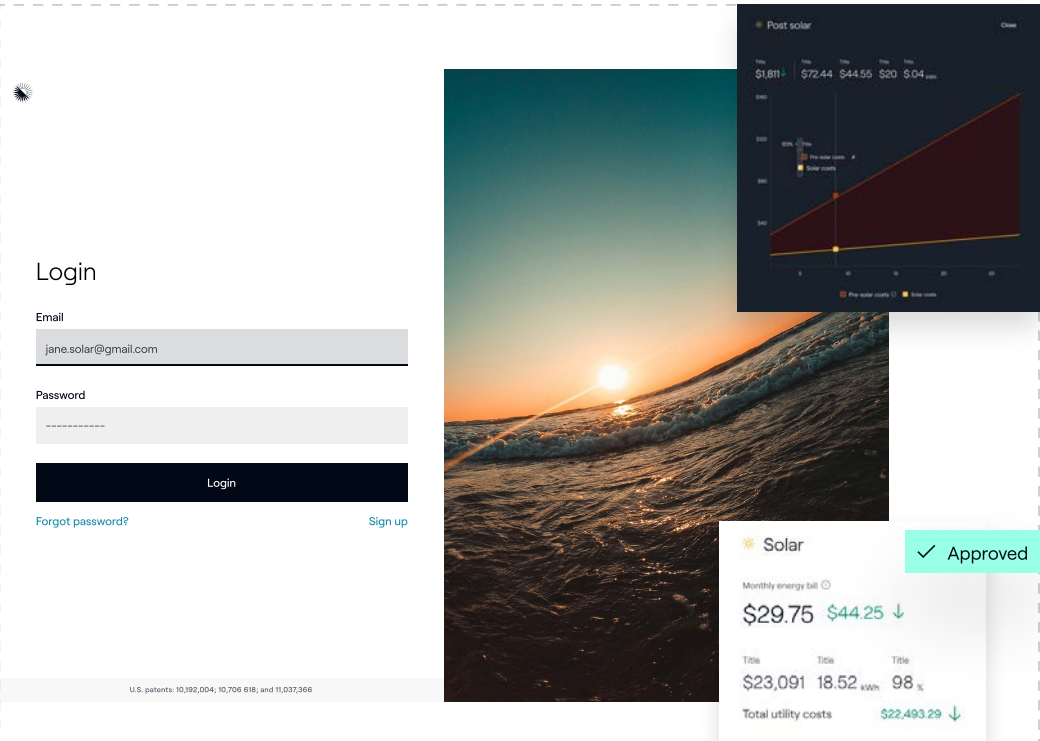
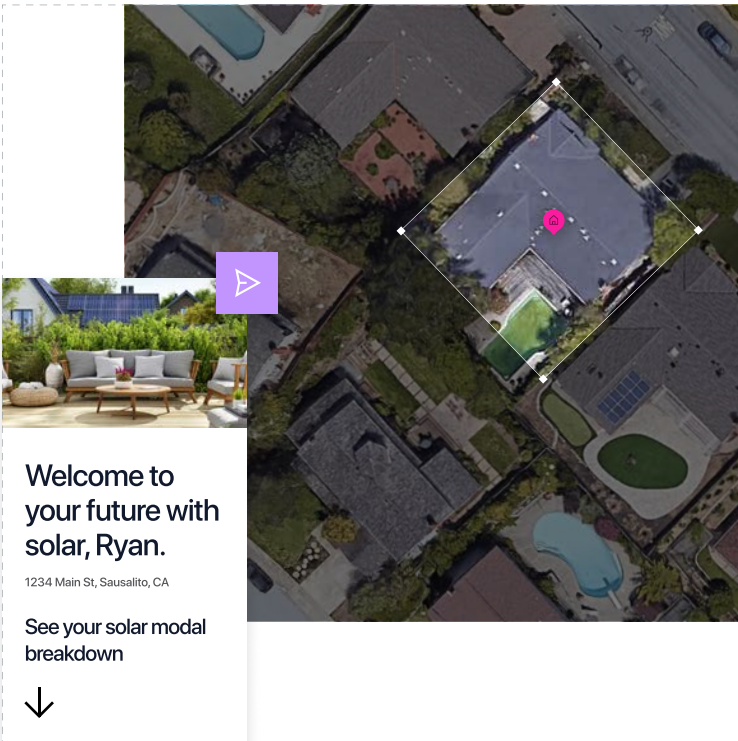
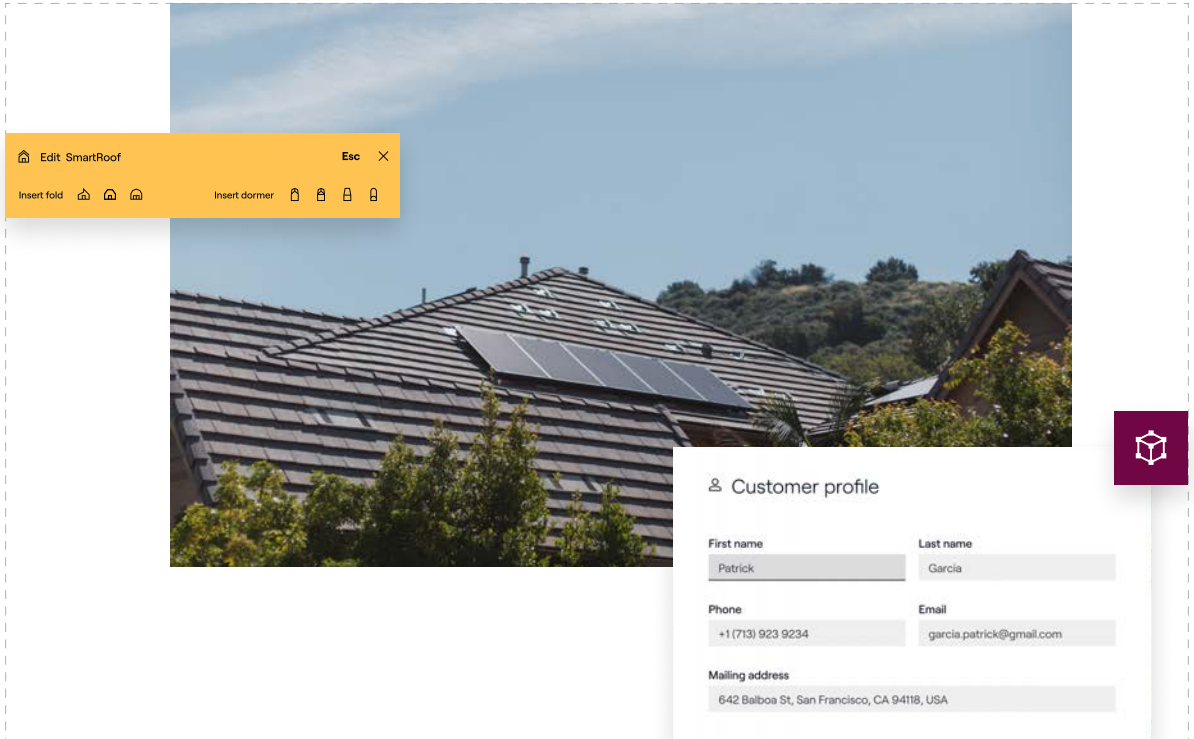
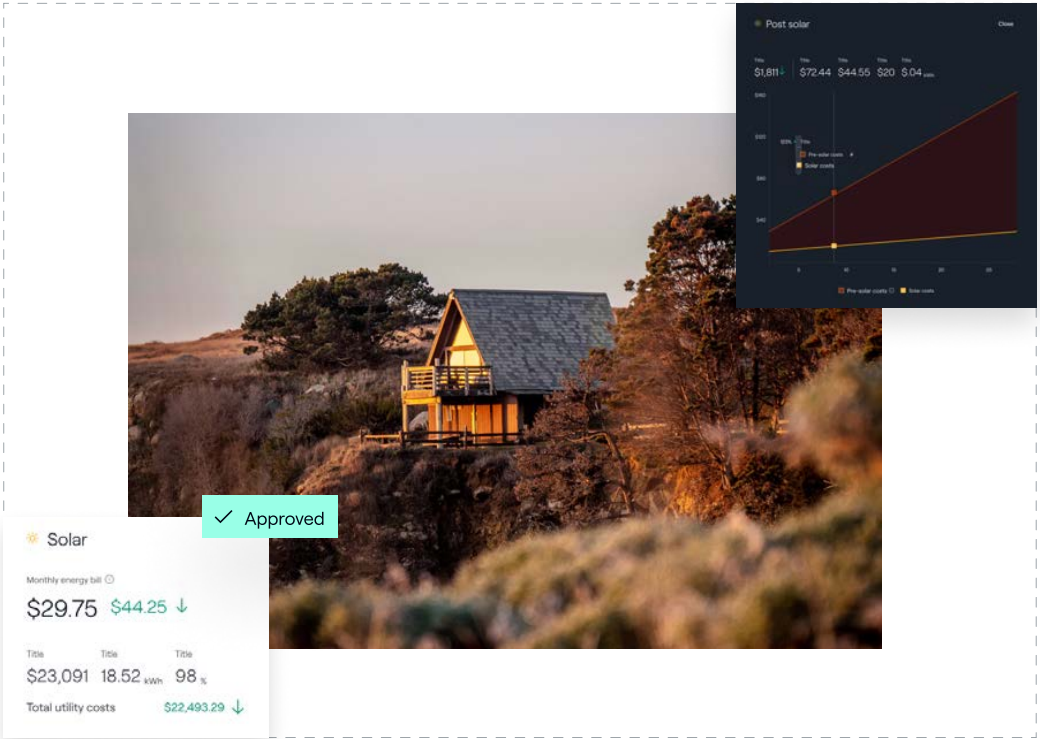
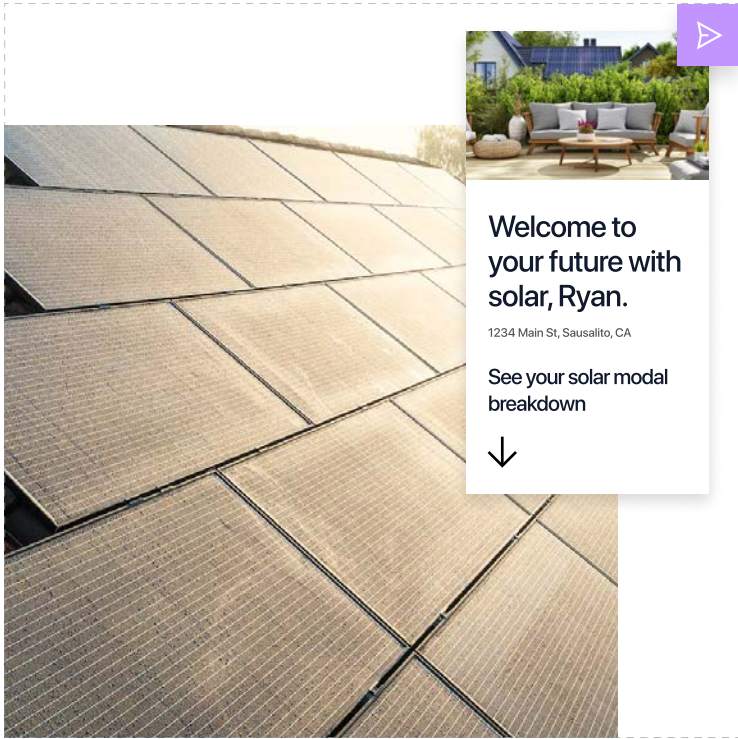
### Base Layer

When composing a collage, you have two options for a base layer. A photo from the photo library or a complete single UI/UX screen can occupy this layer. This image sets the visual story telling grounding and is the most important image for establishing the visual context.

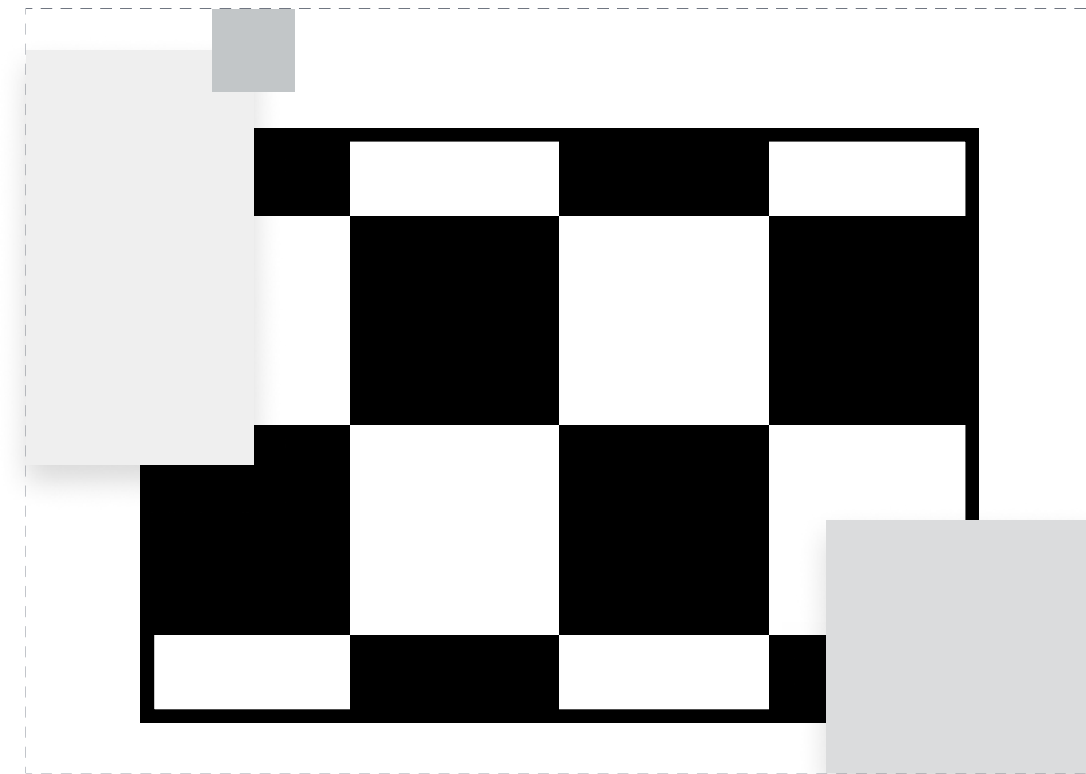
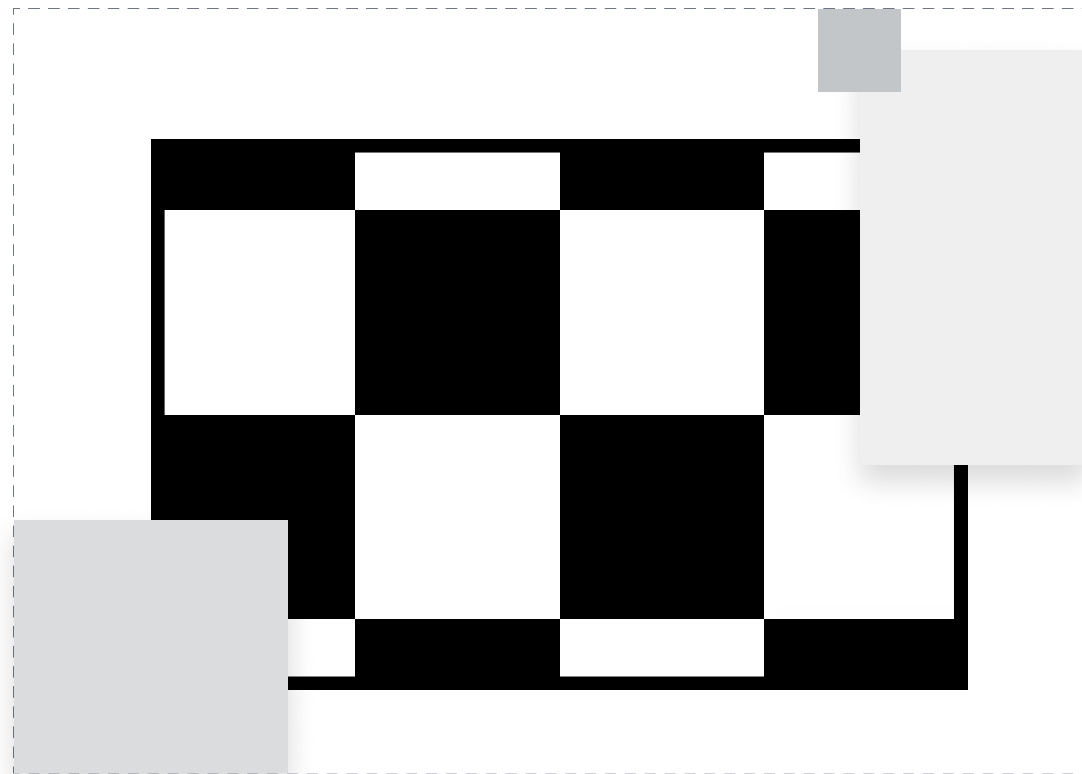
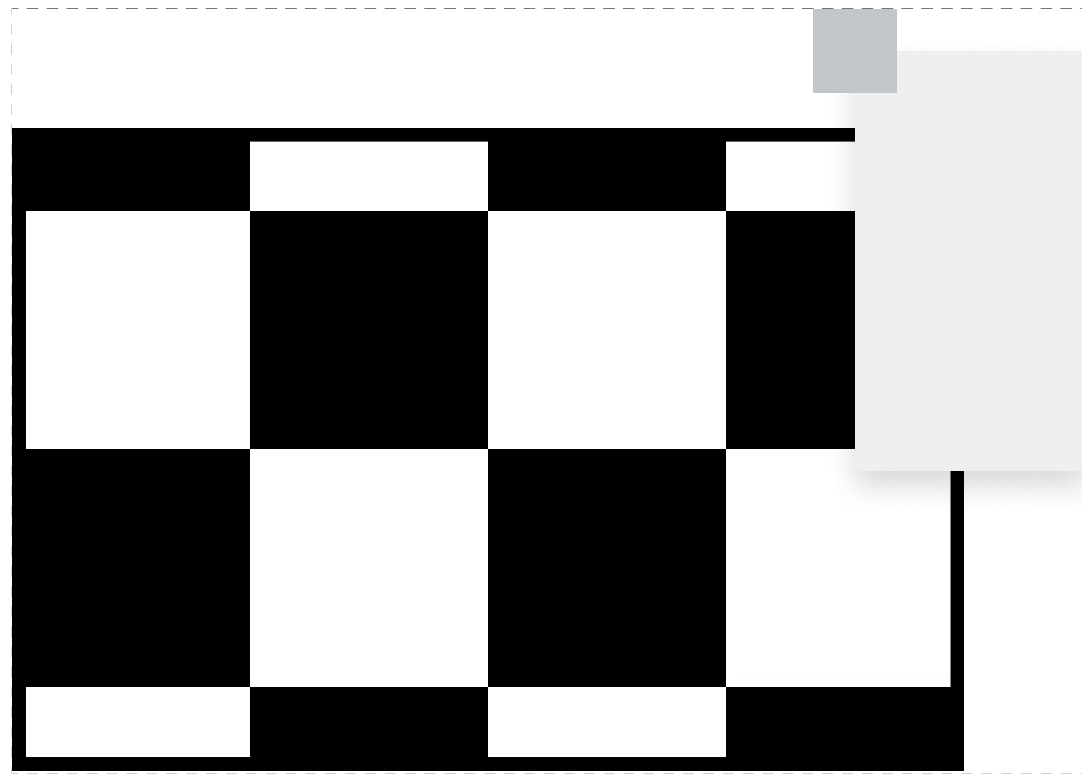
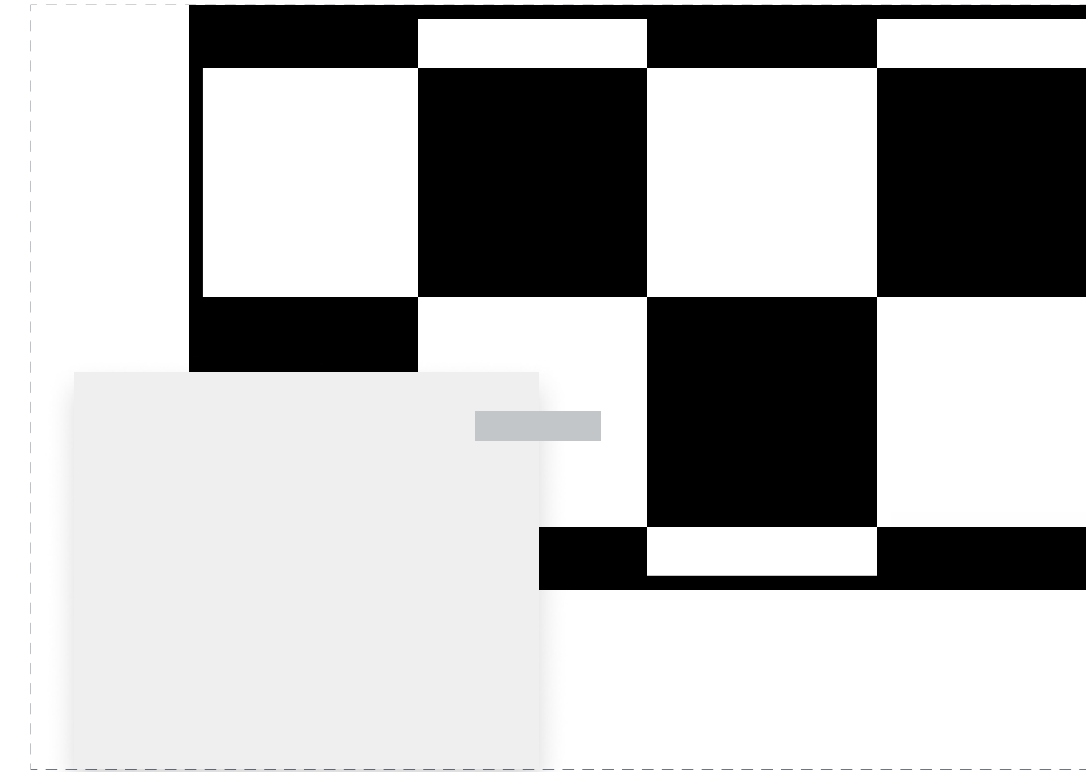
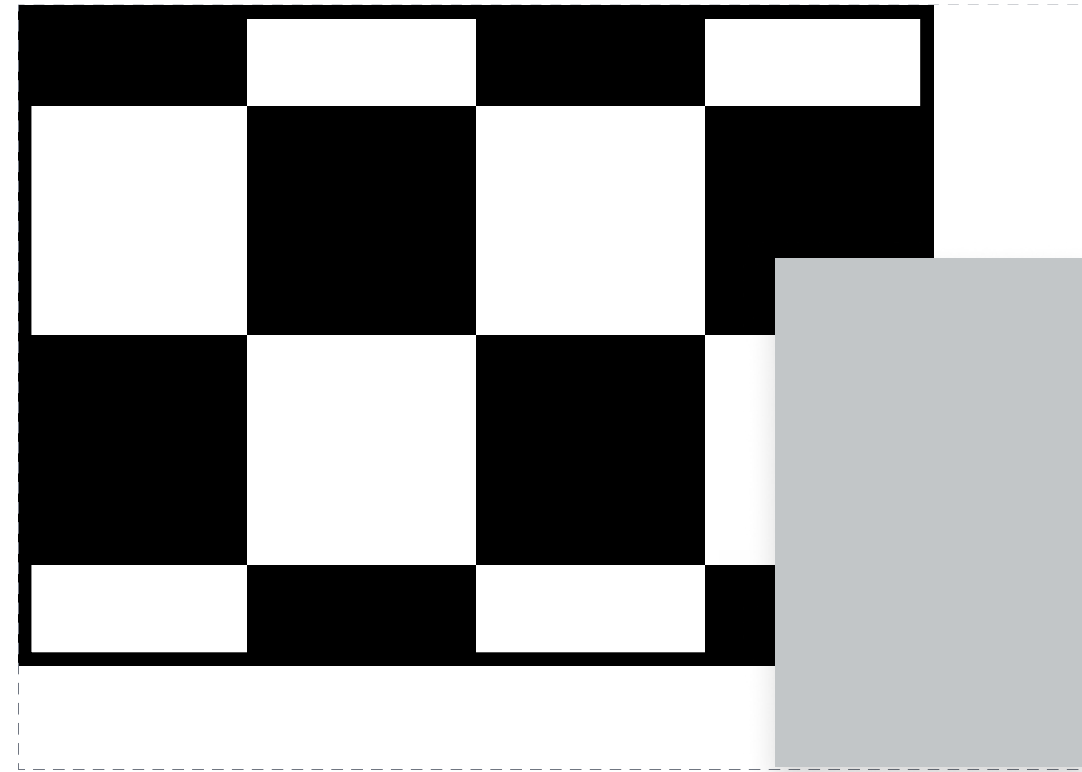
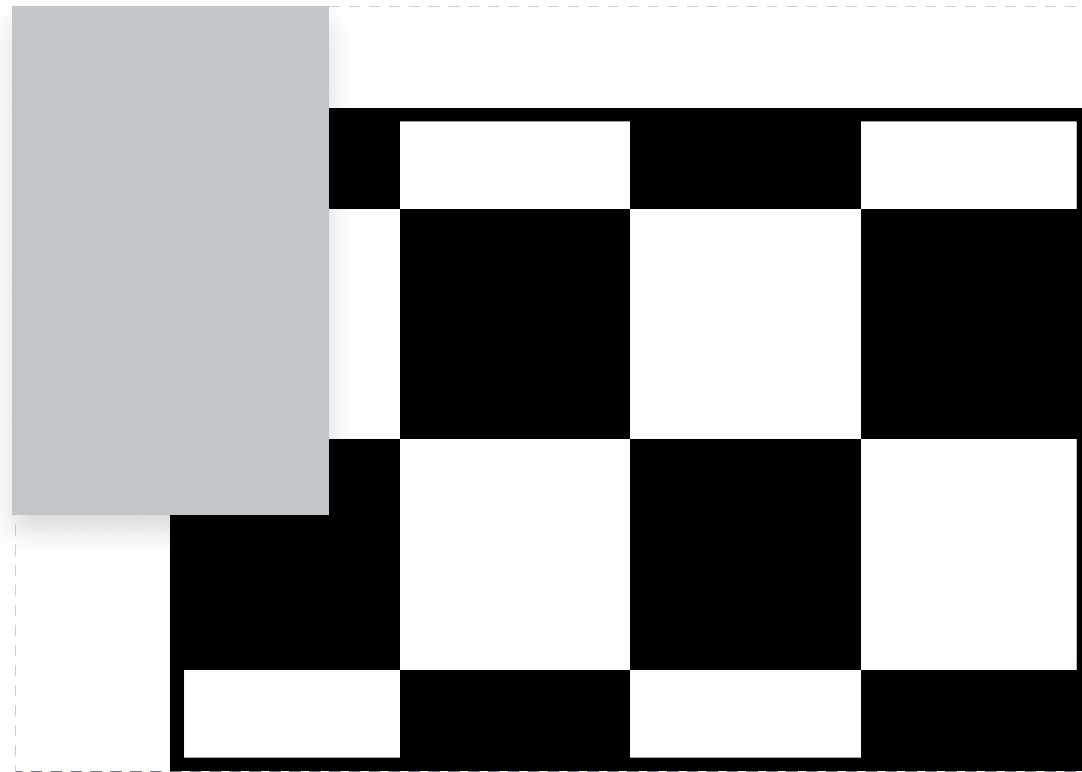


# 04.

## Examples

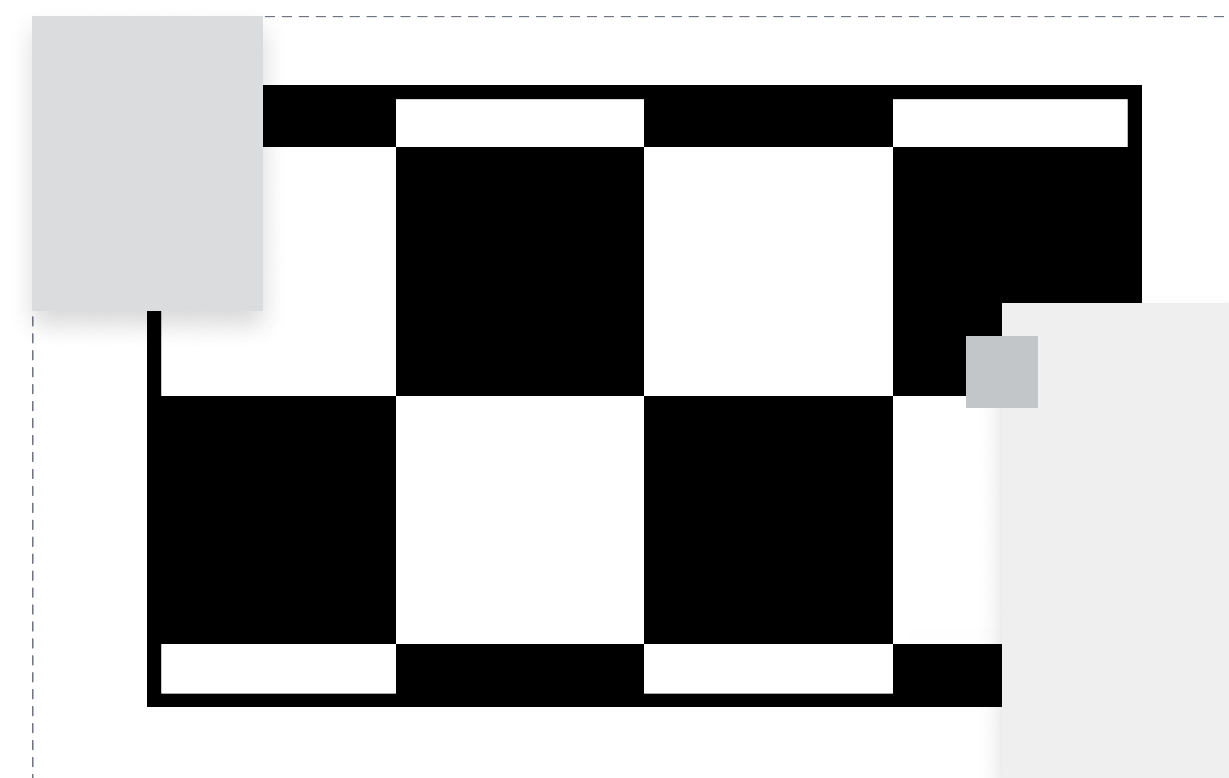
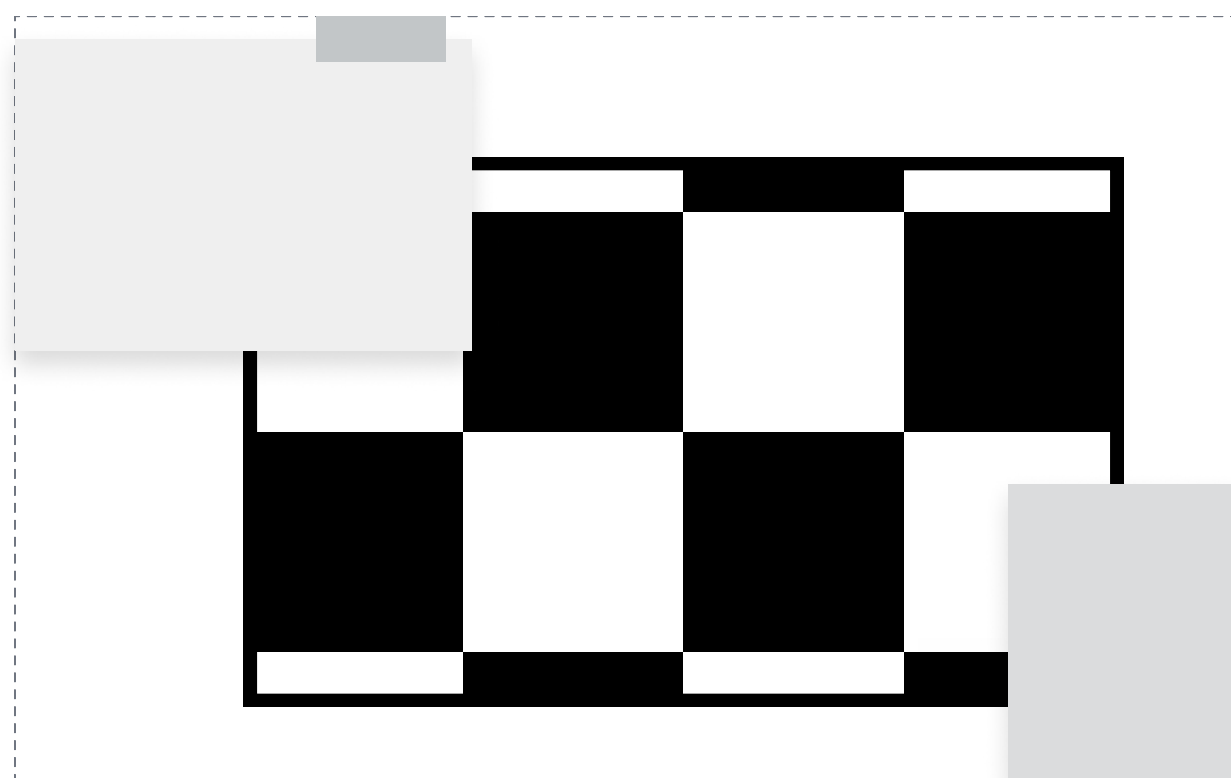
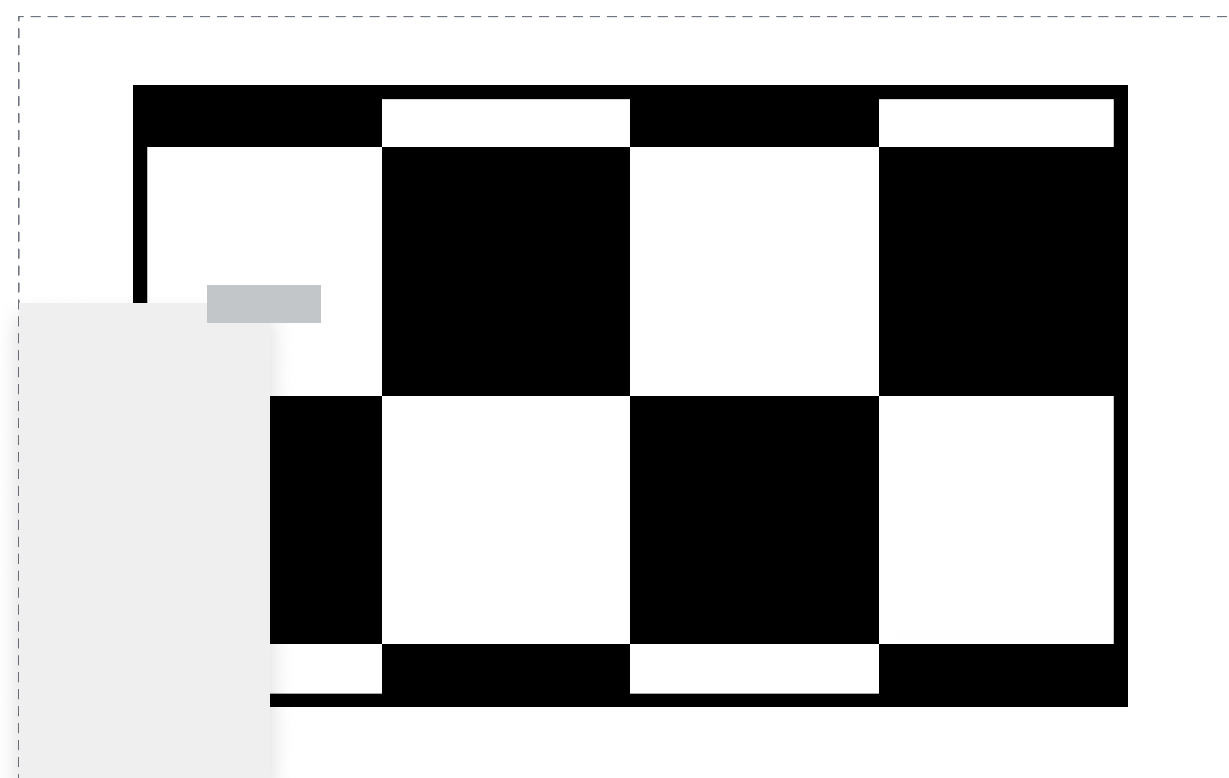
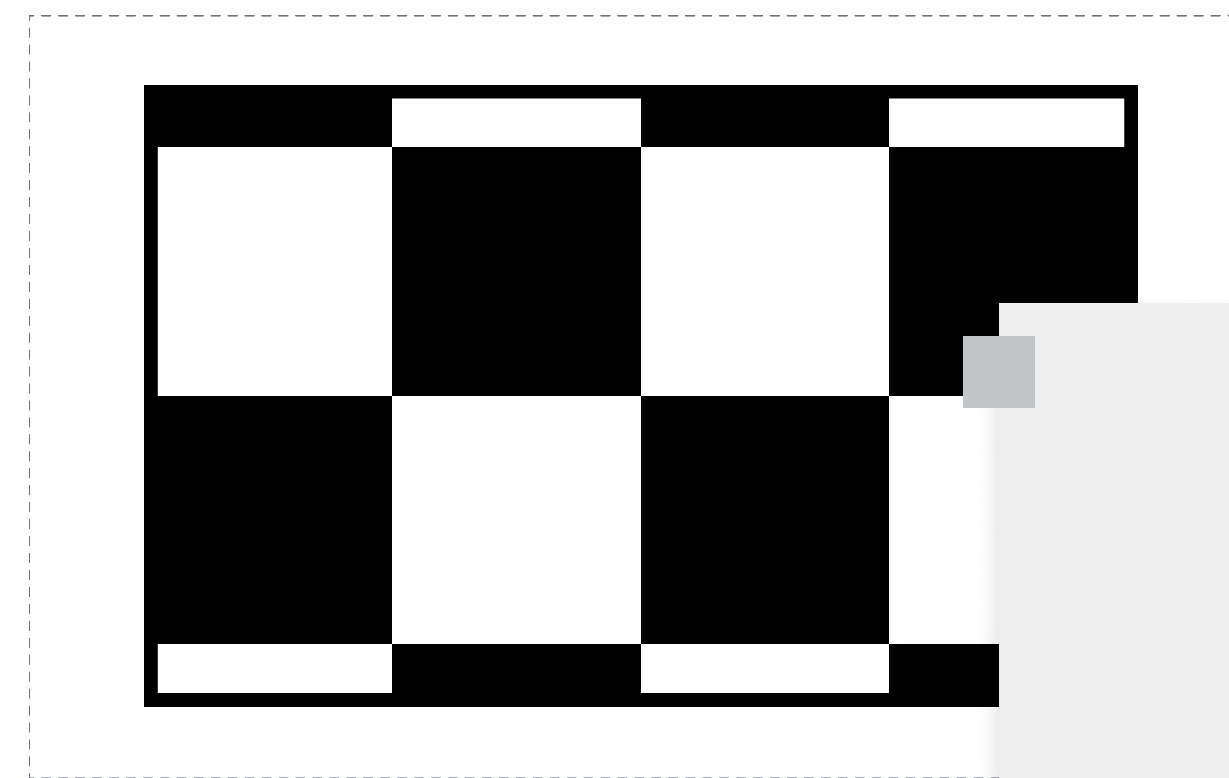
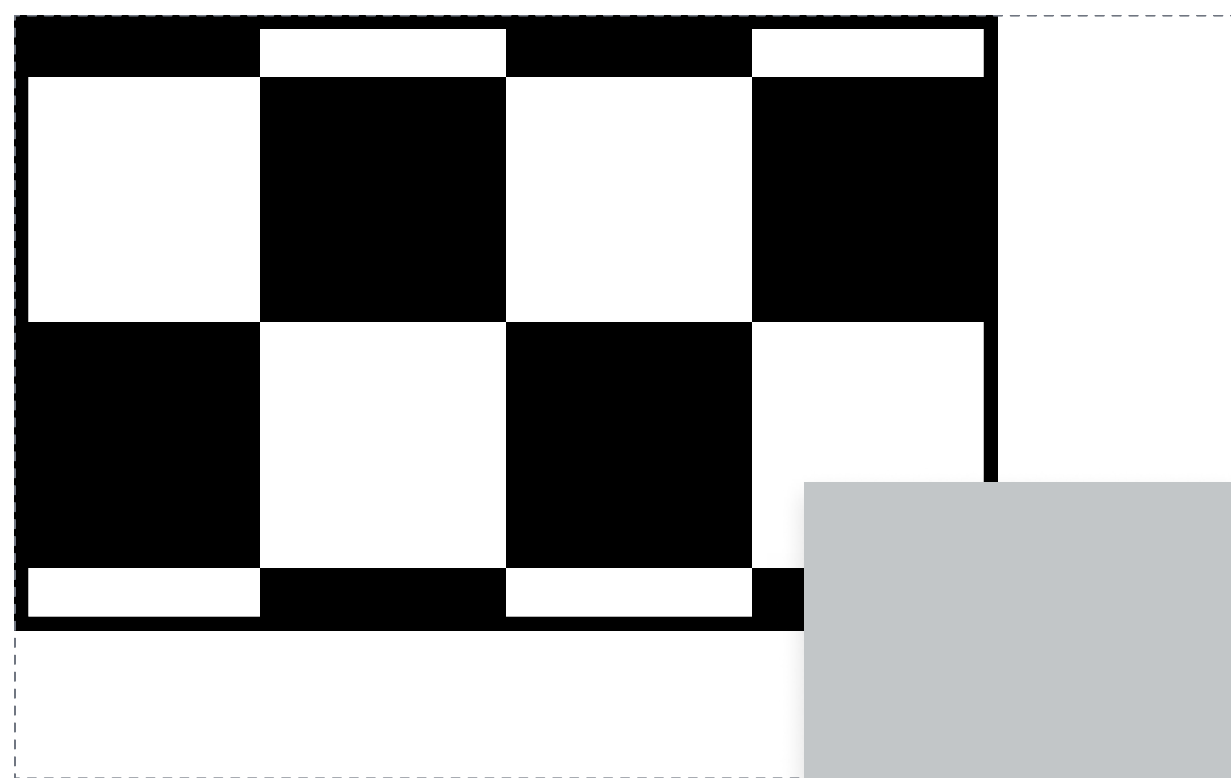
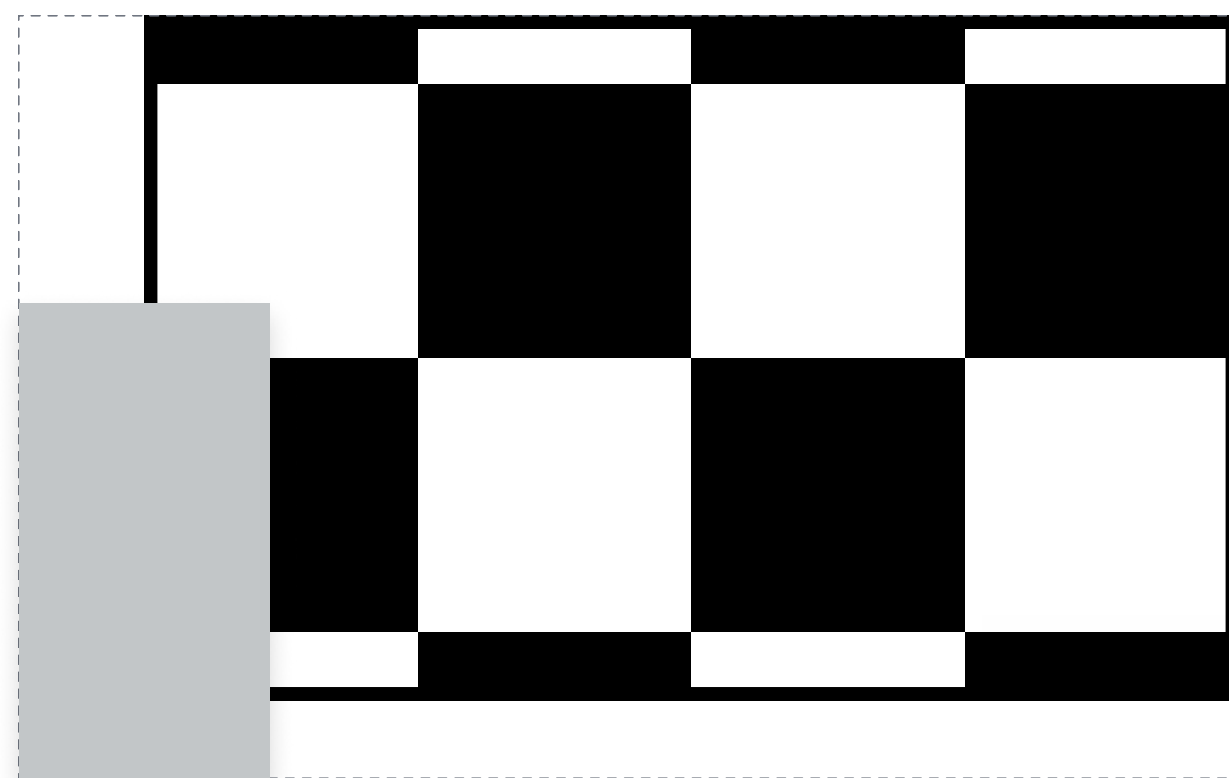






4:3

Image or product base



16:10

Image or product base

# 07. Application examples



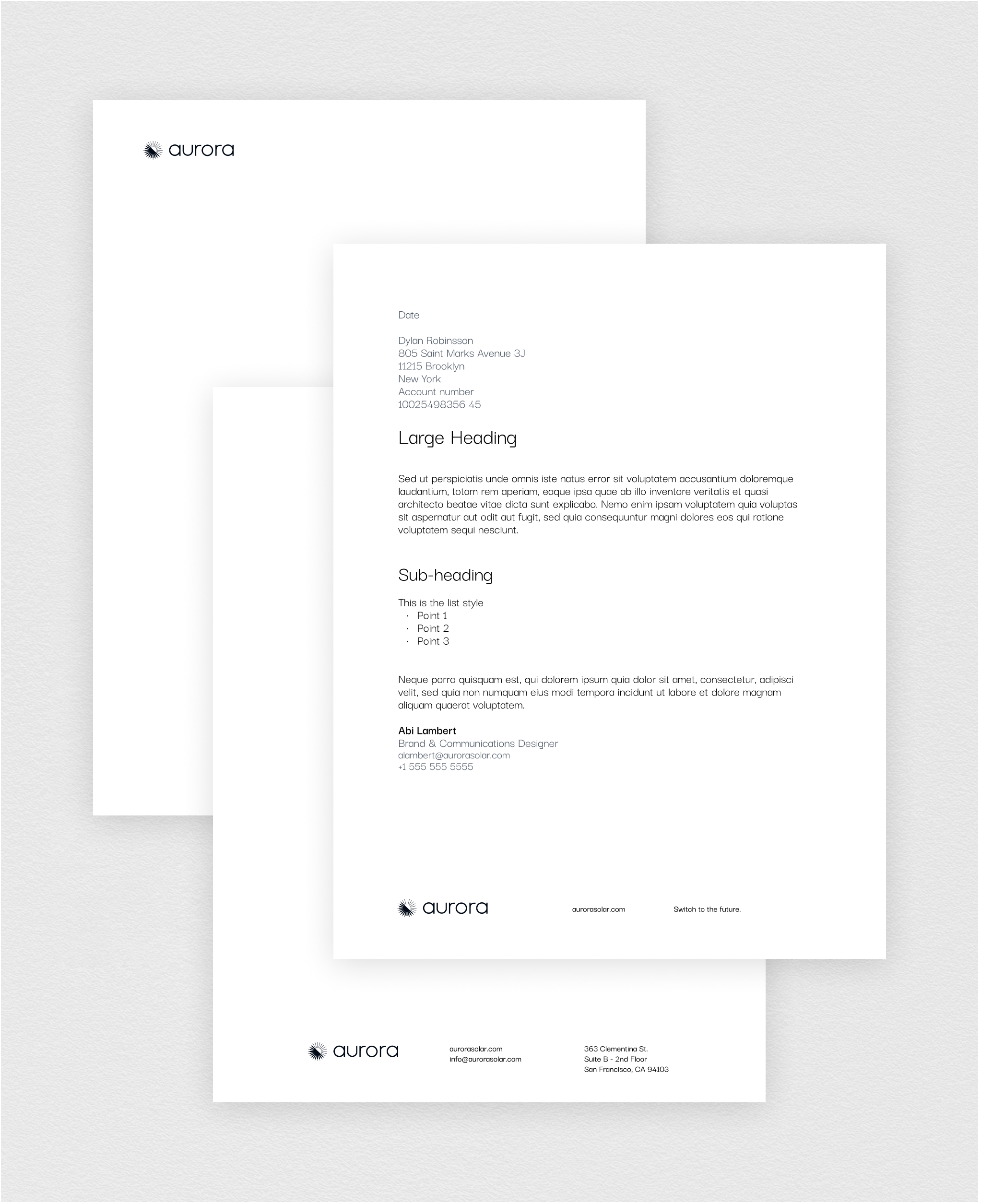
Note: All Images in this guide is placeholder and for inspirational purposes only. These should be replaced before use in any public or commercial context.

## Index

01	Stationary
02	Employee swag
03	Posters
04	Social media
05	E-book
02	Product
03	Website
04	Presentation slides

01.

Stationary





# 02.

Employee Apparel

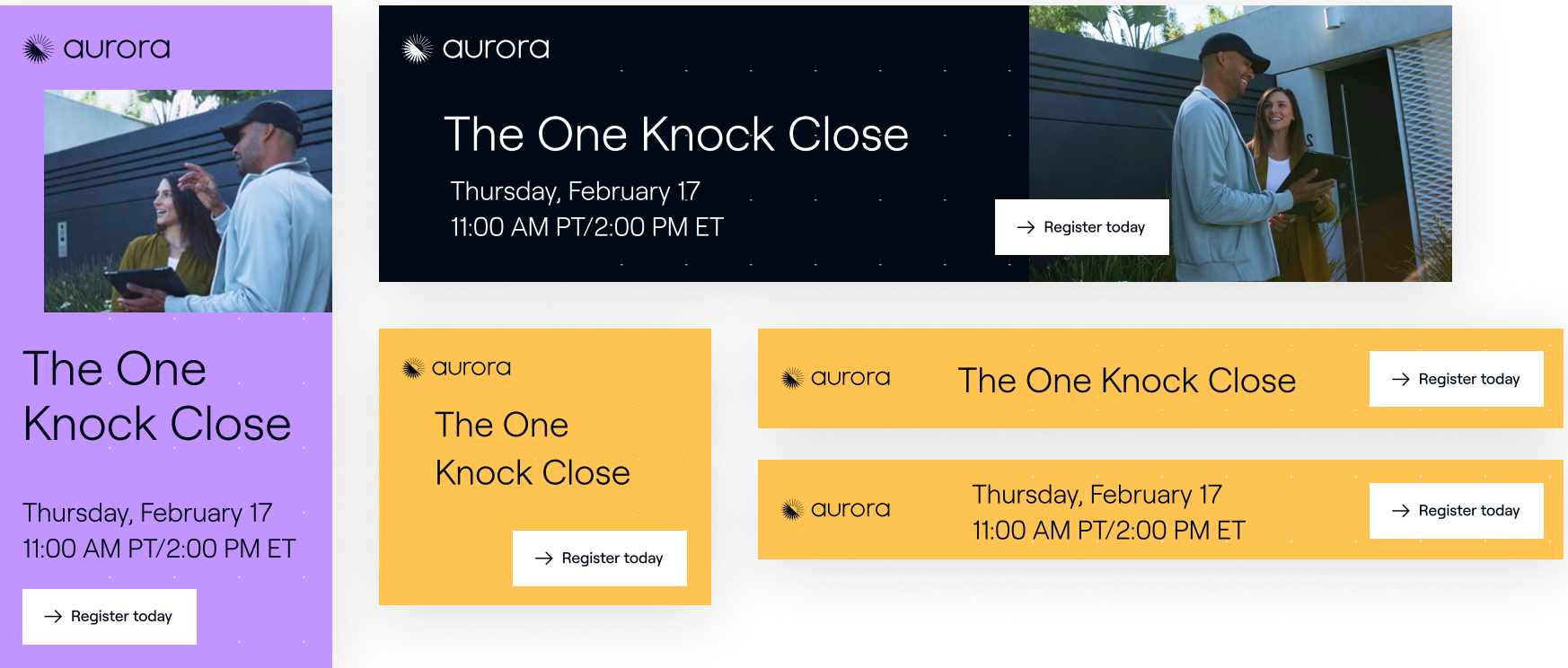






03.

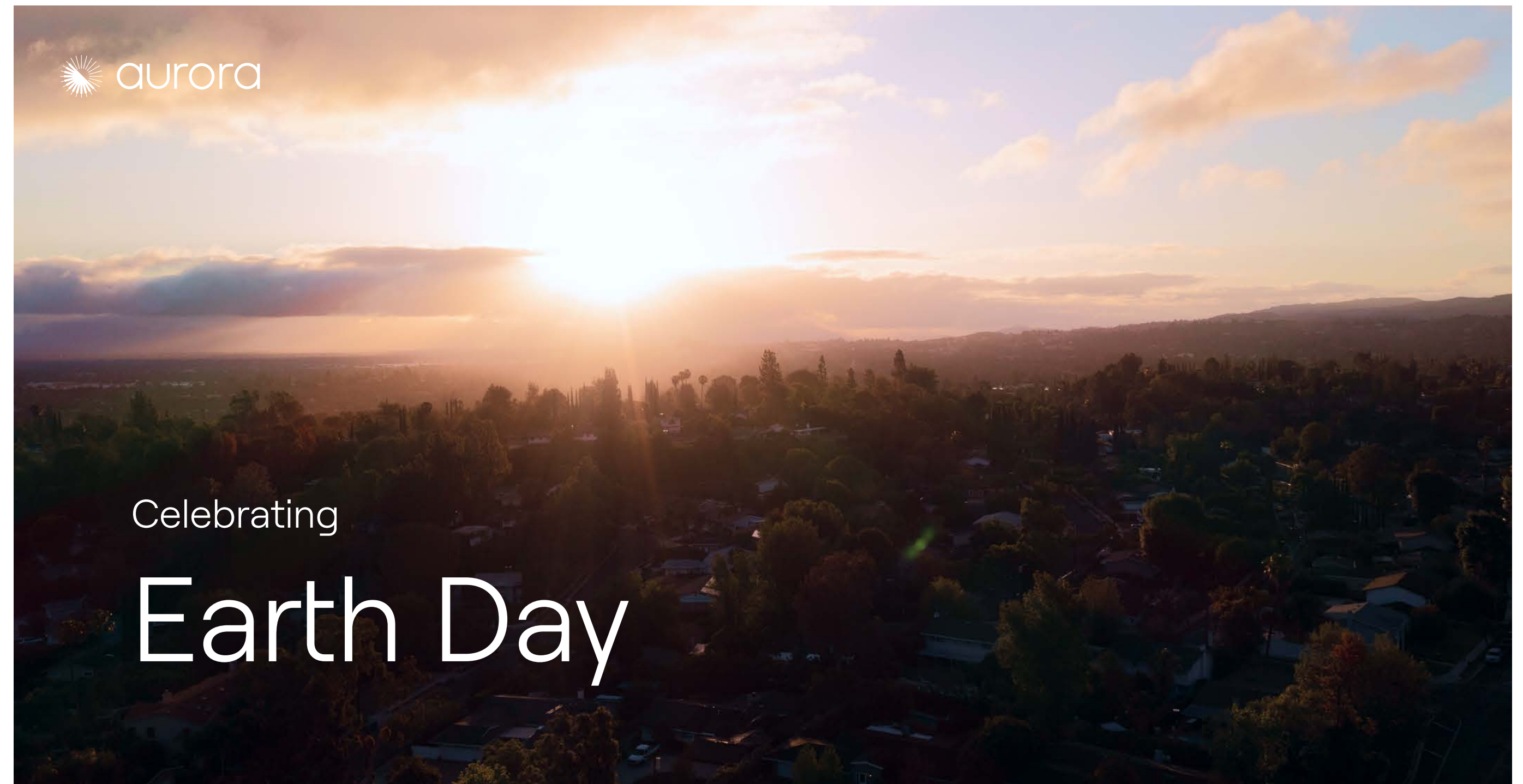
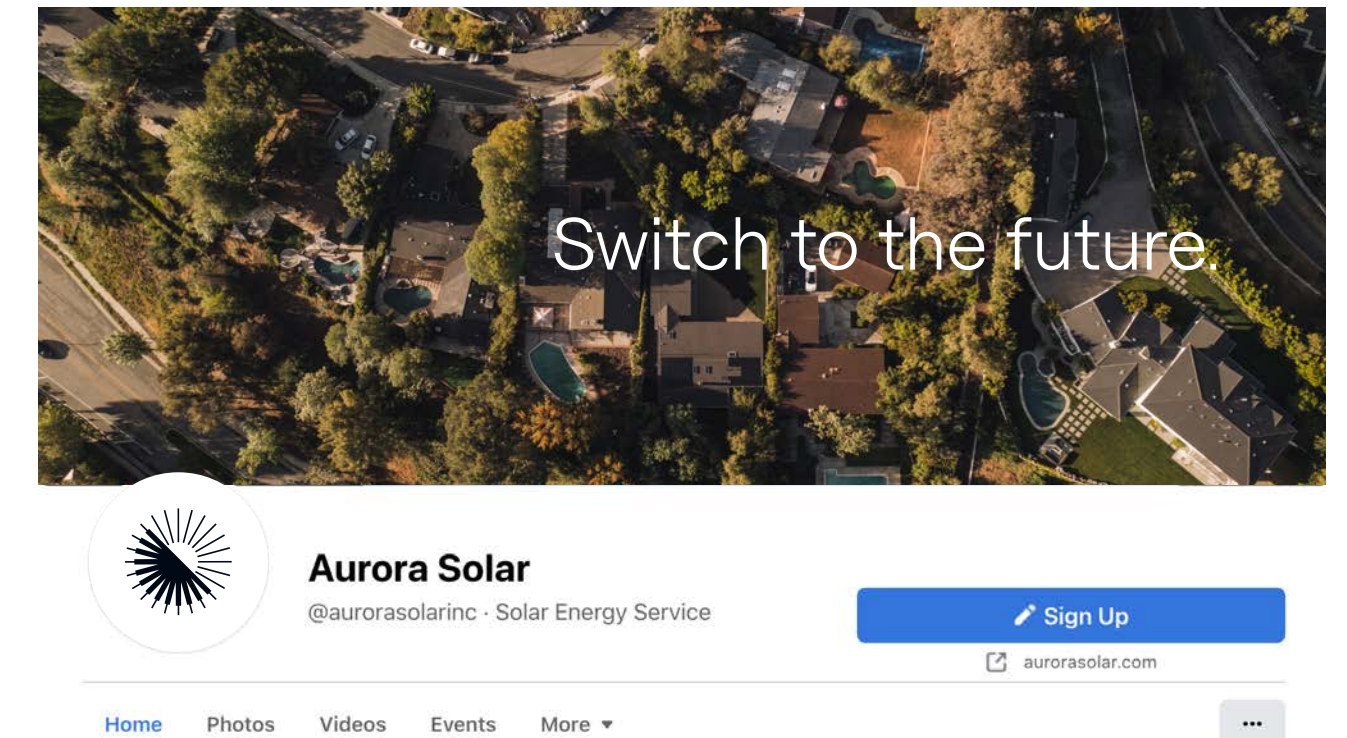
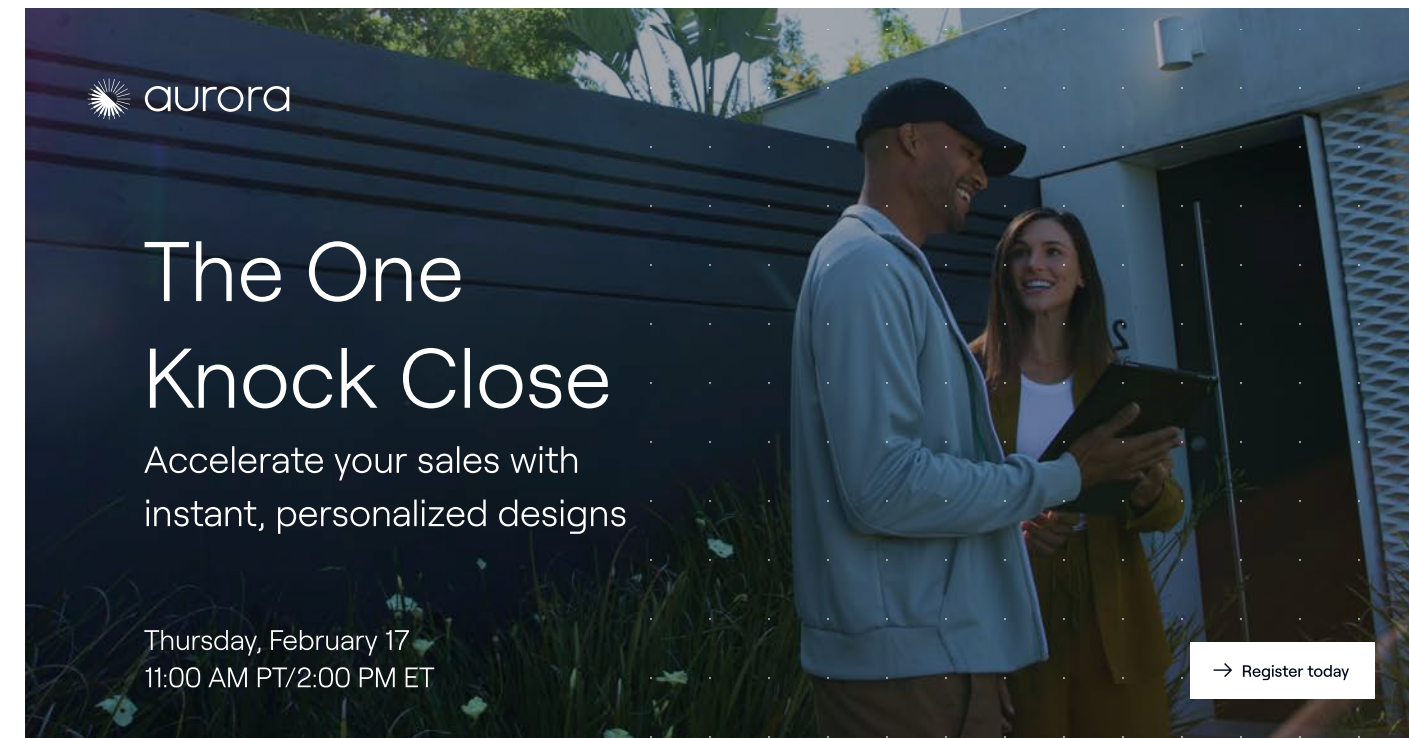
Posters / ad's





04.

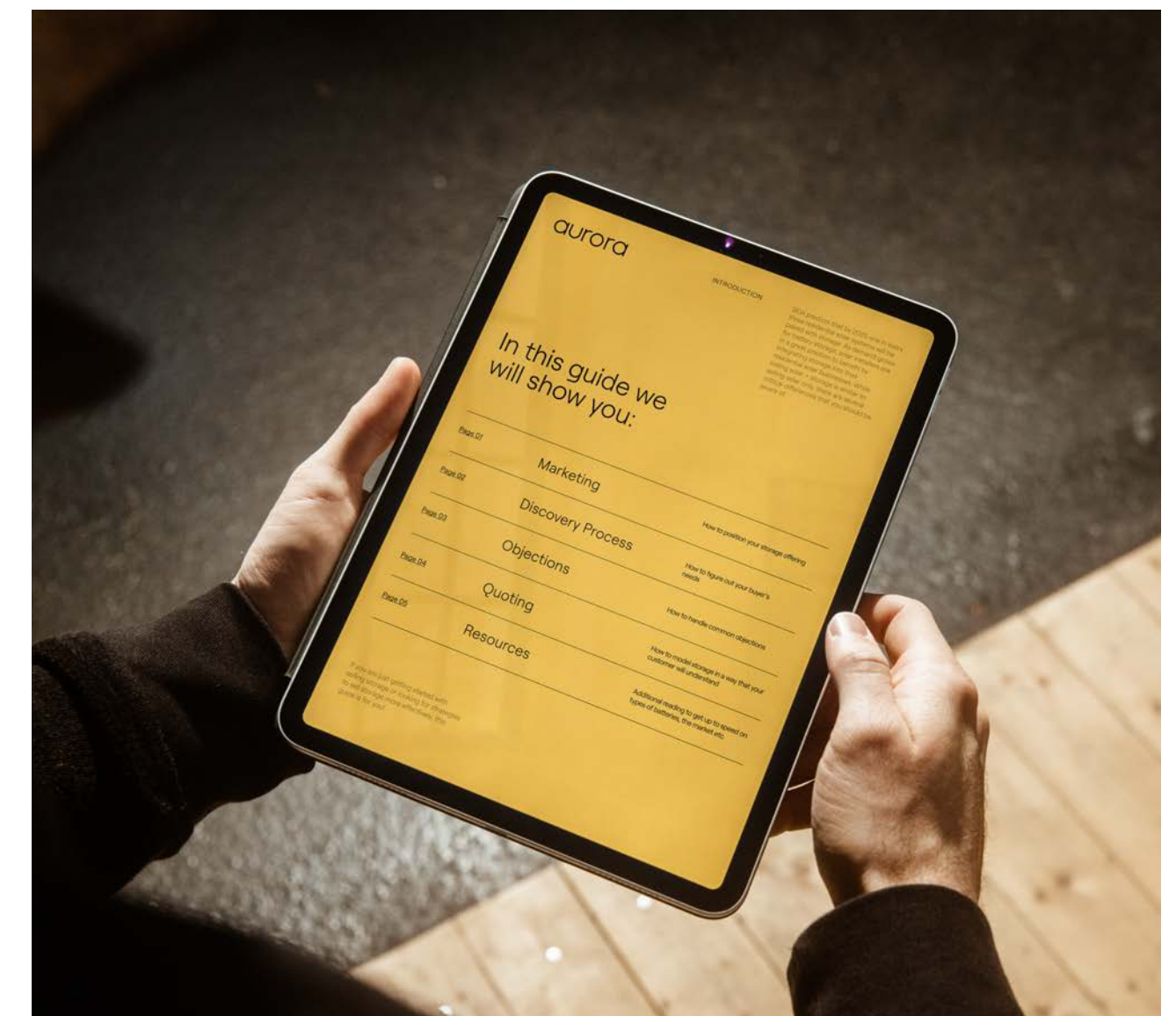
Social Media





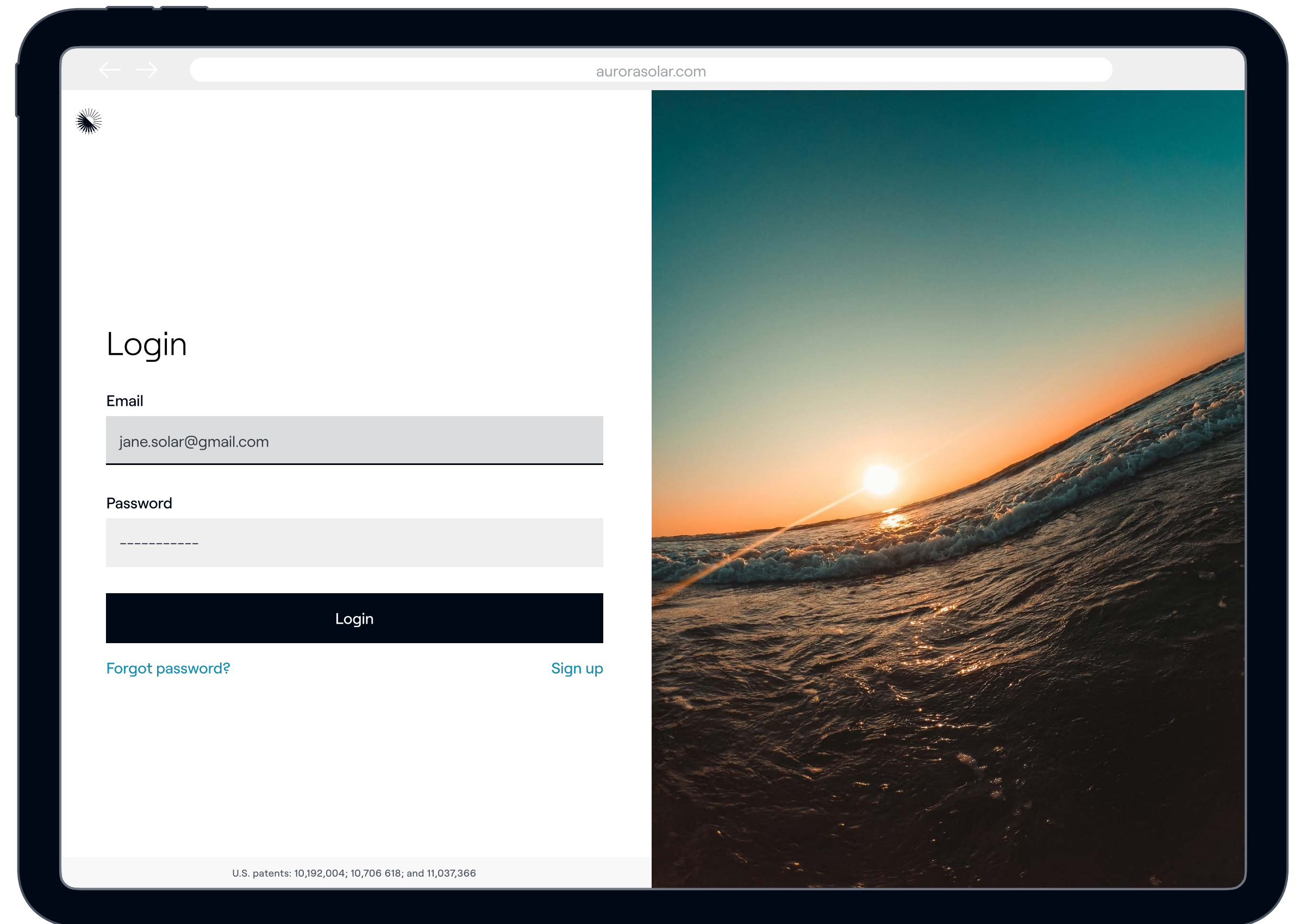
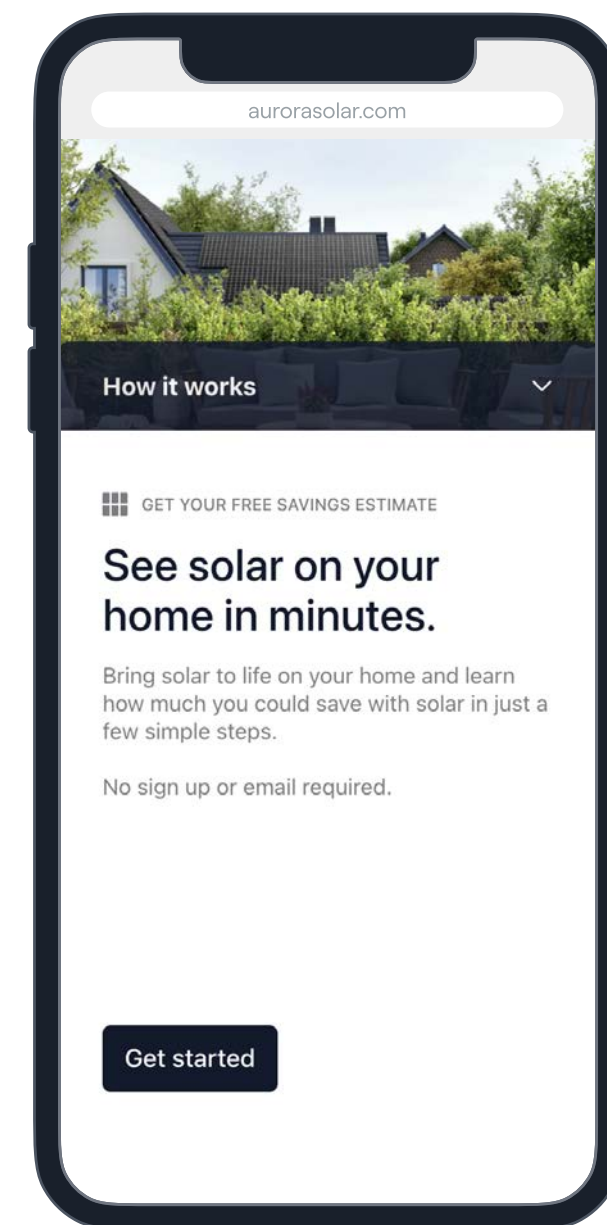
# 05.

E-book



# 06.

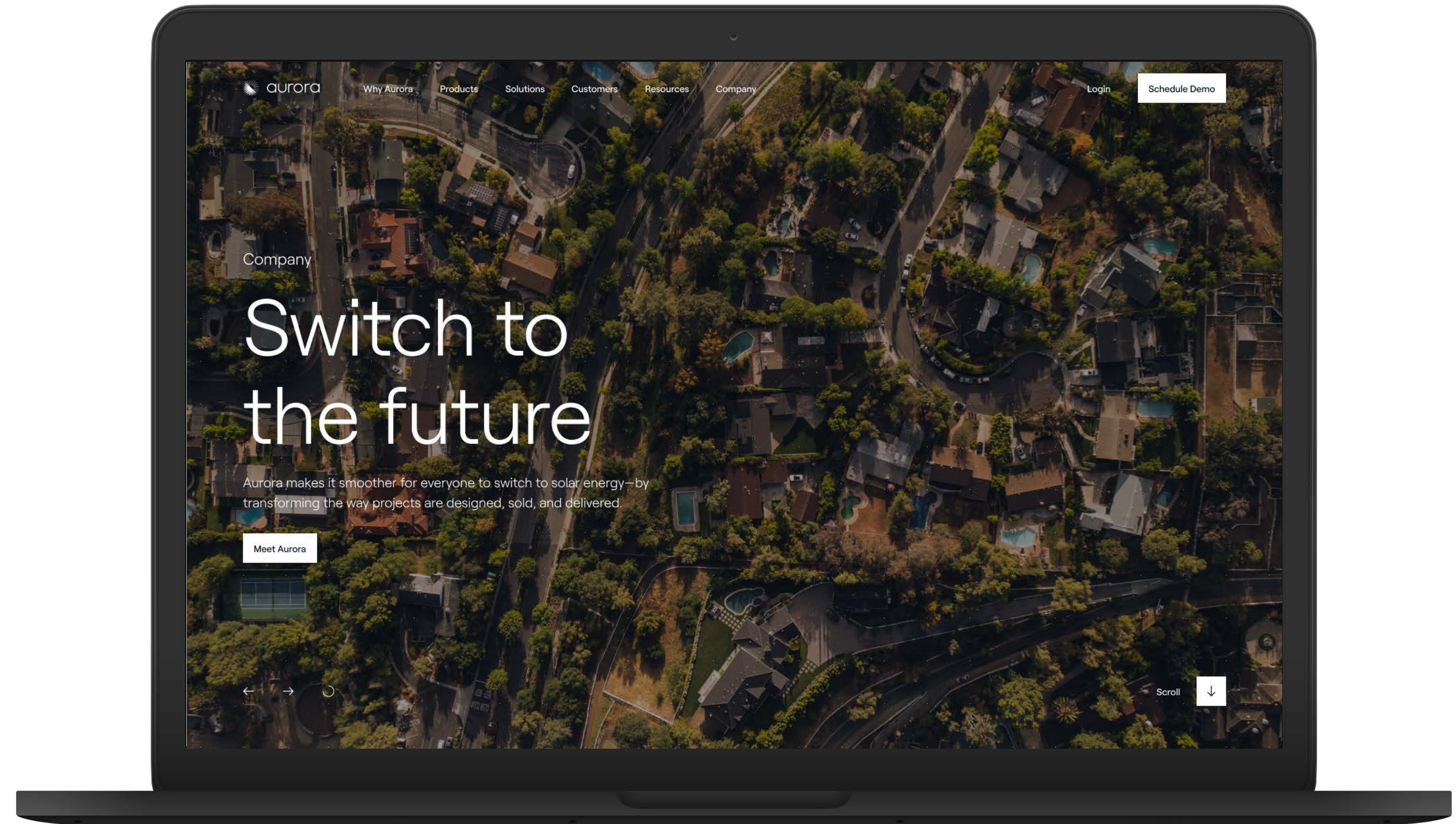
Product





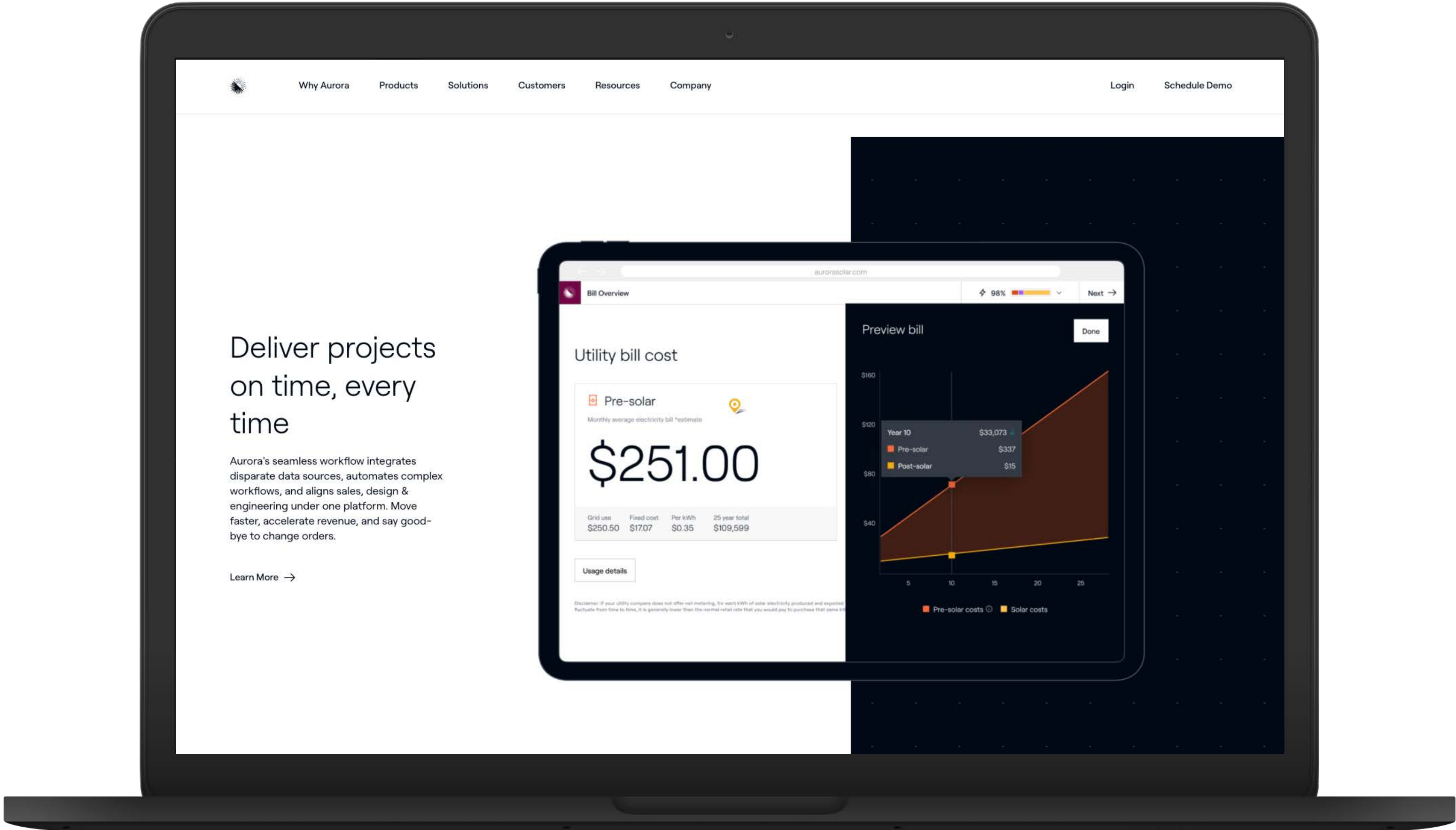
07.

Website



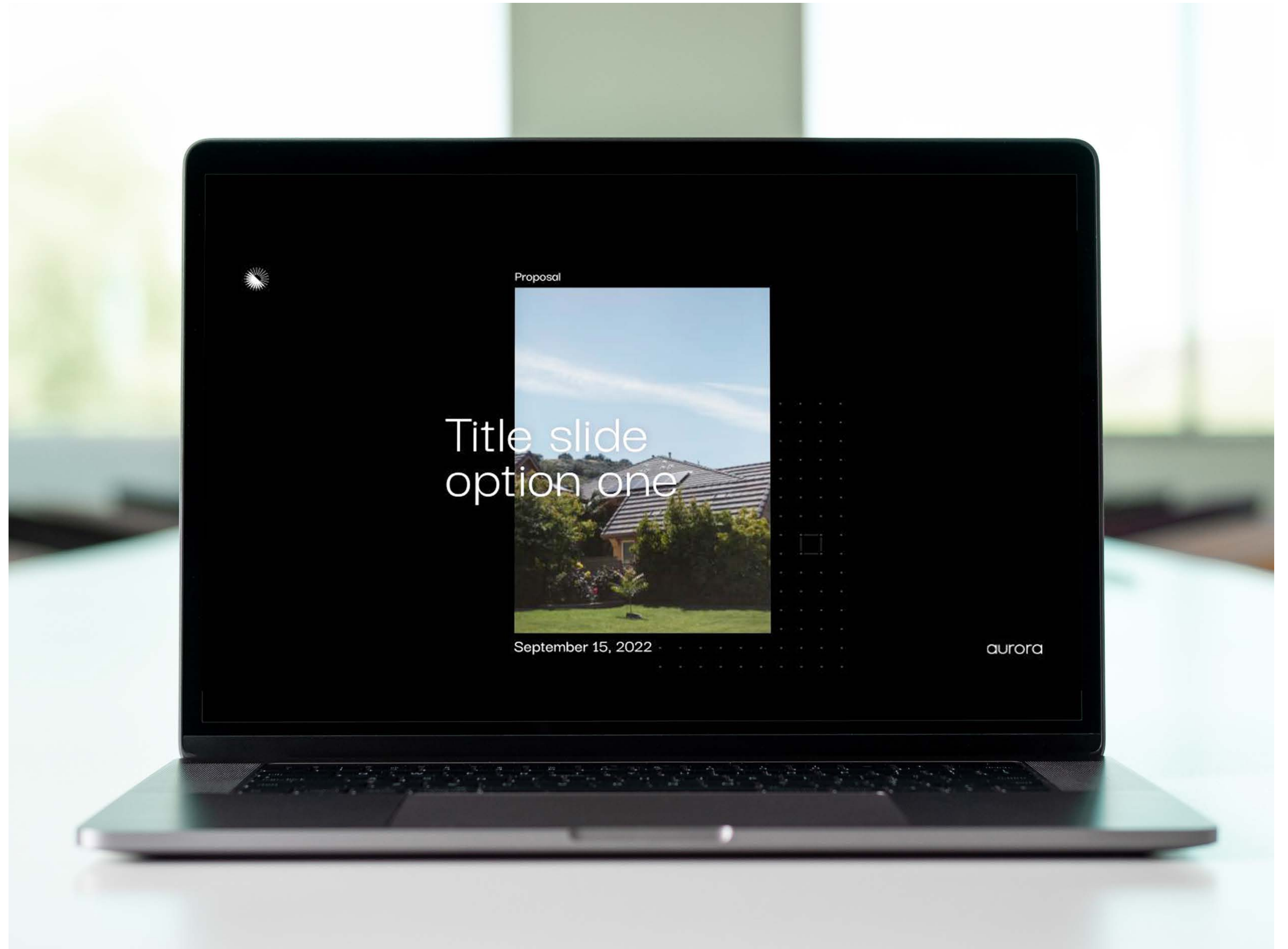


Website



# 08.

Presentations slides





AutoDesigner

Target mode

Energy

Max fit

Panels

Solar panels

Up to 5 selections

Select solar panels

SolarCo. Panels 335w

Orientation

Auto

Advanced settings

Minium irradiance

Solar access

60

%

TSRF (Total solar resource fraction)

60

%

Cancel

Run AutoDesigner



aurorasolar.com

766 Francis Mine, Sacramento, CA 95814

Design Mode / Design 2 / System design

Simulate system

Size 4.69 kW

Energy 88 %

Savings 85 %

View

Site

System

200 ft

+

-

Edit roof

Insert fold

Insert dormer

